

Chapter 02 - Word Roots and Combining Forms

Multiple Choice Questions

1. The combining form actin(o) means:

- A. Air
- B. Light
- C. Starch
- D. Weight

2. The combining form aer(o) means:

- A. Starch
- B. Bacterial
- C. Immature cell
- D. Air

3. The combining form algio means:

- A. Spiny
- B. Chyle
- C. Color
- D. Pain

4. The combining form amyl(o) means:

- A. Starch
- B. Spiny
- C. Calcium
- D. Color

5. The combining form chrono means:

- A. Plant
- B. Time
- C. Distant
- D. Dust

Chapter 02 - Word Roots and Combining Forms

6. The combining form *necr(o)* means:

- A. Radiation
- B. Cause
- C. Death
- D. Pus

7. The combining form *lith(o)* means:

- A. Stone
- B. Old age
- C. Plant
- D. Drugs

8. The combining form *lys(o)* means:

- A. Dust
- B. Destruction
- C. Tension
- D. Pus

9. The combining form *eti(o)* means:

- A. Dust
- B. Plant
- C. Cause
- D. Night

10. The combining form *troph(o)* means:

- A. Poison
- B. Food
- C. Night
- D. Milk

Chapter 02 - Word Roots and Combining Forms

11. The combining form phyt(o) means:

- A. Pus
- B. Starch
- C. Plant
- D. Life

12. The combining form galact(o) means:

- A. Radiation
- B. Light
- C. Fiber
- D. Milk

13. The combining form stere(o) means:

- A. Poison
- B. Night
- C. Three-dimensional
- D. Dust

14. The combining form coni(o) means:

- A. Tension
- B. Dust
- C. Old age
- D. Pus

15. The combining form cyt(o) means:

- A. Cell
- B. Bladder
- C. Sugars
- D. Calcium

Chapter 02 - Word Roots and Combining Forms

16. The combining form lip(o) means:

- A. Glucose
- B. Fat
- C. Iron
- D. Body

17. The combining form salping(o) means:

- A. Tube
- B. Scale
- C. Ketone
- D. Cell

18. The combining form somat(o) means:

- A. Iron
- B. Cartilage
- C. Body
- D. Plasma

19. The combining form cyst(o) means:

- A. Cell
- B. Bladder
- C. Chyle
- D. Chime

20. The combining form blast(o) means:

- A. Calcium
- B. Bladder
- C. Immature cells

Chapter 02 - Word Roots and Combining Forms

21. The combining form esthesi(o) means:

- A. Sensation
- B. Sound
- C. Heat
- D. Motion

22. The combining form son(o) means:

- A. Heat
- B. Sensation
- C. Thirst
- D. Sound

23. The combining form dips(o) means:

- A. Cold
- B. Thirst
- C. Light
- D. Sound

24. The combining form phot(o) means:

- A. Cold
- B. Thirst
- C. Sound
- D. Light

25. The combining form kin(o) means:

- A. Sensation
- B. Movement
- C. Heat
- D. Light

Chapter 02 - Word Roots and Combining Forms

26. The combining form andr(o) means:

- A. Normal
- B. Masculine
- C. Large
- D. Smaller

27. The combining form immun(o) means:

- A. Immune
- B. Black
- C. Tiny
- D. Normal

28. The combining form melan(o) means:

- A. Normal
- B. Distinct
- C. Black
- D. White

29. The combining form leuk(o) means:

- A. Black
- B. White
- C. Large
- D. Small

30. The combining form erythr(o) means:

- A. Black
- B. White
- C. Red
- D. Blue

Chapter 02 - Word Roots and Combining Forms

31. The combining form idi(o) means:

- A. Distinct
- B. Dry
- C. Safe
- D. Hidden

32. The combining form chlor(o) means:

- A. Red
- B. Black
- C. Blue
- D. Green

33. The combining form staphyl(o) means:

- A. Yellow
- B. Monster
- C. Twisted chains
- D. Grapelike clusters

34. The combining form scolio means:

- A. Bent
- B. Narrowness
- C. Round
- D. Hardness

35. The combining form pseud(o) means:

- A. Physical
- B. False
- C. Yellow
- D. Monster

Chapter 02 - Word Roots and Combining Forms

36. The combining form pachy means:

- A. Spasm
- B. Humpback
- C. Thick
- D. Cancer

37. The combining form pyr(o) means:

- A. Red
- B. Fever
- C. Disease
- D. Tumor

38. The combining form schiz(o) means:

- A. Fever
- B. Disease
- C. Split
- D. Tumor

39. The combining form carcin(o) means:

- A. Cancer
- B. Tumor
- C. Disease
- D. Spasm

40. The combining form path(o) means:

- A. Thick
- B. Disease
- C. Split
- D. Tumor

Chapter 02 - Word Roots and Combining Forms

41. The combining form onch(o) means:

- A. Tumor
- B. Thick
- C. Split
- D. Disease

42. The combining form bacteri(o) means:

- A. Bacilli
- B. Bacteria
- C. Cancer
- D. Tumor

43. The combining form gonio means:

- A. Back
- B. Place
- C. Angle
- D. Right

44. The combining form mes(o) means:

- A. Straight
- B. Place
- C. Middle
- D. Back

45. The combining form dextr(o) means:

- A. Straight
- B. Right
- C. Middle
- D. Back

Chapter 02 - Word Roots and Combining Forms

46. The combining form dors(o) means:

- A. Straight
- B. Place
- C. Middle
- D. Back

47. The combining form orth(o) means:

- A. Straight
- B. Place
- C. Middle
- D. Back

48. The combining form narc(o) means:

- A. Sleep
- B. Speech
- C. Eat
- D. Breath

49. The combining form phago means:

- A. Sleep
- B. Eat
- C. Speech
- D. Producing

50. The combining form log(o) means:

- A. Thought
- B. Sleep
- C. Breath
- D. Eating

Fill in the Blank Questions

Chapter 02 - Word Roots and Combining Forms

51. A cancerous tumor is a _____ oma

52. The study of structure and function of immune system is _____ logy

53. A white blood cell: _____ cyte

54. The condition of lateral curvature of the spine: _____ sis

55. The graphic record of the electrical activity of a muscle is a _____
myogram

56. Fragmentation of a red blood cells is _____ clasis.

57. The study of the structure of animals and plants is _____ logy

58. The combining term for dry is: _____.

Chapter 02 - Word Roots and Combining Forms

59. The combining term for iron is: _____.

60. The combining term for physical or natural is: _____.

61. The combining term for drugs is: _____.

62. The combining term for fat is: _____.

63. The combining term for distinct or unknown is: _____.

64. The combining term for sugars is: _____.

65. The combining term for blue is: _____.

66. The combining term for bacteria is: _____.

Chapter 02 - Word Roots and Combining Forms

67. The singular of fungi is: _____.

68. The definition of erythr(o) is: _____.

69. The definition of lact(o) is: _____.

70. The definition of phot(o) is: _____.

71. The definition of toxic(o) is: _____.

72. The definition of scler(o) is: _____.

73. The definition of somn(o) is: _____.

74. The definition of onco is: _____.

Chapter 02 - Word Roots and Combining Forms

75. The definition of geront(o) is: _____.

76. The definition of mio is: _____.

77. The definition of fluor(o) is: _____.

78. The definition of phyt(o) is: _____.

79. The definition of radio is: _____.

80. The formation of cartilage is _____ genesis

Multiple Choice Questions

1. The combining form actin(o) means:

- A. Air
- B. Light**
- C. Starch
- D. Weight

The combining form actin(o) means light

Bloom's: Remember

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 0-1 min

Topic: Miscellaneous Combining Forms

2. The combining form aer(o) means:

- A. Starch
- B. Bacterial
- C. Immature cell
- D. Air**

The combining form aer(o) means air

Bloom's: Remember

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 0-1 min

Topic: Body Parts or Elements

Chapter 02 - Word Roots and Combining Forms **Key**

3. The combining form algio means:

- A. Spiny
- B. Chyle
- C. Color
- D. Pain**

The combining form algio means pain

Bloom's: Remember

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 0-1 min

Topic: Sensations or Feelings

4. The combining form amyl(o) means:

- A. Starch**
- B. Spiny
- C. Calcium
- D. Color

The combining form amyl(o) means starch

Bloom's: Remember

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 0-1 min

Topic: Miscellaneous Combining Forms

5. The combining form chrono means:

- A. Plant
- B. Time**
- C. Distant
- D. Dust

The combining form chrono means time

Bloom's: Remember

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 0-1 min

Topic: Miscellaneous Combining Forms

Chapter 02 - Word Roots and Combining Forms **Key**

6. The combining form necr(o) means:

- A. Radiation
- B. Cause
- C. Death**
- D. Pus

The combining form necr(o) means death or dying.

Bloom's: Remember

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 0-1 min

Topic: Miscellaneous Combining Forms

7. The combining form lith(o) means:

- A. Stone**
- B. Old age
- C. Plant
- D. Drugs

The combining form lith(o) means stone

Bloom's: Remember

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 0-1 min

Topic: Miscellaneous Combining Forms

8. The combining form lys(o) means:

- A. Dust
- B. Destruction**
- C. Tension
- D. Pus

The combining form lys(o) means destruction or dissolution

Bloom's: Remember

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 0-1 min

Topic: Miscellaneous Combining Forms

Chapter 02 - Word Roots and Combining Forms **Key**

9. The combining form eti(o) means:

- A. Dust
- B. Plant
- C. Cause**
- D. Night

The combining form eti(o) means cause.

Bloom's: Remember

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 0-1 min

Topic: Miscellaneous Combining Forms

10. The combining form troph(o) means:

- A. Poison
- B. Food**
- C. Night
- D. Milk

The combining form troph(o) means food or nutrition.

Bloom's: Remember

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 0-1 min

Topic: Miscellaneous Combining Forms

11. The combining form phyt(o) means:

- A. Pus
- B. Starch
- C. Plant**
- D. Life

The combining form phyt(o) means plant.

Bloom's: Remember

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 0-1 min

Topic: Miscellaneous Combining Forms

Chapter 02 - Word Roots and Combining Forms **Key**

12. The combining form galact(o) means:

- A. Radiation
- B. Light
- C. Fiber
- D. Milk**

The combining form galact(o) means milk.

Bloom's: Remember

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 0-1 min

Topic: Miscellaneous Combining Forms

13. The combining form stere(o) means:

- A. Poison
- B. Night
- C. Three-dimensional**
- D. Dust

The combining form stere(o) means three-dimensional.

Bloom's: Remember

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 0-1 min

Topic: Miscellaneous Combining Forms

14. The combining form coni(o) means:

- A. Tension
- B. Dust**
- C. Old age
- D. Pus

The combining form coni(o) means dust.

Bloom's: Remember

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 0-1 min

Topic: Miscellaneous Combining Forms

Chapter 02 - Word Roots and Combining Forms **Key**

15. The combining form cyt(o) means:

- A.** Cell
- B. Bladder
- C. Sugars
- D. Calcium

The combining form cyt(o) means cell.

Bloom's: Remember

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 0-1 min

Topic: Body Parts or Elements

16. The combining form lip(o) means:

- A. Glucose
- B.** Fat
- C. Iron
- D. Body

The combining form lip(o) means fat.

Bloom's: Remember

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 0-1 min

Topic: Body Parts or Elements

17. The combining form salping(o) means:

- A.** Tube
- B. Scale
- C. Ketone
- D. Cell

The combining form salping(o) means tube.

Bloom's: Remember

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 0-1 min

Topic: Body Parts or Elements

Chapter 02 - Word Roots and Combining Forms **Key**

18. The combining form somat(o) means:

- A. Iron
- B. Cartilage
- C. Body**
- D. Plasma

The combining form somat(o) means body.

Bloom's: Remember

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 0-1 min

Topic: Body Parts or Elements

19. The combining form cyst(o) means:

- A. Cell
- B. Bladder**
- C. Chyle
- D. Chime

The combining form cyst(o) means bladder.

Bloom's: Remember

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 0-1 min

Topic: Body Parts or Elements

20. The combining form blast(o) means:

- A. Calcium
- B. Bladder
- C. Immature cells**

The combining form blast(o) means immature cells.

Bloom's: Remember

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 0-1 min

Topic: Body Parts or Elements

Chapter 02 - Word Roots and Combining Forms **Key**

21. The combining form esthesi(o) means:

- A.** Sensation
- B. Sound
- C. Heat
- D. Motion

The combining form esthesi(o) means sensation or perception.

Bloom's: Remember

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 0-1 min

Topic: Sensations or Feelings

22. The combining form son(o) means:

- A. Heat
- B. Sensation
- C. Thirst
- D.** Sound

The combining form son(o) means sound.

Bloom's: Remember

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 0-1 min

Topic: Sensations or Feelings

23. The combining form dips(o) means:

- A. Cold
- B.** Thirst
- C. Light
- D. Sound

The combining form dips(o) means thirst.

Bloom's: Remember

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 0-1 min

Topic: Sensations or Feelings

Chapter 02 - Word Roots and Combining Forms **Key**

24. The combining form phot(o) means:

- A. Cold
- B. Thirst
- C. Sound
- D. Light**

The combining form phot(o) means light.

Bloom's: Remember

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 0-1 min

Topic: Sensations or Feelings

25. The combining form kin(o) means:

- A. Sensation
- B. Movement**
- C. Heat
- D. Light

The combining form kin(o) means movement.

Bloom's: Remember

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 0-1 min

Topic: Sensations or Feelings

26. The combining form andr(o) means:

- A. Normal
- B. Masculine**
- C. Large
- D. Smaller

The combining form andr(o) means masculine.

Bloom's: Remember

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 0-1 min

Topic: Factor or Quality

Chapter 02 - Word Roots and Combining Forms **Key**

27. The combining form immun(o) means:

- A. Immune**
- B. Black
- C. Tiny
- D. Normal

The combining form immun(o) means immune.

Bloom's: Remember

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 0-1 min

Topic: Factor or Quality

28. The combining form melan(o) means:

- A. Normal
- B. Distinct
- C. Black**
- D. White

The combining form melan(o) means black.

Bloom's: Remember

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 0-1 min

Topic: Factor or Quality

29. The combining form leuk(o) means:

- A. Black
- B. White**
- C. Large
- D. Small

The combining form leuk(o) means white.

Bloom's: Remember

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 0-1 min

Topic: Factor or Quality

Chapter 02 - Word Roots and Combining Forms **Key**

30. The combining form erythr(o) means:

- A. Black
- B. White
- C. Red**
- D. Blue

The combining form erythr(o) means red.

Bloom's: Remember

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 0-1 min

Topic: Factor or Quality

31. The combining form idi(o) means:

- A. Distinct**
- B. Dry
- C. Safe
- D. Hidden

The combining form idi(o) means distinct or unknown.

Bloom's: Remember

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 0-1 min

Topic: Factor or Quality

32. The combining form chlor(o) means:

- A. Red
- B. Black
- C. Blue
- D. Green**

The combining form chlor(o) means chlorine or green.

Bloom's: Remember

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 0-1 min

Topic: Factor or Quality

Chapter 02 - Word Roots and Combining Forms **Key**

33. The combining form staphyl(o) means:

- A. Yellow
- B. Monster
- C. Twisted chains
- D. Grapelike clusters**

The combining form staphyl(o) means grapelike clusters.

Bloom's: Remember

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 0-1 min

Topic: Factor or Quality

34. The combining form scolio means:

- A. Bent**
- B. Narrowness
- C. Round
- D. Hardness

The combining form scolio means twisted or bent.

Bloom's: Remember

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 0-1 min

Topic: Factor or Quality

35. The combining form pseud(o) means:

- A. Physical
- B. False**
- C. Yellow
- D. Monster

The combining form pseud(o) means false.

Bloom's: Remember

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 0-1 min

Topic: Factor or Quality

Chapter 02 - Word Roots and Combining Forms **Key**

36. The combining form pachy means:

- A. Spasm
- B. Humpback
- C. Thick**
- D. Cancer

The combining form pachy means thick.

Bloom's: Remember

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 0-1 min

Topic: Condition or Condition-related

37. The combining form pyr(o) means:

- A. Red
- B. Fever**
- C. Disease
- D. Tumor

The combining form pyr(o) means fever, fire or heat.

Bloom's: Remember

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 0-1 min

Topic: Condition or Condition-related

38. The combining form schiz(o) means:

- A. Fever
- B. Disease
- C. Split**
- D. Tumor

The combining form schiz(o) means split or division.

Bloom's: Remember

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 0-1 min

Topic: Condition or Condition-related

Chapter 02 - Word Roots and Combining Forms **Key**

39. The combining form carcin(o) means:

- A.** Cancer
- B. Tumor
- C. Disease
- D. Spasm

The combining form carcin(o) means cancer.

Bloom's: Remember

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 0-1 min

Topic: Condition or Condition-related

40. The combining form path(o) means:

- A. Thick
- B.** Disease
- C. Split
- D. Tumor

The combining form path(o) means disease.

Bloom's: Remember

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 0-1 min

Topic: Condition or Condition-related

41. The combining form onch(o) means:

- A.** Tumor
- B. Thick
- C. Split
- D. Disease

The combining form onch(o) means tumor.

Bloom's: Remember

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 0-1 min

Topic: Condition or Condition-related

Chapter 02 - Word Roots and Combining Forms **Key**

42. The combining form bacteri(o) means:

- A. Bacilli
- B. Bacteria**
- C. Cancer
- D. Tumor

The combining form bacteri(o) means bacteria.

Bloom's: Remember

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 0-1 min

Topic: Condition or Condition-related

43. The combining form gonio means:

- A. Back
- B. Place
- C. Angle**
- D. Right

The combining form gonio means angle.

Bloom's: Remember

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 0-1 min

Topic: Position or Location

44. The combining form mes(o) means:

- A. Straight
- B. Place
- C. Middle**
- D. Back

The combining form mes(o) means middle or median.

Bloom's: Remember

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 0-1 min

Topic: Position or Location

Chapter 02 - Word Roots and Combining Forms **Key**

45. The combining form dextr(o) means:

- A. Straight
- B. Right**
- C. Middle
- D. Back

The combining form dextr(o) means right.

Bloom's: Remember

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 0-1 min

Topic: Position or Location

46. The combining form dors(o) means:

- A. Straight
- B. Place
- C. Middle
- D. Back**

The combining form dors(o) means back.

Bloom's: Remember

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 0-1 min

Topic: Position or Location

47. The combining form orth(o) means:

- A. Straight**
- B. Place
- C. Middle
- D. Back

The combining form orth(o) means straight, or normal.

Bloom's: Remember

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 0-1 min

Topic: Position or Location

Chapter 02 - Word Roots and Combining Forms **Key**

48. The combining form narc(o) means:

- A.** Sleep
- B. Speech
- C. Eat
- D. Breath

The combining form narc(o) means sleep or numbness.

Bloom's: Remember
Difficulty: Easy
Time Per Question: 0-1 min
Topic: Body Processes

49. The combining form phago means:

- A. Sleep
- B.** Eat
- C. Speech
- D. Producing

The combining form phago means eating, devouring or swallowing.

Bloom's: Remember
Difficulty: Easy
Time Per Question: 0-1 min
Topic: Body Processes

50. The combining form log(o) means:

- A.** Thought
- B. Sleep
- C. Breath
- D. Eating

The combining form log(o) means speech, words, thought.

Bloom's: Remember
Difficulty: Easy
Time Per Question: 0-1 min
Topic: Body Processes

Fill in the Blank Questions

Chapter 02 - Word Roots and Combining Forms **Key**

51. A cancerous tumor is a _____ oma

carcinoma

Carcin(o) is the combining term for cancer

Bloom's: Understand

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 1-3 mins

Topic: Condition or Condition-related

52. The study of structure and function of immune system is _____ logy

immunology

Immun(o) is the combining term for immune.

Bloom's: Understand

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 1-3 mins

Topic: Condition or Condition-related

53. A white blood cell: _____ cyte

leukocyte

Leuko is the combining term for white.

Bloom's: Understand

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 1-3 mins

Topic: Condition or Condition-related

54. The condition of lateral curvature of the spine: _____ sis

scoliosis

Scolio is the combining term for crooked or bent.

Bloom's: Understand

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 1-3 mins

Topic: Factor or Quality

Chapter 02 - Word Roots and Combining Forms **Key**

55. The graphic record of the electrical activity of a muscle is a _____
myogram

An electromyogram

Electromyogram is graphic record of the electrical activity of a muscle.

Bloom's: Understand

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 1-3 mins

Topic: Miscellaneous Combining Forms

56. Fragmentation of a red blood cells is _____ clasis.

Erythroclasis

Erythroclasis is fragmentation of a red blood cells.

Bloom's: Understand

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 1-3 mins

Topic: Factor or Quality

57. The study of the structure of animals and plants is _____ logy

morphology

Morphology is the study of the structure of animals and plants.

Bloom's: Understand

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 1-3 mins

Topic: Factor or Quality

58. The combining term for dry is: _____.

ichthy(o)

The combining term for dry is ichthy(o).

Bloom's: Understand

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 1-3 mins

Topic: Factor or Quality

Chapter 02 - Word Roots and Combining Forms **Key**

59. The combining term for iron is: _____.

sider(o)

The combining term for iron is sider(o).

Bloom's: Understand

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 1-3 mins

Topic: Body Parts or Elements

60. The combining term for physical or natural is: _____.

physi(o)

The combining term for physical or natural is physi(o).

Bloom's: Understand

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 1-3 mins

Topic: Factor or Quality

61. The combining term for drugs is: _____.

pharmaco

The combining term for drugs is pharmaco.

Bloom's: Understand

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 1-3 mins

Topic: Miscellaneous Combining Forms

62. The combining term for fat is: _____.

lip(o)

The combining term for fat is lip(o).

Bloom's: Understand

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 1-3 mins

Topic: Body Parts or Elements

Chapter 02 - Word Roots and Combining Forms **Key**

63. The combining term for distinct or unknown is: _____.

idi(o)

The combining term for distinct or unknown is idi(o).

Bloom's: Understand
Difficulty: Easy
Time Per Question: 1-3 mins
Topic: Factor or Quality

64. The combining term for sugars is: _____.

glyc(o)

The combining term for sugars is glyc(o).

Bloom's: Understand
Difficulty: Easy
Time Per Question: 1-3 mins
Topic: Body Parts or Elements

65. The combining term for blue is: _____.

cyan(o)

The combining term for blue is cyan(o).

Bloom's: Understand
Difficulty: Easy
Time Per Question: 1-3 mins
Topic: Factor or Quality

66. The combining term for bacteria is: _____.

bacteri(o)

The combining term for bacteria is bacteri(o).

Bloom's: Understand
Difficulty: Easy
Time Per Question: 1-3 mins
Topic: Condition or Condition-related

Chapter 02 - Word Roots and Combining Forms **Key**

67. The singular of fungi is: _____.

fungus

The singular of fungi is fungus.

Bloom's: Understand

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 1-3 mins

Topic: Miscellaneous Combining Forms

68. The definition of erythr(o) is: _____.

red, redness

The definition of erythr(o) is red or redness.

Bloom's: Understand

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 1-3 mins

Topic: Factor or Quality

69. The definition of lact(o) is: _____.

milk

The definition of lact(o) is milk.

Bloom's: Understand

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 1-3 mins

Topic: Miscellaneous Combining Forms

70. The definition of phot(o) is: _____.

light

The definition of phot(o) is light.

Bloom's: Understand

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 1-3 mins

Topic: Sensations or Feelings

Chapter 02 - Word Roots and Combining Forms **Key**

71. The definition of toxic(o) is: _____.

poison or toxin

The definition of toxic(o) is poison or toxin

Bloom's: Understand

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 1-3 mins

Topic: Miscellaneous Combining Forms

72. The definition of scler(o) is: _____.

hardness or hardening

The definition of scler(o) is hardness or hardening.

Bloom's: Understand

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 1-3 mins

Topic: Factor or Quality

73. The definition of somn(o) is: _____.

sleep

The definition of somn(o) is sleep.

Bloom's: Understand

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 1-3 mins

Topic: Body Processes

74. The definition of onco is: _____.

tumor

The definition of onco is tumor.

Bloom's: Understand

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 1-3 mins

Topic: Condition or Condition-related

Chapter 02 - Word Roots and Combining Forms **Key**

75. The definition of geront(o) is: _____.

old age

The definition of geront(o) is old age.

Bloom's: Understand

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 1-3 mins

Topic: Miscellaneous Combining Forms

76. The definition of mio is: _____.

smaller or less

The definition of mio is smaller or less.

Bloom's: Understand

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 1-3 mins

Topic: Factor or Quality

77. The definition of fluor(o) is: _____.

light, luminous, fluroine

The definition of fluor(o) is light, luminous or fluroine

Bloom's: Understand

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 1-3 mins

Topic: Miscellaneous Combining Forms

78. The definition of phyt(o) is: _____.

plant

The definition of phyt(o) is plant

Bloom's: Understand

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 1-3 mins

Topic: Miscellaneous Combining Forms

Chapter 02 - Word Roots and Combining Forms **Key**

79. The definition of radio is: _____.

radiation, x-rays, radius

The definition of radio is radiation, x-rays or radius

Bloom's: Understand

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 1-3 mins

Topic: Miscellaneous Combining Forms

80. The formation of cartilage is _____ genesis

chondrogenesis

Chondro is the combining term for cartilage

Bloom's: Understand

Difficulty: Easy

Time Per Question: 1-3 mins

Topic: Body Parts or Elements