Sociology Exploring the Architecture of Everyday Life 11th Edition Newman Test Bank

Full Download: https://testbanklive.com/download/sociology-exploring-the-architecture-of-everyday-life-11th-edition-newman-test-Sociology: Exploring the Architecture of Everyday Life, 11th edition David M. Newman **Test Bank** Chapter 2 1. The various positions that people can occupy in social groups are called a. roles. *b. statuses. c. ascribed statuses. d. achieved roles. 2. The set of behavioral expectations associated with a particular position is referred to as *a. roles. b. statuses. c. ascribed status. d. achieved roles. 3. The rights, privileges, and obligations associated with relationships between particular positions are called *a. roles. b. statuses. c. ascribed statuses. d. achieved statuses. 4. The phrase "people tend to like what other people like" summarizes the concept of *a. social influence. b. social control. c. justified status. d. achieved status. 5. A social position taken on voluntarily or acquired through effort is called a(n) a. role. b. status. c. ascribed status. *d. achieved status. 6. According to the text, which individual did NOT commit heinous acts during the Rwandan genocide? a. a physics professor *b. a hotel manager c. a Catholic priest d. a medical doctor 7. According to Auguste Comte, all societies contain social _____ and social _____. *a. statics; dynamics b. industries; institutions c. politics; religions d. powers; services

8. The American Medical Association, General Motors, and the U.S. Department of Agriculture are examples of
a. groups.*b. organizations.
c. institutions.
d. societies.
 9. A(n)consists of people who interact regularly and have a sense of belonging. *a. group b. organization c. institution d. society
a. Society
10. The Sociology Students Association (SSA) meets in the library on the first Wednesday of every month. During meetings, the SSA plans community service projects and social activities, such as movie nights. The SSA would be considered a
a. society. b. counterculture.
c. primary group.
*d. secondary group.
11. Family, politics, religion, and health care are all examples of in the United States. a. groups
b. organizations *c. institutions
d. societies
12. Why has the National Football League been slow to heed medical research regarding the dangers of head injuries?
a. The organization doesn't recognize the research findings.
b. Much of the research was funded by its rival, the U.S. Youth National Soccer League.
*c. Changing the rules of the game would have a negative financial impact on the industry. d. Research shows that most players sustain injuries before entering the NFL.
13. According to the author, the way we respond to our social world is largely determined by
*a. our interpretation of our environment.
b. our genetic make-up at birth.
c. the parenting we received as a child.d. the shapes of our bodies at birth.
14. Which of the following groups would be considered a dyad?
*a. a married couple
b. a mother and her three children
c. A soccer team
d. a first-grade music class

- 15. Which sociological perspective argues that society is a system whose parts work together to keep it running smoothly?
- *a. structural-functionalist
- b. feminist
- c. conflict
- d. symbolic-interactionist
- 16. Which sociological perspective focuses on forms of communication between individuals, such as language, gesture, and posture?
- a. structural-functionalist
- b. feminist
- c. conflict
- *d. symbolic-interactionist
- 17. Which sociological perspective focuses on gender as the most important source of conflict and equality in social life?
- a. structural-functionalist
- *b. feminist
- c. conflict
- d. symbolic-interactionist
- 18. Which sociological perspective views society in terms of competition and struggle between groups?
- a. structural-functionalist
- b. sydicalism
- *c. conflict
- d. symbolic-interactionist
- 19. An increasing sensitivity to past persecution of American Indians and Native Americans has caused many people to reconsider the meaning of Christopher Columbus's voyage and the celebration of Columbus Day. This is an example of
- a. global cultural sensitivity.
- *b. history as a work in progress.
- c. changing historical facts.
- d. peace-keeping reconsidered.
- 20. The sociologist who first made distinctions between manifest and latent functions of structures is
- a. Karl Marx.
- b. Talcott Parsons.
- c. Neil Smelser.
- *d. Robert Merton.
- 21. In his classic study involving obedience to authority, Stanley Milgram found that
- a. very few subjects were willing to obey instructions to severely shock learners.
- b. less than half of subjects were willing to obey instructions to severely shock learners.
- *c. the majority of subjects were willing to obey instructions to severely shock learners.
- d. only maladjusted subjects were willing to severely shock learners.

- 22. What factor defines the relationships among group members?
- a. the reasons individual members chose to become part of the group
- b. the ways individual members feel about one another
- *c. the structure of the group
- d. the group's bylaws
- 23. Which social institution meets the societal need to regulate sexual behavior and produce new members of society?
- *a. family
- b. economy
- c. religion
- d. education
- 24. Which social institution meets the societal need for providing members with a sense of meaning and purpose?
- a. economy
- b. family
- *c. religion
- d. education
- 25. The increasing interconnection among the peoples of the world—economically, politically, environmentally, and culturally—is a process referred to as
- a. networking.
- b. social connection.
- *c. globalization.
- d. internationalization.
- 26. What is meant by the term *pouring rights*?
- *a. Soft drink companies pay schools to sell their products to students.
- b. Waste management companies pay local townships to dump chemicals into sewer systems.
- c. Bottled water companies are mandated to list all ingredients on labels.
- d. Beer companies are allowed to dispense product samples at sporting events.
- 27. In 2012, an independent commission in Japan concluded that the cause of the nuclear disaster at Fukushima was partly a result of
- *a. Japanese culture.
- b. financial globalization.
- c. corporate greed.
- d. widespread immorality.
- 28. Which traditional American value is challenged when the government becomes involved in ensuring the welfare of its children?
- *a. privacy
- b. patriotism
- c. materialism

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d. progress
29. Concern with parents' privacy rights is often framed as a(n) issue. *a. freedom of religion b. right to speech c. social justice d. health care
30. Several neighbors meet every Tuesday to discuss problems facing their community, such as trash and abandoned buildings. Eventually they recruit new members, elect officers, and establish committees to address specific problems. This neighborhood group has become a(n) a. institution. b. coalition. c. role. *d. organization.
31. Simon and Felicia enjoy ganging up on their younger sister by playing practical jokes and teasing her. Simon and Felicia have formed a(n) a. secondary group. *b. coalition. c. organization. c. primary group.
32. Which of the following is the best example of a primary group? *a. the Williams family b. the staff of an accounting department c. the American Sociological Association d. a football team
33. Which of the following is the best example of a secondary group? a. the Cortez family *b. the faculty at Garfield High c. a group of very close friends who have known one another since childhood d. a married couple
34. Reducing crime rates is a (n) function of longer mandatory prison sentences. Creating more jobs for prison guards is a(n) function. a. achieved; ascribed b. ascribed; achieved *c. manifest; latent d. latent; manifest
35. According to the structural-functionalist perspective, prostitution has existed for centuries because in a. promotes inequality among social groups. *b. contributes to the survival of society. c. symbolizes sexual freedom.

Sociology: Exploring the Architecture of Everyday Life, 11th edition David M. Newman d. empowers women to become financially independent. 36. An unintended, unrecognized consequence of an activity that helps some part of the social system is a called a _____ function. a. macro b. manifest c. micro *d. latent 37. The intended, obvious consequence of an activity that is designed to help some part of the social system is a a. macro function. *b. manifest function. c. micro function. d. latent function. 38. When you enter a fast food restaurant, you are expected to stand in line and wait your turn to order. This is an example of a *a. norm. b. value. c. role. d. dyad. 39. Leonard, a father of two small children, has been unemployed for several months. He is having great difficulty paying his bills and last month was unable to buy his youngest son a birthday present. Sociologists would say that Leonard is experiencing role a. overload. *b. strain. c. function. d. conflict. 40. U.S. society is built on the assumption that family life should be regulated by a. criminal courts. b. concerned neighbors. *c. family members. d. government agencies. 41. Which of the following may change over time? a. culture b. norms

42. Which social institution is responsible for disseminating news and information quickly in complex, modern societies?

a. family

c. social institutions*d. All of the above

- b. religion
- *c. mass media
- d. judicial
- 43. Which perspective stresses the importance of social institutions for maintaining social stability?
- *a. structural-functionalist
- b. sydicalism
- c. conflict
- d. symbolic-interactionist
- 44. Which term refers to the language, values, ideas, beliefs, norms, and physical objects that give a society its unique character?
- a. symbiosis
- *b. culture
- c. populism
- d. structural-functionalism
- 45. Pooja is a senior in college with plans for attending medical school. To keep up her grades, she spends most nights and weekends studying and completing assignments. Brizy, Pooja's best friend and roommate, recently complained to Pooja: "You don't have time to hang out. It's been months since we've watched a movie together. We don't talk like we used to." Pooja wants to be a good student but that's keeping her from also being a good friend. She's frustrated by the fact that the demands of her roles as a student are, at least for now, incompatible with the roles of best friend. Pooja is experiencing a. role coalition.
- *b. role conflict.
- c. role strain.
- d. role reversal.
- 46. Which of the following meets the sociological definition of a society?
- a. mixed martial artists
- b. the Dallas Cowboys football team
- *c. France
- d. Alpha Kappa Delta (The sociology honors society)
- 47. "College graduate" is an example of an ascribed status.
- a. True
- *b. False
- 48. Most sociologists contend that the meaning and relevance of historical events remains constant over time.
- a. True
- *b. False
- 49. The relationship between an individual and society is reciprocal.
- *a. True
- b. False

Sociology: Exploring the Architecture of Everyday Life, 11th edition David M. Newman 50. Much of our identity comes from our contact with others. *a. True b. False 51. Stanley Milgram's experiment on obedience to authority supported the commonly held belief that most individuals who commit cruel acts are inherently flawed. a. True *b. False 52. The standards by which people decide on desirable goals and outcomes are called triangulation. a. True *b. False 53. Karl Marx is associated with the conflict perspective. *a. True b. False 54. According to the structural-functionalist perspective, dysfunctional aspects of social life will eventually disappear. *a. True b. False 55. Spectators watching two baseball teams compete in the World Series would be considered an example of a secondary group. a. True *b. False 56. In the United States, individual academic achievement is valued. *a. True b. False 57. The distinction between an ascribed status and an achieved status is always clear. a. True *b. False 58. Go to class, do the assigned readings, turn in papers when they're due, and take notes during lectures are statuses associated with the role of college student. a. True *b. False 59. "Uncle" is an example of an ascribed status. *a. True b. False

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60. Describe "pouring rights" contracts. Discuss the effects of these contracts on long-term and short-term school funding. What do these types of contracts teach students?

*a. Answer varies

Type: E

61. Explain why day-to-day communication is so central to the creation and maintenance of society.

*a. Answer varies

Type: E

62. Discuss and provide examples of how interaction with others exerts social influence over our thoughts, perceptions, and actions.

*a. Answer varies

Type: E

63. Describe Stanley Milgram's experiment involving obedience to authority. What significant conclusions about social influence does his research illustrate?

*a. Answer varies

Type: E

64. What are the roles usually associated with the status of "college student" in the United States? Take a moment to consider your performance of "college student." In what ways do you conform to or deviate from these expectations?

*a. Answer varies

Type: E

65. Describe how privacy in families varies across time and social class. Identify two examples that illustrate how the concern over parental privacy rights can be framed as a freedom of religion issue.

*a. Answer varies

Type: E

66. Define the term *social institution*. Choose two social institutions and explain how these institutions are affected by the increase of women in the workforce.

*a. Answer varies

Type: E

67. Compare and contrast structural functionalism, symbolic interactionism, and conflict theory in terms of the connections between social structures and social order. Which do you think best explains society and why? Use sociological concepts and examples from your readings to support your argument.

*a. Answer varies

Type: E

68. Use the three major sociological perspectives—structural functionalism, symbolic interactionism, and conflict theory—to analyze the playing of your favorite team sport. Indicate which you find most useful for understanding your chosen sport and why.

*a. Answer varies

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Type: E

69. Explain the author's statement, "All of us are simultaneously members of our own society and citizens of a world community." People have been moving from place to place throughout human history. What is different about today's globalization?

*a. Answer varies