#### Media and Culture An Introduction to Mass Communication 11th Edition Campbell Test Bank

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- 1. The Internet was originally created to transport messages more rapidly for an increasingly sedentary and isolated population.
  - A) True
  - B) False
- 2. The Internet originated as a military and government project.
  - A) True
  - B) False
- 3. ARPAnet is a browser.
  - A) True
  - B) False
- 4. The Internet is a hierarchically structured and centralized network.
  - A) True
  - B) False
- 5. The Internet is owned and operated by the federal government, which has the power to shut it down when necessary.
  - A) True
  - B) False
- 6. Computer engineer Ray Tomlinson established the "loginname@hostcomputer" convention for e-mail addresses.
  - A) True
  - B) False
- 7. The introduction of microprocessors, miniature circuits made of silicon, made personal computers possible.
  - A) True
  - B) False
- 8. HTML stands for "hypertext markup language."
  - A) True
  - B) False

- 9. Netscape overtook Internet Explorer as the most popular Web browser in the late 1990s.
  - A) True
  - B) False
- 10. In the 1990s, AOL was the top Internet service provider in the United States.
  - A) True
  - B) False
- 11. E-mail was one of the earliest services of the Internet.
  - A) True
  - B) False
- 12. By 2014, Bing had nearly 66 percent of the search engine market share.
  - A) True
  - B) False
- 13. Flickr is an online content community for sharing videos.
  - A) True
  - B) False
- 14. In a short time social media has changed the way we consume, relate to, and even produce media.
  - A) True
  - B) False
- 15. Facebook is the most popular social media site on the Internet.
  - A) True
  - B) False
- 16. The BlackBerry was the first popular Internet-capable smartphone in the United States.
  - A) True
  - B) False
- 17. Apple sells 25 million tablets each year.
  - A) True
  - B) False

- 18. MMORPG stands for "massively multiplayer online role-playing game."
  - A) True
  - B) False
- 19. The 1996 Telecommunications Act encouraged mergers and joint ventures among phone companies and cable operators.
  - A) True
  - B) False
- 20. Google is a subsidiary of YouTube.
  - A) True
  - B) False
- 21. Amazon is the world's largest e-commerce store.
  - A) True
  - B) False
- 22. Facebook uses profile information to deliver targeted and personalized ads to its users.
  - A) True
  - B) False
- 23. "Cookies" are files that allow a Web site owner to chart the computer user's movements within the Web site and collect other information about the user.
  - A) True
  - B) False
- 24. Most Web sites follow an "opt-in" data policy when collecting information from online consumers.
  - A) True
  - B) False
- 25. The U.S. Supreme Court ruled that efforts to ban indecent and obscene material on the Web through the Communications Decency Act of 1996 were unconstitutional.
  - A) True
  - B) False

- 26. The Children's Internet Protection Act of 2000 requires schools and libraries that receive federal funds for Internet access to filter out obscene, pornographic, or harmful content Web sites.
  - A) True
  - B) False
- 27. Linux is an example of open-source software.
  - A) True
  - B) False
- 28. According to the textbook, which of the following is *not* a big question about the future of the Internet?
  - A) Who will have access to the Internet?
  - B) Does copyright law apply on the Internet?
  - C) Will there be more video games online?
  - D) Should there be limits on personal data gathering?
  - E) Should we be allowed to share anything on the Internet?
- 29. What was the original motivation for developing the Internet?
  - A) Technical innovation
  - B) Entrepreneurial ambition
  - C) Military-government project
  - D) Popular demand for a more democratic medium of communication
  - E) Desire for a new toy or "novelty"
- 30. Which of the following statements about the Internet is not true?
  - A) One of the goals for its creation and early development was computer time-sharing.
  - B) It is a hierarchical network where some have the power to kick others off the network.
  - C) By 2015, about 89 percent of all U.S. adults were Internet users.
  - D) The development of microprocessors and fiber-optic technology was necessary for the Internet to develop into a marketable medium.
  - E) In its development stage, the Internet was primarily used by universities, government research labs, and corporations involved with high-tech products.

- 31. Which two developments were key to the Internet's marketability?
  - A) Microprocessors and fiber-optic cable
  - B) ARPAnet and microprocessors
  - C) ARPAnet and digitization
  - D) E-commerce and distributed networks
  - E) Moore's Law and the World Wide Web
- 32. The World Wide Web was developed in \_\_\_\_\_.
  - A) the late 1980s
  - B) 1993
  - C) the late 1990s
  - D) 2000
  - E) 2007
- 33. What is the difference between the Internet and the Web?
  - A) Both are competing computer programs; the Web is the more popular one.
  - B) The Internet is international; the Web is local.
  - C) The Internet is a system of linked computers; the Web is a system of linked satellites.
  - D) The Internet is the older version of the Web.
  - E) None of the options are correct.
- 34. The data-linking feature that allows Internet users to skip directly from a highlighted word to a related file in another computer system is called \_\_\_\_\_.
  - A) hypertext
  - B) convergence
  - C) spamming
  - D) Net shorthand
  - E) e-mail
- 35. Which invention brought the Internet to mass audiences?
  - A) Web browsers
  - B) Search engines
  - C) 56K modems
  - D) E-mail
  - E) Computer bulletin boards

- 36. By 2015, what percentage of American households moved from dial-up to faster broadband internet?
  - A) 35 percent
  - B) About 50 percent
  - C) About 81 percent
  - D) 95 percent
  - E) None of the options are correct.

## 37. Today's major ISPs include all *except* which of the following?

- A) Verizon
- B) Comcast
- C) AT&T
- D) Google
- E) Time Warner Cable

### 38. *The Huffington Post* is a leading \_\_\_\_\_.

- A) mash-up video
- B) Wiki Web site
- C) fundraising tool
- D) MMORPG
- E) blog
- 39. Which of the following statements about Wiki Web sites is *true*?
  - A) The posting of information to Wiki Web sites is closely guarded and controlled by a small group of people.
  - B) Wiki Web sites peaked in the early 1990s, but are now irrelevant.
  - C) The most notable example of a Wiki Web site is Wikipedia, the online encyclopedia that is mostly written by users.
  - D) Information on Wiki Web sites is highly reliable and always accurate.
  - E) All of the options are correct.
- 40. Content communities on the Web include which of the following?
  - A) FanFiction.net
  - B) YouTube
  - C) Flickr
  - D) Vimeo
  - E) All of the options are correct.

- 41. According to the textbook, what is the most popular social networking site?
  - A) Twitter
  - B) Google+
  - C) MySpace
  - D) Facebook
  - E) eBay

42. What is the operating system of choice for hackers?

- A) Linux
- B) Chrome
- C) Internet Explorer
- D) MS Edge
- E) Solaris
- 43. *Second Life* is an example of a(n) \_\_\_\_\_.
  - A) smartphone
  - B) virtual social world
  - C) Web browser
  - D) ISP
  - E) Wiki Web site
- 44. According to the textbook, which of the following technological advances have contributed to the rise of media convergence?
  - A) The development of wireless networks, making it easier for people to access the Internet almost anywhere
  - B) Broadband Internet connections, which improved the multimedia capabilities of computers
  - C) The development of Internet-capable cell phones
  - D) The rise of the personal computer industry in the mid-1970s
  - E) All of the options are correct.
- 45. Which one of the following is an example of media convergence?
  - A) The tendency of news media to focus on local stories
  - B) The use of tablets to access different forms of traditional media, like books and movies
  - C) The theory that there are more and more media outlets
  - D) The way media coverage tends to follow a mob mentality in reporting
  - E) The idea that every media format will eventually be replaced by another

- 46. Which one of the following statements about media convergence is not true?
  - A) Consumers can now access television shows, newspapers, and books on their computers.
  - B) Convergence took off at the same time as the rise of the personal computer industry in the 1970s.
  - C) Consumers now have the ability to access Internet-distributed content through their television sets.
  - D) Consumers often use more than one device to access media content.
  - E) All of the options are correct.
- 47. Which one of the following statements about Apple's iPad is true?
  - A) It solely functions as a device for reading e-books.
  - B) It has been Apple's fastest-growing product line, and newer versions include things like cameras, thinner devices, watches, and faster graphics.
  - C) The Apple iPad will probably not have any competition from other companies/devices in the near future.
  - D) The iPad functions like a larger iPod shuffle.
  - E) You have to attach a mouse and keyboard to the iPad in order to use it.
- 48. By 2016, about how many apps were available for Apple devices?
  - A) 35,000
  - B) 100,000
  - C) 375,000
  - D) 750,000
  - E) 1,600,000
- 49. Apple's response to which of the following established the new media economics?
  - A) Napster
  - B) Facebook
  - C) Google+
  - D) AOL
  - E) All of the options are correct.
- 50. Hypertext inventor Tim Berners-Lee published an article in 2001 that introduced the idea of the \_\_\_\_\_.
  - A) World Wide Web
  - B) voice recognition assistant
  - C) Semantic Web
  - D) ISP
  - E) smartphone

- 51. While no one owns the Internet, some businesses have had commercial success controlling parts of the Internet experience. Which of the following endeavors has/have been commercially successful?
  - A) Providing physical access to the Internet through phone, cable, and satellite links
  - B) Selling advertising space on the Internet
  - C) Designing and providing programs that allow users to network with others over the Internet
  - D) Designing and running directories and search engines
  - E) All of the options are correct.
- 52. Yahoo!'s business method has been to make itself an all-purpose entry point, or \_\_\_\_\_, to the Internet
  - A) ISP
  - B) algorithm
  - C) Web browser
  - D) portal
  - E) search engine
- 53. Why did AOL begin losing customers in the early 2000s?
  - A) It didn't provide instant messaging.
  - B) It couldn't keep up with the advent of broadband Internet connections.
  - C) It didn't screen out pornographic sites.
  - D) It merged with Time Warner.
  - E) It merged with Google.
- 54. Which statement about the business model of Google is true?
  - A) Google makes the majority of its money from subscription fees.
  - B) Google makes the majority of its money from pay-per-click advertisements.
  - C) Google is a nonprofit organization dedicated to universal access to information.
  - D) The majority of Google's revenue comes from selling its cloud-based word processing program.
  - E) None of the options are correct.

- 55. Which of the following statements about targeted advertising is *not true?* 
  - A) It is a passing fad because it is unpopular with advertisers and generates very little revenue.
  - B) It is a big part of the revenue of sites like Google and Facebook.
  - C) Some versions read your e-mail messages to find key words that trigger specific ads.
  - D) It may undermine the role of search engines to provide neutral access to information.
  - E) It may turn search engines into ad brokers.
- 56. What is spyware and what does it do?
  - A) It is a way for the government to figure out if you are accessing pornography online.
  - B) It was software developed by the Defense Department's Advanced Research Projects for spying on Russia.
  - C) It is a computer program that lets you access secret information from sources like WikiLeaks.
  - D) It is a computer program that is secretly bundled with other software that allows someone to collect private information.
  - E) None of the options are correct.
- 57. Which of the following is *not* a threat to privacy of personal information on the Internet?
  - A) Government surveillance
  - B) Data mining
  - C) Cookies
  - D) Digital archiving
  - E) Online fraud
- 58. Which of the following best describes an "opt-in" Internet policy?
  - A) A policy that assumes a Web site has the right to collect and share your information
  - B) A policy of inserting spyware on unsuspecting computers
  - C) A policy whereby consumers have to give their consent before a Web site can collect any browsing history data
  - D) A policy favored by marketers and data-mining corporations
  - E) A policy of tricking search engines into including Web sites in their search results

- 59. The law that grants sweeping powers to law-enforcement agencies to intercept individuals' online communications, including e-mail messages and browsing records is the \_\_\_\_\_.
  - A) Communications Decency Act
  - B) Telecommunications Act.
  - C) USA PATRIOT Act
  - D) Child Online Protection Act
  - E) Children's Internet Protection Act.
- 60. A form of Internet identity theft involving phony e-mail messages asking customers to update their credit card numbers, account passwords, and other personal information is called \_\_\_\_\_.
  - A) spamming
  - B) data-mining
  - C) targeting
  - D) open sourcing
  - E) phishing
- 61. What does the term *digital divide* refer to?
  - A) The ability of the rich to have access to the latest information technology while the poor do not
  - B) The length of time it takes for messages to travel between two continents
  - C) The competition between software companies
  - D) The programming gap between using a Microsoft operating system and a system like Linux
  - E) The difference in quality between an analog and a digital recording
- 62. According to the American Library Association, what are the limitations of trying to protect children from inappropriate material on the Internet?
  - A) It's annoying to have to disable the filters every time an adult wants to access that material.
  - B) There is no way to filter out all illegal content but still allow access to constitutionally protected materials.
  - C) Current filtering software doesn't block enough material.
  - D) There isn't enough federal funding for all schools and libraries to have the filtering software.
  - E) There are no limitations.

- 63. Which of the following statements about Linux software is true?
  - A) It's free.
  - B) Many people have contributed to its development.
  - C) It is most often found on operating servers rather than PC desktops.
  - D) It was established by Linus Torvalds in 1991.
  - E) All of the options are correct.
- 64. Designed by the U.S. Defense Department's Advanced Research Projects Agency, the original Internet was called \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 65. \_\_\_\_\_\_ is made of thin glass bundles that transmit thousands of messages simultaneously via laser light.
- 66. Invented in the 1980s, the \_\_\_\_\_\_ is the most popular part of the Internet and is essentially the navigation system for it.
- 67. *HTML* stands for "hypertext \_\_\_\_\_\_ language."
- 68. Web navigation software packages such as Firefox and Microsoft's Internet Explorer are known as \_\_\_\_\_.
- 69. *ISP* stands for Internet \_\_\_\_\_\_ provider.
- 70. Although email remains a standard for business-related text communications in the digital era, it has been surpassed in popularity by \_\_\_\_\_\_, which enables typed conversations in real time. Instant messages are less formal and more conversational, and the style sparked a number of now-common abbreviations, including OMG, LOL, and LMAO."
- 71. \_\_\_\_\_ contain articles in chronological, journal-like form, often with reader comments and links to other articles on the Web.
- 72. YouTube is an example of an online video \_\_\_\_\_\_ community.
- 73. The Kindle Fire and iPad are examples of touchscreen \_\_\_\_\_\_.

- 74. Apple's voice-recognition software, Siri, is an example of the
- 75. The socioeconomic disparity between those who do and those who do not have access to digital technology and media such as the Internet is sometimes referred to as the
- 76. Written code that creates Web pages and links is called \_\_\_\_\_.
- 77. \_\_\_\_\_ are thin glass bundles capable of transmitting thousands of messages.
- 78. Facebook is an example of a(n) \_\_\_\_\_.

\_\_\_\_\_

- 79. The \_\_\_\_\_\_is the most frequently visited region of the Internet.
- 80. A(n) \_\_\_\_\_ is a procedure whereby Web sites ask for your explicit permission before they can collect browsing history or other data.
- 81. The \_\_\_\_\_ were an FCC plan twice rejected by federal courts.
- 82. AOL is an example of a(n) \_\_\_\_\_.
- 83. \_\_\_\_\_ is a term that describes the gap between the information "haves" and "have-nots."
- 84. Name a group that worked to establish the early Internet. Explain the motivation for developing the Internet.
- 85. Many experts agree that one of the major characteristics that make the Internet unique is that it cannot be centrally controlled. Explain why and how this came about.
- 86. What are the key issues involving ownership and control of the Internet?

- 87. Briefly describe how digital communication has progressed from e-mail.
- 88. What is social media? Give at least three examples.
- 89. Briefly explain how the converging of media content on the Internet, from movies to books to music, came about.
- 90. Why do consumer advocates tend to favor the "opt-in" policy and marketers the "opt-out" policy for the collection of browsing history data?

# Answer Key

- 1. B
- 2. A
- 3. B
- 4. B 5. B
- 6. A
- 7. A
- 8. A
- 9. B
- 10. A
- 11. A
- 12. B
- 13. B 14. A
- 14. A
- 16. A
- 17. A
- 18. A
- 19. B
- 20. B 21. A
- 21. A
- 23. A
- 24. B
- 25. A
- 26. A 27. A
- 28. C
- 29. E
- 30. B
- 31. A
- 32. A 33. E
- 33. Е 34. А
- 35. A
- 36. C
- 37. D
- 38. E
- 39. C
- 40. E
- 41. D 42. A
- 43. B
- 44. E

Page 15

### 45. B

- 46. B
- 47. B
- 48. E 49. A
- 50. C
- 51. E
- 52. D
- 53. B
- 54. B
- 55. A
- 56. D
- 57. D
- 58. C
- 59. C
- 60. E
- 61. A
- 62. B
- 63. E
- 64. ARPAnet
- 65. Fiber-optic cable
- 66. World Wide Web
- 67. markup
- 68. browsers
- 69. service
- 70. instant messaging
- 71. Blogs
- 72. content
- 73. tablets
- 74. Semantic Web
- 75. digital divide
- 76. HTML
- 77. Fiber-optic cables
- 78. social media site
- 79. World Wide Web
- 80. opt-in policy
- 81. 2010 net neutrality rules
- 82. Internet service provider
- 83. Digital divide
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