Cha	pter	02
		~ -

## Payroll System Procedures

1. The two main focuses of payroll procedures are company needs and governmental rules.

True False

True / False Questions

2. Employers may choose to omit the employees' Social Security numbers in their employee files.

True False

3. Semimonthly payroll involves a pay cycle in which pay disbursements occur every two weeks.

True False

4. Newly hired employees must be reported to governmental officials within 20 days of starting working with an employer.

True False

5. Foreign workers in the United States are subject to new hire reporting regulations.

True False

6. A worker who sells life insurance on a full-time basis is considered a statutory employee.

True False

7.	U.S. workers in foreign subsidiaries are exempt from income taxes.
	True False
8.	Pay rate is the first payroll system decision a company must make.
	True False
	Holiday hours, sick time taken, and vacation days are not considered in the worked hours for overtime computation.
,	True False
10.	Separation of duties is not considered a payroll best practice.
	True False
Mu	ultiple Choice Questions
11.	Which of the following is not an important decision that an employer must make regarding its payroll procedures?
	A. How often to pay employees?
	B. How to handle pay advances?
	C. How many employees to hire?
	D. Which employee benefits to offer?

12.	Which of the following items must exist in every employee's payroll file?
	A. Spouse's social security number
	B. Employment history
	C. Spouse's birth date
	D. Occupation
13.	According to the Fair Labor Standards Act, why must pay period information be a part of an employee's payroll file?
	A. As a means of tracking time worked for overtime compensation purposes.
	B. To ensure that the employee receives all compensation earned.
	C. As a means of ensuring pay equality among employees.
	D. To document satisfaction of court-ordered obligations.
14.	Which of the following is not a purpose of new hire reporting laws?
	A. To ensure payment of court-ordered obligations like garnishments and child support.
	B. To keep track of workers throughout their careers.
	C. To ensure that the employee may legally work in the United States.
	D. To keep track of workers and professionals who are subject to licensing regulations.

5.	Which pay frequency has 24 pay periods annually?
	A. Weekly
	B. Biweekly
	C. Semimonthly
	D. Semiweekly
6.	Which pay frequency has 26 pay periods per year?
	A. Bimonthly
	B. Biweekly
	C. Semimonthly
	D. Semiweekly
7.	Which of the following is not a commonly used pay frequency?
	A. Daily
	B. Weekly
	C. Monthl
	У
	D. Semimonthly

18.	What form is the first step in employer documentation?
	A. W- 4
	B. I- 9
	C. SS-4
	D. W- 2
19.	Ibrahim is the payroll accountant for a firm. He notes that the firm has hired a new employee What forms must he collect from the new employee?
	A. W-2 and I- 9
	B. W-4 and I- 9
	C. W-4 and I-
	D. W-3 and I- 9
20.	If a firm pays its employees biweekly, how often does it disburse employee compensation?
	A. Twice per week
	B. Every week
	C. Every two weeks
	D. Every three weeks

21.	Why is it important for an employer to classify a worker as either an employee or an independent contractor?
	A. For tax reporting purposes
	B. For child support obligations purposes
	C. For government tracking purposes
	D. For reimbursement purposes
22.	Which of the following is not a purpose of new hire reporting?
	A. Immigration agency tracking
	B. COBRA benefits administration
	C. Communications of ethics violations for clerical workers
	D. Child support obligations tracking
23.	An employer must have an employee complete Form W-4:
	A. Before each pay disbursement.
	B. Each year, upon the employee's anniversary with the firm.
	C. Every January 1.
	D. At the time of hire.

24.	Josh, who is 21 years of age, is a new employee of XYZ Company. To establish his identity and employment authorization, he could present:
	A. His current United States passport.
	B. His library card and birth certificate.
	C. His driver's license and ATM card.
	D. His college transcript and driver's license.
25.	Which items must be contained in every hiring packet issued by an employer?
	A. Forms W-4 and I-9
	B. Employment contract with start date and pay agreement
	C. Descriptions of benefits and enrollment forms
	D. No items are mandated for issuance in a hiring packet
26.	The mandated that new hires must be reported within days to state authorities.
	A. Fair Labor Standards Act, 30.
	B. Immigration Reform Act, 20.
	C. Civil Rights Act, 25.
	D. Davis-Bacon Act, 28.

27.	Multistate employers must not do which of the following for new hire reporting:
	A. File a report with the state offices for the employee's state of residence
	B. File a report with the IRS since they have employees in multiple states
	C. Designate which state will receive their new hire reporting
	D. File a new-hire report with both states that contains the firm's headquarters and the state that is the employee's primary residence
28.	Which entity bears the responsibility for gaining approval for a foreign worker visa so a foreign employee may work legally in the United States?
	A. The employer
	B. The employee
	C. The U.S. State Department
	D. The employer's home country
29.	Abigail is a full-time worker whose primary occupation involves extensive overnight travel to visit wholesaler sites on the behalf of a single company. Which of the following classifications most accurately describes Abigail's employment status?
	A. Independent contractor
	B. Exempt employee
	C. Nonexempt employee
	D. Statutory employee

30.	Allen is an employee of the foreign subsidiary of a United States based company who lives and work in the United Kingdom. According to FATCA, how much of his wages may Allen exclude from United States' taxes, according to 2015 guidelines?
	A. Non e
	B. \$46,500
	C. \$79,850
	D. \$100,800
31.	Which of the following factors is not a determinant in pay rate?
	A. Employee skill
	B. Company location
	C. Employee age
	D. Industry benchmarks
32.	Georgeanne works in a company for which her primary job function is the sale of company products to consumers. She receives a percentage of each sale. Her compensation contains a element.
	A. Piece-rate
	B. Commission
	C. Pay-for- performance
	D. Nonexemp

33.	Stan works for a bakery for which part of his compensation is based on	the decoration of
	wedding and other specialty cakes. His compensation has a	element.
	A. Performance incentive	
	B. Commission	
	C. Piece-rate	
	D. Nonexemp t	
34.	Which of the following is not subject to overtime in the process of hourly	computations?
	A. Time worked in excess of eight hours per day	
	B. Holiday, sick time, and paid time off	
	C. Time worked in excess of 40 hours per week	
	D. Nonexempt employee weekend work	
35.	Which of the following is pervasive in the accounting system?	
	A. Internal review	
	B. Audit control	
	C. Internal control	
	D. Audit review	

36.	A payroll review process increases in complexity when:
	A. The company is has few departments and few employees.
	B. The company is not geographically dispersed.
	C. The company is centralized and uses one location.
	D. The company has multiple departments and many employees.
37.	Outsourcing the payroll process:
	A. Relieves the company of the task completion and the review process.
	B. Relieves the company of some of the task completion but not the review process.
	C. Relieves the company of all liability for payroll completion and accuracy.
	D. Relieves the company of the review process but not the task completion.
38.	A company should assign employee(s) the responsibility for signing payroll checks and disbursements.
	A. A limited number of
	B. Only one
	C. Its most responsible
	D. None of the

39.	Which of the following is not a consequence of incorrect calculation of employee time for payroll purposes?
	A. Federal penalties for not remitting all taxes due
	B. Erosion of available cash because of overpayments to employees
	C. Increased stakeholder approval due to employee overpayments
	D. An increase in legal proceedings initiated by employees
40.	For payroll documentation purposes, when an employee needs time away from work:
	A. The supervisor should authorize it verbally.
	B. The employee should email only department colleagues.
	C. Upper management must approve the request.
	D. The request should be documented and forwarded to the payroll clerk.
41.	When a payroll clerk receives an approved request for an employee's time away from work, he of she should:
	A. Immediately place it in the employee's file.
	B. Attach it to the employee's time collection report for the pay period.

C. Destroy the document in accordance with privacy laws.

D. Contact the employee to verify the request.

42.	A company should restrict access to payroll files (paper and/or electronic) as a part of		
	A. File security internal controls		
	B. Audit trail requirements		
	C. Compliance with company policy		
	D. FATCA requirements		
43.	Which aspect of internal controls for payroll relates to the Sarbanes Oxley Act?		
	A. Protecting employee retirement funds		
	B. Limiting the number of employees authorized to disburse payroll		
	C. Cross-training employees and altering duties		
	D. Ensuring the complexity of the audit trail		
44.	Explain Pay Records and Employee File Maintenance is the responsibility of the:		
	A. Employee.		
	B. Employer.		
	C. Payroll vendor.		
	D. State government.		

45.	Computerized payroll records are considered a(n):
	A. Open system.
	B. Open access.
	C. Closed system.
	D. Closed access.
46.	When developing the Describe Internal Controls and Record Retention for a Payroll System, a company should:
	A. Involve all company employees to promote transparency.
	B. Develop a closed system and alternate employee duties.
	C. Designate a single employee with the responsibility for pay disbursements.
	D. Train accounting personnel on a single payroll task.
47.	The retention period for payroll documents commences:
	A. At the time an employee is hired.
	B. When an employee's first pay is disbursed.
	C. Once the employee completes one year of service.
	D. When an employee terminates employment.

48.	Which of the following does not legally have access to a firm's payroll records?
	A. The IRS
	B. State revenue department employees
	C. All employees of the firm
	D. The Department of Homeland Security
49.	Which of the following is false about document destruction requirements?
	A. Federal legislation required documents to be retained for two years after the employee's termination.
	B. Personnel records must be maintained for three years after termination.
	C. Union employees' records must be retained for five years after termination.
	D. State legislation requires records to be retained for a minimum of eight years after termination.
50.	Mako was an employee of the Jaeger Corporation. After she voluntarily terminated employment, auditors discovered evidence of fraudulent activity that they traced to her. Mako's records must be retained:
	A. For 10 years.
	B. For 15 years.
	C. For 20 years.
	D. Indefinitely.

51.	Max Johnson was terminated from a company because of a reduction in workforce. Which statement best describes his severance package requirements?
	A. No severance package is required.
	B. He must receive at least one months' wages or salary.
	C. He must receive a settlement equal to half his annual salary.
	D. He must receive a fixed dollar amount because he was laid-off.
52.	Natalie is involuntarily terminated by a company in Alabama. According to state regulations, when must she receive her final pay?
	A. On the next business day
	B. No state guidelines exist
	C. Within seven business days
	D. At the next schedule payday
53.	A firm needs to destroy paper payroll records after the end of the retention period. Which of the following is not an option?
	A. Shredding
	B. Discarding
	C. Pulping
	D. Burning

- 54. Geoff is the payroll clerk for a firm that maintains its payroll through computerized records on a centralized server. One of his responsibilities is Explain Pay Records and Employee File Maintenance, including the destruction of records after the retention time has elapsed. His method of purging employee records is to delete the file from the database. What other record destruction procedures should Geoff follow?
  - A. None. His method is acceptable.
  - B. He should check all other employees' computers to ensure that the record is deleted.
  - C. He should purge the record from the server and all backups.
  - D. He should send an interoffice request to have someone in the information technology department remove the record from the server.
- 55. What is the difference between termination and resignation, as far as final pay is concerned?
  - A. Resignation pay may be paid at the next regular pay day, but termination pay is subject to state law.
  - B. Resignation and termination pay are subject to state regulations.
  - C. Resignation pay must be paid within one week and termination pay must be the next business day.
  - D. Resignation pay must be paid on the next business day and termination pay is due immediately.
- 56. Upon termination, which of the following is part of an employee's final pay?
  - A. Hours worked
  - B. Vacation previously paid.
  - C. Severance pay
  - D. Sick time accrued but not used.

57.	A payroll accountant is preparing the final pay for a commission-based salesperson who has been terminated from the firm. What will happen to the salesperson's commission that have been earned but not paid?
	A. The salesperson must receive termination pay immediately and forfeits all unpaid commissions.
	B. The salesperson's final pay is delayed to allow for computation of commissions.
	C. The final pay must include all commissions earned, in accordance with any pay agreement.
	D. The employee must receive final non-commission pay immediately, but any commission pay will be delayed.
58.	What types of records does IRS Regulation 26 CFR 1.6001 not cover?
	A. Manual pay records
	B. Computerized pay records
	C. Outsourced payroll records
	D. Independent contractor remittance
59.	Well-designed internal controls do not promote:
	A. Legal compliance and file integrity.
	B. Opportunities for defalcation.
	C. Protection against embezzlement.

D. Audit trail support.

60	). All executive compensation must be:
	A. Maintained in a file and purged annually.
	B. Available for inspection by any interested party.
	C. Annotated as to derivation and benchmarks.
	D. Reported with the company's financial statements.
61	. Individuals treated as are processed as vendors.
	A. Exempt employees.
	B. Nonexempt employees.
	C. Government contract employees.
	D. Independent contractors.
62	2 payroll is processed every two weeks and will usually result in a lower gross pay per
	pay period than payroll.
	A. Weekly; monthly.
	B. Semimonthly; biweekly.
	C. Biweekly; semimonthly.
	D. Daily; biweekly.

63.	Form I-9 is issued by the	to verify employment eligibility in the
	United States.	
	A. Internal Revenue Service	
	B. Department of Homeland Security	
	C. Federal Bureau of Investigation	
	D. Department of	
	Labor	
<i>c</i>		
64.	Personnel in certain full-time occupations are classified as independent contractors.	instead of
	independent contractors.	
	A. Contract employees	
	B. Executive workers	
	b. Executive workers	
	C. Statutory employees	
	D. Non-statutory	
	workers	
65.	FATCA enforcement has been difficult because the	e Internal Revenue Service relies or
	for reporting purposes.	
	A. Intermediaries (e.g., banks)	
	B. Employers and employees	
	C. Foreign countries	
	D. Personal income tax returns	
	D. FEISONAL INCOME LAX FELLINS	

66.	pay is based on sales revenue, while pay is based on
	manufacturing.
	A. Exempt; nonexempt
	B. Commission; overtime
	C. Piece-rate; commission
	D. Commission: piece-rate
67.	Verification of hours worked and pay accuracy is part of the
	A. Disbursement cycle.
	B. Accounts payable reconciliation.
	C. CEO's responsibility.
	D. Payroll review process.
68.	IRS Regulation 26 CFR 1.6001 mandates procedures as they pertain to payroll records, noting that it is the responsibility of the
	A. File maintenance; employer.
	B. Payroll review; payroll supervisor.
	C. Check authorization; controller.
	D. Employee time review; department manager.

69.	Upon termination from a firm, employer must disburse the former employee's final pay
	A. Immediately.
	B. Within 24 hours.
	C. At the next scheduled payday.
	D. No federal regulation exists.
70.	Payroll records that contain evidence of fraud or other illegal action must be
	A. retained for two years.
	B. destroyed immediately.
	C. retained indefinitely.
	D. released to law enforcement officials.

## Chapter 02 Payroll System Procedures Answer Key

## True / False Questions

1. The two main focuses of payroll procedures are company needs and governmental rules.

**TRUE** 

AACSB: Analytic AICPA: BB Industry AICPA: FN Reporting Blooms: Understano Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: 02-01 Identify Important Payroll Procedures and Pay Cycles

Topic: Identify Important Payroll Procedures and Pay Cycles

2. Employers may choose to omit the employees' Social Security numbers in their employee files.

**FALSE** 

AACSB: Analytic
AICPA: BB Resource Management
AICPA: FN Decision Making
Blooms: Understand
Difficulty: Easy
Learning Objective: 02-01 Identify Important Payroll Procedures and Pay Cycles
Topic: Identify Important Payroll Procedures and Pay Cycles

3. Semimonthly payroll involves a pay cycle in which pay disbursements occur every two weeks.

**FALSE** 

AACSB: Analytic AICPA: BB Industry AICPA: FN Measurement Blooms: Apply Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: 02-01 Identify Important Payroll Procedures and Pay Cycles

Topic: Identify Important Payroll Procedures and Pay Cycles

4. Newly hired employees must be reported to governmental officials within 20 days of starting working with an employer.

**TRUE** 

AACSB: Communication
AICPA: BB Legal
AICPA: FN Reporting
Blooms: Understand
Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: 02-02 Prepare Required Employee Documentation

Topic: Prepare Required Employee Documentation

5. Foreign workers in the United States are subject to new hire reporting regulations.

**TRUE** 

AACSB: Diversity
AICPA: BB Legal
AICPA: FN Reporting
Blooms: Apply
Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: 02-02 Prepare Required Employee Documentation

Topic: Prepare Required Employee Documentation

6. A worker who sells life insurance on a full-time basis is considered a statutory employee.

**TRUE** 

AACSB: Reflective Thinking
AICPA: BB Industry
AICPA: FN Decision Making
Blooms: Apply
Difficulty: Easy

Learning Objective: 02-02 Prepare Required Employee Documentation

Topic: Prepare Required Employee Documentation

7. U.S. workers in foreign subsidiaries are exempt from income taxes.

**FALSE** 

AACSB: Diversity
AICPA: BB Critical Thinking
AICPA: FN Reporting
Blooms: Apply
Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: 02-02 Prepare Required Employee Documentation

Topic: Prepare Required Employee Documentation

8. Pay rate is the first payroll system decision a company must make.

**FALSE** 

AACSB: Reflective Thinking AICPA: BB Critical Thinking AICPA: FN Measurement Blooms: Apply Difficulty: Medium and Employee File Maintenance

Learning Objective: 02-03 Explain Pay Records and Employee File Maintenance

Topic: Explain Pay Records and Employee File Maintenance

9. Holiday hours, sick time taken, and vacation days are not considered in the worked hours for overtime computation.

TRUE

AACSB: Analytic AICPA: BB Industry AICPA: FN Decision Making Blooms: Analyze Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: 02-03 Explain Pay Records and Employee File Maintenance

Topic: Explain Pay Records and Employee File Maintenance

10. Separation of duties is not considered a payroll best practice.

**FALSE** 

AACSB: Reflective Thinking AICPA: BB Critical Thinking AICPA: FN Decision Making Blooms: Evaluate Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: 02-04 Describe Internal Controls and Record Retention for a Payroll System

Topic: Describe Internal Controls and Record Retention for a Payroll System

## Multiple Choice Questions

11.	Which of the following is not an impayroll procedures?	nportant decision that an employer must make regarding its
	A. How often to pay employees?	
	B. How to handle pay advances?	
	<u>C.</u> How many employees to hire?	
	D. Which employee benefits to of	fer?
40		AACSB: Reflective Thinking  AICPA: BB Resource Management  AICPA: FN Decision Making  Blooms: Evaluate  Difficulty: Medium  Learning Objective: 02-01 Identify Important Payroll Procedures and Pay Cycles  Topic: Identify Important Payroll Procedures and Pay Cycles
12.	Which of the following items must	exist in every employee's payroll file?
	A. Spouse's social security number	r
	B. Employment history	
	C. Spouse's birth date	
	D. Occupation	
		AACSB: Communication AICPA: BB Legai
		AICPA: FN Reporting

Learning Objective: 02-01 Identify Important Payroll Procedures and Pay Cycles

Topic: Identify Important Payroll Procedures and Pay Cycles

- 13. According to the Fair Labor Standards Act, why must pay period information be a part of an employee's payroll file?
  - A. As a means of tracking time worked for overtime compensation purposes.
  - B. To ensure that the employee receives all compensation earned.
  - C. As a means of ensuring pay equality among employees.
  - D. To document satisfaction of court-ordered obligations.

AACSB: Communication
AICPA: BB Legal
AICPA: FN Reporting
Blooms: Analyze
Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: 02-01 Identify Important Payroll Procedures and Pay Cycles

Topic: Identify Important Payroll Procedures and Pay Cycles

- 14. Which of the following is not a purpose of new hire reporting laws?
  - A. To ensure payment of court-ordered obligations like garnishments and child support.
  - B. To keep track of workers throughout their careers.
  - C. To ensure that the employee may legally work in the United States.
  - D. To keep track of workers and professionals who are subject to licensing regulations.

AACSB: Analytic
AICPA: BB Legal
AICPA: FN Research
Blooms: Evaluate
Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: 02-02 Prepare Required Employee Documentation

Topic: Prepare Required Employee Documentation

nalytic dustry orting ombei Easy Cycles iycles
nalytic dustry orting ember : Easy

17.	Which of the following is not a commonly used pay frequency?
	A. Daily
	B. Weekly
	C. Monthl
	D. Semimonthly
	b. Schillionally
	AACSB: Analytic
	AICPA: BB Industry
	AICPA: FN Reporting
	Blooms: Evaluate Difficulty: Medium
	Learning Objective: 02-01 Identify Important Payroll Procedures and Pay Cycles
	Topic: Identify Important Payroll Procedures and Pay Cycles
18.	What form is the first step in employer documentation?
	A. W-
	4
	B. I-
	9
	<u>C.</u> SS-4
	D. <b>W</b> -
	2
	AACSB: Reflective Thinking
	AICPA: BB Legar
	AICPA: FN Reporting
	Blooms: Apply Difficulty: Medium
	Learning Objective: 02-01 Identify Important Payroll Procedures and Pay Cycles
	Topic: Identify Important Payroll Procedures and Pay Cycles

19.	Ibr	ahim is the payroll accountant for a firm. He notes that the firm has hired a new employee.
	Wł	nat forms must he collect from the new employee?
		W. G. L. L.
	Α.	W-2 and I-
		9
	В.	W-4 and I-
	_	9
	C.	W-4 and I-
		8
	D	W-3 and I-
	D.	9
		AACSB: Communication
		AICPA: BB Legar
		AICPA: FN Reporting  Blooms: Apply
		Difficulty: Easy
		Learning Objective: 02-02 Prepare Required Employee Documentation
		Topic: Prepare Required Employee Documentation
20.	If a	firm pays its employees biweekly, how often does it disburse employee compensation?
	Α.	Twice per week
	В.	Every week
	<u>C.</u>	Every two weeks
	П	Even three weeks
	D.	Every three weeks
		AACSB: Reflective Thinking
		AICPA: BB Resource Management
		AICPA: FN Decision Making
		Blooms: Apply  Difficulty: Easy
		Learning Objective: 02-01 Identify Important Payroll Procedures and Pay Cycles
		Topic: Identify Important Payroll Procedures and Pay Cycles

- 21. Why is it important for an employer to classify a worker as either an employee or an independent contractor?
  - A. For tax reporting purposes
  - B. For child support obligations purposes
  - C. For government tracking purposes
  - D. For reimbursement purposes

AACSB: Reflective Thinking AICPA: BB Legal AICPA: FN Reporting Blooms: Evaluate Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: 02-02 Prepare Required Employee Documentation

Topic: Prepare Required Employee Documentation

- 22. Which of the following is not a purpose of new hire reporting?
  - A. Immigration agency tracking
  - B. COBRA benefits administration
  - C. Communications of ethics violations for clerical workers
  - D. Child support obligations tracking

AACSB: Reflective Thinking
AICPA: BB Critical Thinking
AICPA: FN Reporting
Blooms: Evaluate
Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: 02-02 Prepare Required Employee Documentation

Topic: Prepare Required Employee Documentation

23.	An employer must h	nave an employee co	omplete Form W-4:
	A. Before each pay	disbursement.	
	B. Each year, upon	the employee's anni	versary with the firm.
	C. Every January 1.		
	<u>D.</u> At the time of hire.		
			AACSB: Communication AICPA: BB Legal AICPA: FN Reporting Blooms: Evaluate Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: 02-02 Prepare Required Employee Documentation
24.	•	s of age, is a new em ization, he could pre	Topic: Prepare Required Employee Documentation aployee of XYZ Company. To establish his identity and esent:
	A. His current Unite	ed States passport.	
	B. His library card a	and birth certificate.	
	C. His driver's licen	se and ATM card.	
	D. His college trans	cript and driver's lice	ense.
			AACSB: Communication AICPA: BB Legal AICPA: FN Reporting Blooms: Apply Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: 02-02 Prepare Required Employee Documentation

Topic: Prepare Required Employee Documentation

25.	Wł	nich items must be contained in every hiring packet issued by an employer?
	A.	Forms W-4 and I-9
	В.	Employment contract with start date and pay agreement
	C.	Descriptions of benefits and enrollment forms
	<u>D.</u>	No items are mandated for issuance in a hiring packet
		AACSB: Reflective Thinking AICPA: BB Critical Thinking AICPA: FN Decision Making Blooms: Evaluate Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: 02-02 Prepare Required Employee Documentation Topic: Prepare Required Employee Documentation
26.		e mandated that new hires must be reported within days to state thorities.
	A.	Fair Labor Standards Act, 30.
	<u>B.</u>	Immigration Reform Act, 20.
	C.	Civil Rights Act, 25.
	D.	Davis-Bacon Act, 28.
		AACSB: Reflective Thinking
		AICPA: BB Legal
		AICPA: FN Research
		Blooms: Analyze
		Difficulty: Medium
		Learning Objective: 02-02 Prepare Required Employee Documentation Topic: Prepare Required Employee Documentation

27. Multistate employers must not do which of the following for new hire reporting:	
A. File a report with the state offices for the employee's state of residence	
<u>B.</u> File a report with the IRS since they have employees in multiple states	
C. Designate which state will receive their new hire reporting	
D. File a new-hire report with both states that contains the firm's headquarters and is the employee's primary residence	I the state that
Learning Objective: 02-02 Prepare Required Emplo	•
28. Which entity bears the responsibility for gaining approval for a foreign worker visa semployee may work legally in the United States?	
A. The employer	
B. The employee	
C. The U.S. State Department	
D. The employer's home country	
	AACSB: Diversity source Management AICPA: FN Research

29.	Abigail is a full-time worker whose primary occupation involves extensive overnight travel to visit wholesaler sites on the behalf of a single company. Which of the following classifications most accurately describes Abigail's employment status?
	A. Independent contractor
	B. Exempt employee
	C. Nonexempt employee
	D. Statutory employee
	AACSB: Reflective Thinking AICPA: BB Industry AICPA: FN Decision Making Blooms: Analyze Difficulty: Haro Learning Objective: 02-02 Prepare Required Employee Documentation Topic: Prepare Required Employee Documentation
30.	Allen is an employee of the foreign subsidiary of a United States based company who lives and work in the United Kingdom. According to FATCA, how much of his wages may Allen exclude from United States' taxes, according to 2015 guidelines?
	A. Non e
	B. \$46,500
	C. \$79,850
	<u>D.</u> \$100,800
	AACSB: Diversity AICPA: BB Legal AICPA: FN Reporting Blooms: Understand Difficulty: Easy Learning Objective: 02-02 Prepare Required Employee Documentation

31.	Wh	nich of the following factors is not a determinant in pay rate?
	Α.	Employee skill
	В.	Company location
	<u>C.</u>	Employee age
	D.	Industry benchmarks
		AACSB: Reflective Thinking AICPA: BB Legal AICPA: FN Research Blooms: Apply Difficulty: Haro Learning Objective: 02-03 Explain Pay Records and Employee File Maintenance
22	<i>C</i> -	Topic: Explain Pay Records and Employee File Maintenance
32.		orgeanne works in a company for which her primary job function is the sale of company oducts to consumers. She receives a percentage of each sale. Her compensation contains a
	ρις	element.
	Α.	Piece-rate
	<u>B.</u>	Commission
	C.	Pay-for-
		performance
	D.	Nonexempt
		AACSB: Analytic
		AICPA: BB Resource Management
		AICPA: FN Research  Blooms: Analyze
		Difficulty: Easy
		Learning Objective: 02-03 Explain Pay Records and Employee File Maintenance
		Topic: Explain Pay Records and Employee File Maintenance

33.		an works for a bakery for which part of his compensation is be d other specialty cakes. His compensation has a	-
	Α.	Performance incentive	
	В.	Commission	
	<u>C.</u>	Piece-rate	
	D.	Nonexempt	
			AACSB: Analytic  AICPA: BB Resource Management  AICPA: FN Research
34.	Wł		Blooms: Analyze Difficulty: Medium Pay Records and Employee File Maintenance Pay Records and Employee File Maintenance of hourly computations?
	Α.	Time worked in excess of eight hours per day	
	<u>B.</u>	Holiday, sick time, and paid time off	
	C.	Time worked in excess of 40 hours per week	
	D.	Nonexempt employee weekend work	
			AACSB: Analytic AICPA: BB Legai AICPA: FN Decision Making Blooms: Analyze
			Difficulty: Medium Pay Records and Employee File Maintenance Pay Records and Employee File Maintenance

	Α.	Internal review
	В.	Audit control
	<u>C.</u>	Internal control
	D.	Audit review
		AACSB: Reflective Thinking AICPA: BB Critical Thinking AICPA: FN Decision Making Blooms: Apply Difficulty: Haro
		Learning Objective: 02-04 Describe Internal Controls and Record Retention for a Payroll System  Topic: Describe Internal Controls and Record Retention for a Payroll System
36.	Αp	payroll review process increases in complexity when:
	Α.	The company is has few departments and few employees.
	В.	The company is not geographically dispersed.
	C.	The company is centralized and uses one location.
	<u>D.</u>	The company has multiple departments and many employees.
		AACSB: Analytic AICPA: BB Resource Management AICPA: FN Measurement Blooms: Analyze Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: 02-04 Describe Internal Controls and Record Retention for a Payroll System Topic: Describe Internal Controls and Record Retention for a Payroll System

35. Which of the following is pervasive in the accounting system?

37.	Dutsourcing the payroll process:
	A. Relieves the company of the task completion and the review process.
	Relieves the company of some of the task completion but not the review process.
	C. Relieves the company of all liability for payroll completion and accuracy.
	2. Relieves the company of the review process but not the task completion.
	AACSB: Reflective Thinking AICPA: BB Leveraging Technology AICPA: FN Decision Making Blooms: Evaluate Difficulty: Haro Learning Objective: 02-04 Describe Internal Controls and Record Retention for a Payroll System Topic: Describe Internal Controls and Record Retention for a Payroll System
38.	A company should assign employee(s) the responsibility for signing payroll
	checks and disbursements.
	A. A limited number of
	B. Only one
	C. Its most responsible
	D. None of the
	AACSB: Reflective Thinking
	AICPA: BB Resource Management
	AICPA: FN Decision Making
	Blooms: Apply
	Difficulty: Medium
	Learning Objective: 02-04 Describe Internal Controls and Record Retention for a Payroll System
	Topic: Describe Internal Controls and Record Retention for a Payroll System

- 39. Which of the following is not a consequence of incorrect calculation of employee time for payroll purposes?
  - A. Federal penalties for not remitting all taxes due
  - B. Erosion of available cash because of overpayments to employees
  - C. Increased stakeholder approval due to employee overpayments
  - D. An increase in legal proceedings initiated by employees

AACSB: Reflective Thinking AICPA: BB Critical Thinking AICPA: FN Reporting Blooms: Evaluate Difficulty: Haro

Learning Objective: 02-04 Describe Internal Controls and Record Retention for a Payroll System

Topic: Describe Internal Controls and Record Retention for a Payroll System

- 40. For payroll documentation purposes, when an employee needs time away from work:
  - A. The supervisor should authorize it verbally.
  - B. The employee should email only department colleagues.
  - C. Upper management must approve the request.
  - D. The request should be documented and forwarded to the payroll clerk.

AACSB: Communication
AICPA: BB Resource Management
AICPA: FN Reporting
Blooms: Apply
Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: 02-04 Describe Internal Controls and Record Retention for a Payroll System

Topic: Describe Internal Controls and Record Retention for a Payroll System

41.	When a payroll clerk receives an approved request for an employee's time away from work, he or she should:
	A. Immediately place it in the employee's file.
	B. Attach it to the employee's time collection report for the pay period.
	C. Destroy the document in accordance with privacy laws.
	D. Contact the employee to verify the request.
42.	AACSB: Communication AICPA: BB Resource Management AICPA: FN Reporting Blooms: Apply Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: 02-04 Describe Internal Controls and Record Retention for a Payroll System Topic: Describe Internal Controls and Record Retention for a Payroll System A company should restrict access to payroll files (paper and/or electronic) as a part of
	A. File security internal controls
	B. Audit trail requirements
	C. Compliance with company policy
	D. FATCA requirements
	AACSB: Ethics AICPA: BB Industry AICPA: FN Risk Analysis Blooms: Apply Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: 02-04 Describe Internal Controls and Record Retention for a Payroll System Topic: Describe Internal Controls and Record Retention for a Payroll System

43.	Which aspect of internal controls for payroll relates to the Sarbanes Oxley Act?		
	Α.	Protecting employee retirement funds	
	В.	Limiting the number of employees authorized to disburse payroll	
	<u>C.</u>	Cross-training employees and altering duties	
	D.	Ensuring the complexity of the audit trail	
		AACSB: Reflective Thinking AICPA: BB Critical Thinking AICPA: FN Research Blooms: Analyze Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: 02-04 Describe Internal Controls and Record Retention for a Payroll System Topic: Describe Internal Controls and Record Retention for a Payroll System	
44.	En	nployee file maintenance is the responsibility of the:	
	Α.	Employee.	
	<u>B.</u>	Employer.	
	C.	Payroll vendor.	
	D.	State government.	
		AACSB: Reflective Thinking AICPA: BB Resource Management AICPA: FN Decision Making Blooms: Evaluate Difficulty: Haro Learning Objective: 02-04 Describe Internal Controls and Record Retention for a Payroll System Topic: Describe Internal Controls and Record Retention for a Payroll System	

45.	Computerized payroll records are considered a(n):		
	A. Open system.		
	B. Open access.		
	<u>C.</u> Closed system.		
	D. Closed access.		
	AACSB: Technology AICPA: BB Leveraging Technology AICPA: FN Leveraging Technology Blooms: Understana Difficulty: Easy Learning Objective: 02-04 Describe Internal Controls and Record Retention for a Payroll System Topic: Describe Internal Controls and Record Retention for a Payroll System		
46.	When developing the internal controls and record retention for a payroll system, a company should:		
	A. Involve all company employees to promote transparency.		
	B. Develop a closed system and alternate employee duties.		
	C. Designate a single employee with the responsibility for pay disbursements.		
	D. Train accounting personnel on a single payroll task.		
	AACSB: Reflective Thinking AICPA: BB Resource Management AICPA: FN Decision Making Blooms: Create Difficulty: Haro Learning Objective: 02-04 Describe Internal Controls and Record Retention for a Payroll System Topic: Describe Internal Controls and Record Retention for a Payroll System		

47.	In	e retention period for payroll documents commences:
	Α.	At the time an employee is hired.
	В.	When an employee's first pay is disbursed.
	C.	Once the employee completes one year of service.
	<u>D.</u>	When an employee terminates employment.
		AACSB: Analytic AICPA: BB Resource Management AICPA: FN Risk Analysis Blooms: Analyze Difficulty: Hara
		Learning Objective: 02-04 Describe Internal Controls and Record Retention for a Payroll System
		Topic: Describe Internal Controls and Record Retention for a Payroll System
48.	Wł	nich of the following does not legally have access to a firm's payroll records?
	Α.	The IRS
	В.	State revenue department employees
	<u>C.</u>	All employees of the firm
	D.	The Department of Homeland Security
		AACSB: Communication
		AICPA: BB Resource Management

Learning Objective: 02-05 Discuss Employee Termination and Document Destruction Procedures

Topic: Discuss Employee Termination and Document Destruction Procedures

AICPA: FN Risk Analysis

Blooms: Evaluate

Difficulty: Medium

49.	Which of the following is false about document destruction requirements?
	A. Federal legislation required documents to be retained for two years after the employee's termination.
	B. Personnel records must be maintained for three years after termination.
	C. Union employees' records must be retained for five years after termination.
	<u>D.</u> State legislation requires records to be retained for a minimum of eight years after termination.
50.	AACSB: Analytic AICPA: BB Legal AICPA: FN Risk Analysis Blooms: Evaluate Difficulty: Haro Learning Objective: 02-05 Discuss Employee Termination and Document Destruction Procedures Topic: Discuss Employee Termination and Document Destruction Procedures Mako was an employee of the Jaeger Corporation. After she voluntarily terminated employment, auditors discovered evidence of fraudulent activity that they traced to her. Mako's records must be retained:
	A. For 10 years.
	B. For 15 years.
	C. For 20 years.
	<u>D.</u> Indefinitely.
	AACSB: Reflective Thinking AICPA: BB Legal AICPA: FN Risk Analysis Blooms: Analyze Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: 02-04 Describe Internal Controls and Record Retention for a Payroll System
	Topic: Describe Internal Controls and Record Retention for a Payroll System

51.	Max Johnson was terminated from a company because of a reduction in workforce. Which statement best describes his severance package requirements?
	A. No severance package is required.
	B. He must receive at least one months' wages or salary.
	C. He must receive a settlement equal to half his annual salary.
	D. He must receive a fixed dollar amount because he was laid-off.
	AACSB: Analytic  AICPA: BB Resource Management  AICPA: FN Research  Blooms: Analyze  Difficulty: Medium
	Learning Objective: 02-05 Discuss Employee Termination and Document Destruction Procedures  Topic: Discuss Employee Termination and Document Destruction Procedures
52.	Natalie is involuntarily terminated by a company in Alabama. According to state regulations, when must she receive her final pay?  A. On the next business day
	B. No state guidelines exist
	C. Within seven business days
	D. At the next schedule payday
	AACSB: Analytic AICPA: BB Legal AICPA: FN Decision Making Blooms: Apply Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: 02-05 Discuss Employee Termination and Document Destruction Procedures Topic: Discuss Employee Termination and Document Destruction Procedures

53.	A firm needs to destroy paper payroll records after the end of the retention period. Which of the following is not an option?			
	Α.	Shredding		
	<u>B.</u>	Discarding		
	C.	Pulping		
	D.	Burning		
		AACSB: Reflective Thinking AICPA: BB Resource Management AICPA: FN Risk Analysis Blooms: Understand Difficulty: Easy		
		Learning Objective: 02-05 Discuss Employee Termination and Document Destruction Procedures  Topic: Discuss Employee Termination and Document Destruction Procedures		
54.	cer des	off is the payroll clerk for a firm that maintains its payroll through computerized records on a attralized server. One of his responsibilities is employee file maintenance, including the struction of records after the retention time has elapsed. His method of purging employee ords is to delete the file from the database. What other record destruction procedures should off follow?		
	Α.	None. His method is acceptable.		
	В.	He should check all other employees' computers to ensure that the record is deleted.		
	<u>C.</u>	He should purge the record from the server and all backups.		
	D.	He should send an interoffice request to have someone in the information technology department remove the record from the server.		
		AACSB: Technology  AICPA: BB Leveraging Technology		

- 55. What is the difference between termination and resignation, as far as final pay is concerned?
  - A. Resignation pay may be paid at the next regular pay day, but termination pay is subject to state law.
  - B. Resignation and termination pay are subject to state regulations.
  - C. Resignation pay must be paid within one week and termination pay must be the next business day.
  - D. Resignation pay must be paid on the next business day and termination pay is due immediately.

AACSB: Analytic
AICPA: BB Industry
AICPA: FN Decision Making
Blooms: Apply
Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: 02-05 Discuss Employee Termination and Document Destruction Procedures

Topic: Discuss Employee Termination and Document Destruction Procedures

- 56. Upon termination, which of the following is part of an employee's final pay?
  - A. Hours worked
  - B. Vacation previously paid.
  - C. Severance pay
  - D. Sick time accrued but not used.

AACSB: Analytic AICPA: BB Legal AICPA: FN Reporting Blooms: Analyze Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: 02-05 Discuss Employee Termination and Document Destruction Procedures

Topic: Discuss Employee Termination and Document Destruction Procedures

- 57. A payroll accountant is preparing the final pay for a commission-based salesperson who has been terminated from the firm. What will happen to the salesperson's commission that have been earned but not paid?
  - A. The salesperson must receive termination pay immediately and forfeits all unpaid commissions.
  - B. The salesperson's final pay is delayed to allow for computation of commissions.
  - C. The final pay must include all commissions earned, in accordance with any pay agreement.
  - D. The employee must receive final non-commission pay immediately, but any commission pay will be delayed.

AACSB: Analytic AICPA: BB Critical Thinking AICPA: FN Decision Making Blooms: Evaluate Difficulty: Haro

Learning Objective: 02-05 Discuss Employee Termination and Document Destruction Procedures

Topic: Discuss Employee Termination and Document Destruction Procedures

- 58. What types of records does IRS Regulation 26 CFR 1.6001 not cover?
  - A. Manual pay records
  - B. Computerized pay records
  - C. Outsourced payroll records
  - D. Independent contractor remittance

AACSB: Analytic AICPA: BB Legal AICPA: FN Research Blooms: Analyze Difficulty: Haro

Learning Objective: 02-04 Describe Internal Controls and Record Retention for a Payroll System

Topic: Describe Internal Controls and Record Retention for a Payroll System

- 59. Well-designed internal controls do not promote:
  - A. Legal compliance and file integrity.
  - <u>B.</u> Opportunities for defalcation.
  - C. Protection against embezzlement.
  - D. Audit trail support.

AACSB: Analytic AICPA: BB Critical Thinking AICPA: FN Research Blooms: Evaluate Difficulty: Haro

Learning Objective: 02-04 Describe Internal Controls and Record Retention for a Payroll System

Topic: Describe Internal Controls and Record Retention for a Payroll System

- 60. All executive compensation must be:
  - A. Maintained in a file and purged annually.
  - B. Available for inspection by any interested party.
  - C. Annotated as to derivation and benchmarks.
  - D. Reported with the company's financial statements.

AACSB: Communication
AICPA: BB Resource Management
AICPA: FN Reporting
Blooms: Apply
Blooms: Evaluate
Difficulty: Medium

Learning Objective: 02-04 Describe Internal Controls and Record Retention for a Payroll System

Topic: Describe Internal Controls and Record Retention for a Payroll System

61.	Individuals treated as	are processed as vendors.
	A. Exempt employees.	
	B. Nonexempt employees.	
	C. Government contract emplo	oyees.
	<u>D.</u> Independent contractors.	
62.	payroll is process pay period than  A. Weekly; monthly. B. Semimonthly; biweekly. C. Biweekly; semimonthly. D. Daily; biweekly.	AACSB: Reflective Thinking AICPA: BB Industry AICPA: FN Reporting Blooms: Understand Difficulty: Easy Learning Objective: 02-01 Identify Important Payroll Procedures and Pay Cycles Learning Objective: 02-02 Prepare Required Employee Documentation Topic: Identify Important Payroll Procedures and Pay Cycles ssed every two weeks and will usually result in a lower gross pay per payroll.
		AACSB: Reflective Thinking AICPA: BB Critical Thinking AICPA: FN Measurement Blooms: Analyze Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: 02-01 Identify Important Payroll Procedures and Pay Cycles
		Topic: Identify Important Payroll Procedures and Pay Cycles

	orm I-9 is issued by the nited States.	to veri	fy employment eligibility in the
А	. Internal Revenue Service		
<u>B</u>	Department of Homeland Security		
C	Federal Bureau of Investigation		
D	. Department of Labor		
			AACSB: Communication AICPA: BB Legal AICPA: FN Reporting Blooms: Remembel Difficulty: Easy pare Required Employee Documentation
	ersonnel in certain full-time occupations dependent contractors.		pare Required Employee Documentation instead of
А	. Contract employees		
В	Executive workers		
<u>C</u>	Statutory employees		
D	. Non-statutory workers		
			AACSB: Analytic
			AICPA: BB Industry
			AICPA: FN Reporting
			Blooms: Understand
			Difficulty: Easy
			pare Required Employee Documentation
		Topic: Prep	pare Required Employee Documentation

65.	. FATCA enforcement has been difficult because the Internal Revenue Service relies on for reporting purposes.		
	<u>A.</u>	Intermediaries (e.g., banks)	
	В.	Employers and employees	
	C.	Foreign countries	
	D.	Personal income tax returns	
		AACSB: Diversity AICPA: BB Global AICPA: FN Reporting	
		Blooms: Analyze	
		Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: 02-02 Prepare Required Employee Documentation	
		Topic: Prepare Required Employee Documentation	
66.		pay is based on sales revenue, while pay is based on	
	ma	nufacturing.	
	Α.	Exempt; nonexempt	
	В.	Commission; overtime	
	C.	Piece-rate; commission	
	<u>D.</u>	Commission: piece-rate	
		AACSB: Reflective Thinking	
		AICPA: BB Industry	
		AICPA: FN Measurement	
		Blooms: Understand	
		Difficulty: Easy	
		Learning Objective: 02-03 Explain Pay Records and Employee File Maintenance	
		Topic: Explain Pay Records and Employee File Maintenance	

67.	Verification of hours worked and pay accuracy is part of the
	A. Disbursement cycle.
	B. Accounts payable reconciliation.
	C. CEO's responsibility.
	D. Payroll review process.
	AACSB: Analytic AICPA: BB Critical Thinking AICPA: FN Risk Analysis Blooms: Apply Difficulty: Medium Learning Objective: 02-04 Describe Internal Controls and Record Retention for a Payroll System Topic: Describe Internal Controls and Record Retention for a Payroll System
68.	IRS Regulation 26 CFR 1.6001 mandates procedures as they pertain to payroll
	records, noting that it is the responsibility of the
	A. File maintenance; employer.
	B. Payroll review; payroll supervisor.
	C. Check authorization; controller.
	D. Employee time review; department manager.
	AACSB: Reflective Thinking
	AICPA: BB Resource Management
	AICPA: FN Risk Analysis
	Blooms: Apply
	Difficulty: Medium
	Learning Objective: 02-04 Describe Internal Controls and Record Retention for a Payroll System
	Topic: Describe Internal Controls and Record Retention for a Pavroll System

69. Upon termination from a firm, employer must disburse the former employe	e's final pay	
A. Immediately.		
B. Within 24 hours.		
C. At the next scheduled payday.		
<u>D.</u> No federal regulation exists.		
AACS	B: Communication AICPA: BB Lega	
A	CPA: FN Researci	
71	Blooms: Appl	
	Difficulty: Mediun	
Learning Objective: 02-05 Discuss Employee Termination and Document Destr		
Topic: Discuss Employee Termination and Document Destr	uction Procedure	25
70. Payroll records that contain evidence of fraud or other illegal action must be		
,		
A. retained for two years.		
B. destroyed immediately.		
<u>C.</u> retained indefinitely.		
D. released to law enforcement officials.		
AACSB: 1	Reflective Thinking	9
	AICPA: BB Lega	aı
$\mathcal{A}$	CPA: FN Researci	
	Blooms: Analyzo	e
	Difficulty: Mediun	n
Learning Objective: 02-04 Describe Internal Controls and Record Retention for	r a Payroll Systen	n
Topic: Describe Internal Controls and Record Retention fo		