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For

## Reality Through the Arts

Eighth Edition

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## Reality Through the Arts

## Chapter ONE: TWO-DIMENSIONAL ART

**Multiple Choice Questions** 

- 1) Which of the following is considered the foundation of two-dimensional art?
  - a) drawing
  - b) painting
  - c) sculpture
    d) printmaking
    Answer: a
    Page reference: Page 39
    A-Head: Formal and Technical Qualities
- 2) Chalk, charcoal, pastel, and graphite are what kind of materials?
  - a) wet media
    b) soft media
    c) dry media
    d) hard media
    Answer: c
    Page reference: Page 39
    A-Head: Formal and Technical Qualities
- 3) Pen and ink, and wash and brush are what kind of materials?
  - a) dry media
  - b) wet media
  - c) soft media
    d) hard media
    Answer: b
    Page reference: Page 39
    A-Head: Formal and Technical Qualities
- 4) The popularity of oil paintings stems from what fact?
  - a) are inexpensive and can be easily purchased
  - b) have a long lifespan
  - c) are fast-drying
  - d) offer a wide range of color possibilities and can be reworked Answer: d
  - Page reference: Page 42
  - A-Head: Formal and Technical Qualities
- 5) What painting media traditionally refers to a transparent paint usually applied to paper?
  - a) watercolor
  - b) acrylic
  - c) tempera

d) frescoAnswer: aPage reference: Page 42A-Head: Formal and Technical Qualities

- 6) Michelangelo's Sistine Chapel is an example of what kind of painting media?
  - a) tempera
  - b) oil
  - c) fresco

d) mixed mediaAnswer: cPage reference: Page 43A-Head: Formal and Technical Qualities

- 7) What printing technique includes etching, drypoint and aquatint?
  - a) intaglio
    b) relief
    c) lithography
    d) planography
    Answer: a
    Page reference: Page 44
    A-Head: Formal and Technical Qualities
- 8) Albrecht Durer's *Lamentation*, 1497-1500 is an example of what kind of printmaking technique?
  - a) lithography
  - b) woodcut
  - c) silkscreen
    d) intaglio
    Answer: b
    Page reference: Page 44
    A-Head: Formal and Technical Qualities
- 9) Which of the following is the most common stencil processes?
  - a) monotype
  - b) aquatint
  - c) silkscreen
  - d) etching
  - Answer: c
  - Page reference: Page 47

A-Head: Formal and Technical Qualities

- 10) Which artist is considered the driving force behind recognition of photography as a fine art?
  - a) Ansel Adams
  - b) Man Ray
  - c) Dorothea Lange

d) Alfred StieglitzAnswer: dPage reference: Page 49A-Head: Formal and Technical Qualities

11) Dorothea Lange's Dust Bowl Farm in Texas, 1936 is an example of what kind of

- photography?
- a) straight
- b) photogramc) documentary

d) camera obscura
Answer: c
Page reference: Page 49
A-Head: Formal and Technical Qualities

12) To copy nature accurately, artists of the sixteenth century used what photographic technique:

- a) daguerreotype
- b) camera obscura
- c) photogenesis
  d) calotype
  Answer: b
  Page reference: Page 50
  A-Head: Formal and Technical Qualities
- 13) What photographic technology has rendered film obsolete?
  - a) digital
  - b) photogenesis
  - c) calotype

d) wet-plate collodion
Answer: a
Page reference: 51
A-Head: Formal and Technical Qualities

14) What is the basic building block of any design?

- a) shape
- b) space
- c) color
- d) line

Answer: d

Page reference: Page 51

A-Head: Formal and Technical Qualities

- 15) Hung Liu utilizes what kinds of lines in her painting 2005 painting, *Relic 12*? (Hung Liu is a female artist. There is a typo in the text.)
  - a) expressive and straight

b) contour and dominant
c) classical and curved
d) implied and outline
Answer: d
Page reference: Page 53
A-Head: Formal and Technical Qualities

16) What term denotes the measurable wavelength of a specific color?

- a) tint
- b) shade
- c) hue

d) valueAnswer: cPage reference: Page 55A-Head: Formal and Technical Qualities

17) Adding white to any color is called a

- a) shade
- b) tint
- c) value
- d) hue

Answer: b Page reference: Page 55 A-Head: Formal and Technical Qualities

18) The hues red, yellow and blue are what kinds of colors?

- a) secondary
- b) primary
- c) tertiary

d) complementary

Answer: b Page reference: Page 55 A-Head: Formal and Technical Qualities

19) What is the result when complementary colors are mixed together in equal proportions?

- a) gray
- b) black
- c) white
- d) brownAnswer: aPage reference: Page 55A-Head: Formal and Technical Qualities

20) What is the relationship of blacks to whites and gray?

- a) complementary
- b) tertiary

c) shade
d) value
Answer: d
Page reference: Page 55
A-Head: Formal and Technical Qualities

21) What term describes not only surface reflectance but also characteristics synonymous with value?

a) intensity
b) chroma
c) brilliance
d) saturation
Answer: c
Page reference: Page 56
A-Head: Formal and Technical Qualities

22) What term describes the application of thick paint with a palette knife?

- a) impasto
- b) mass
- c) palette

d) intensityAnswer: aPage reference: Page 56A-Head: Formal and Technical Qualities

23) What design principle constitutes rhythm, harmony and variation?

- a) repetition
- b) pattern
- c) texture

d) unity

Answer: a Page reference: Page 56 A-Head: Formal and Technical Qualities

- 24) What are the four basic Principles of Design?
  - a) unity, harmony, texture, perspective
  - b) repetition, line, value, illusion
  - c) balance, line, shape, perspective
  - d) repetition, unity, balance, focal areas

Answer: d

Page reference: Page 58

A-Head: Formal and Technical Qualities

25) Linear, atmosphere, and shifting are examples of?

- a) elements of design
- b) perspective

c) principles of design
d) verisimilitude
Answer: b
Page reference: Page 59
A-Head: Formal and Technical Qualities

26) Which term refers to the suggestion of three-dimensional forms via "light and shade?"

- a) chiaroscuro
- b) shifting perspective
- c) atmospheric perspective
- d) verisimilitudeAnswer: aPage reference: Page 60A-Head: Formal and Technical Qualities
- 27) What term refers to the balancing of like forms and colors on opposite sides of the vertical axis of a composition?
  - a) asymmetry
  - b) radial symmetry
  - c) psychological balance
  - d) symmetry

Answer: d Page reference: Page 58 A-Head: Formal and Technical Qualities

28) Which of the following techniques constitutes a form of illusionistic painting?

- a) verisimilitude
- b) trompe l'oeil
- c) juxtaposition
- d) perspective

Answer: b Page reference: Page 64

A-Head<sup>•</sup> Sense Stimuli

Essay Questions

- 29) Explain the differences between the following printmaking processes: intaglio, relief, and planography. Include specific artworks for each technique.
- 30) Compare and contrast the use of line in Joan Miro's *Composition*, 1933 and Van Gogh's The *Starry Night Starry*, 1899. Describe the physical characteristics utilized in each painting.

31) Explain linear perspective, atmospheric perspective and shifting perspective.

- 32) Describe the arrangements of colors on the color wheel. Explain primary, secondary, and tertiary colors.
- 33) How do artists use focus to control our physical attention and sense response?

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Chapter TWO: SCULPTURE

**Multiple Choice Questions** 

- 1) When a sculpture is freestanding and can be viewed from any angle it is
  - a) relief
  - b) linear
  - c) full roundd) panoramicAnswer: cPage reference: Page 68A-Head: Formal and Technical Qualities
- 2) August Rodin's The Burghers of Calais, 1866 is an example of what kind of sculpture?
  - a) full round
  - b) relief
  - c) bas-reliefd) haut-reliefAnswer: aPage reference: Page 68A-Head: Formal and Technical Qualities
- 3) Sculptures that project by at least half their depth from their base are called
  - a) bas-relief
  - b) low relief
  - c) haut relief
    d) mid-relief
    Answer: c
    Page reference: Page 69
    A-Head: Formal and Technical Qualities
- 4) Which of the following is a carver's ideal kind of rock because of durability, ease of carving and a wide range of colors?
  - a) igneous
  - b) sedimentary
  - c) metamorphic
  - d) terracottaAnswer: aPage reference: Page 70A-Head: Formal and Technical Qualities
- 5) The method of execution in sculpture in which works are carved.
  - a) construction
  - b) manipulation