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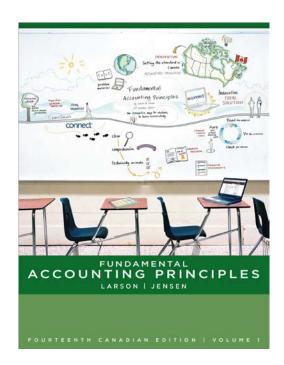
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SOLUTIONS MANUAL

to accompany

Fundamental Accounting Principles

14th Canadian Edition by Larson/Jensen



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Chapter 2 Analyzing and Recording Transactions

Chapter Opening Critical Thinking Challenge Questions*

"Financial health" can be interpreted in a number of ways. It could refer to an organization's ability to meet long-term goals. One of the key factors in predicting long-term viability is to have an accurate understanding of the organization's financial position. From an operational perspective, "financial health" could mean having adequate resources and systems in place to meet current objectives.

*The Chapter 2 Critical Thinking Challenge questions are asked at the beginning of the chapter. Students are reminded at the conclusion of the chapter, to refer to the Critical Thinking Challenge questions at the beginning of the chapter. The solutions to the Critical Thinking Challenge questions are available here in the Solutions Manual and accessible to students on the Online Learning Centre.

Concept Review Questions

- 1. The fundamental steps in the accounting process are those involved in the accounting cycle: Analyze transactions to determine if an economic exchange has taken place and, if so, journalize and post the transaction. An unadjusted trial balance is then prepared to help identify potential adjustments. Appropriate adjusting entries are journalized and posted and an adjusted trial balance is generated from which the financial statements are prepared. Closing entries are then journalized and posted. Finally, a post-closing trial balance is prepared.
- 2. A note receivable is a document that specifies the fixed amount due to a company on a fixed date or on demand. An account receivable is also an amount due to a company, but the amount can be increased by the debtor by making additional purchases. An account receivable is not a single document but represents the result of several written, oral, or implied promises to pay the creditor.
- 3. Fifteen possible expense accounts might be: Utilities Expense, Telephone Expense, Internet Expense, Office Supplies Expense, Salaries Expense, Wages Expense, Entertainment Expense, Travel Expense, Repair Expense, Postage Expense, Printing Expense, Advertising Expense, Interest Expense, Equipment Repair Expense, Insurance Expense, and any number of others.
- 4. Four different asset accounts would include any of the following from Danier's June 25, 2011 balance sheet: Cash, Accounts receivable, Inventories, Prepaid expenses, Future income taxes asset, Property and equipment, or Intangible assets. Three different liability accounts would include any of the following: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities; Income taxes payable; or Deferred lease inducements and rent liability.
- 5. Expense accounts have debit balances because they reflect decreases in equity.
- 6. Three debit balance accounts from WestJet's December 31, 2011 balance sheet might include any of the following: Cash and cash equivalents; Restricted cash; Accounts receivable; Prepaid expenses, deposits and other; Inventory; Property and equipment; Intangible assets; or Other assets. Three credit balance accounts might include any of the following: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities; Advance ticket sales; Non-refundable guest credits; Current portion of long-term debt; Current portion of obligations under finance leases; Maintenance provisions; Long-term debt; Obligations under finance leases; Other liabilities; Deferred income tax; Share capital; Equity reserves; or Retained earnings.
- 7. A General Journal can be used to record any economic transaction.
- 8. Debited accounts are recorded first. The credited accounts are indented.
- 9. A transaction should first be recorded in a journal to create a complete record of the transaction in one place. Then the transaction is posted to the ledger where entries are summarized by type, i.e., cash, accounts payable, interest expense, etc., to enable analysis by account. This arrangement also means that fewer errors will be made in the accounts.
- 10. The bookkeeper prepares a trial balance to summarize the contents of the ledger and to determine whether equal debits and credits have been recorded. The trial balance also serves as a helpful internal document for preparing the financial statements.

QUICK STUDY

Quick Study 2-1

Answer	Answer Detail	Account
Α	Asset	1. Buildings
E	Expenses (Equity)	2. Building Repair Expense
E	Expenses (Equity)	3. Wages Expense
L	Liability	4. Wages Payable
Α	Asset	5. Notes Receivable
L	Liability	6. Notes Payable
Α	Asset	7. Prepaid Advertising
E	Expenses (Equity)	8. Advertising Expense
L	Liability	9. Advertising Payable
L	Liability	10. Unearned Advertising
R	Revenues (Equity)	11. Advertising Fees Earned
R	Revenues (Equity)	12. Interest Earned
E	Expenses (Equity)	13. Interest Expense
L	Liability	14. Interest Payable
R	Revenues (Equity)	15. Earned Subscription Fees
L	Liability	16. Unearned Subscription Fees
Α	Asset	17. Prepaid Subscription Fees
Α	Asset	18. Supplies
E	Expenses (Equity)	19. Supplies Expense
R	Revenues (Equity)	20. Rent Revenue
L	Liability	21. Unearned Rent Revenue
Α	Asset	22. Prepaid Rent
L	Liability	23. Rent Payable
R	Revenues (Equity)	24. Service Fees Earned
W	Owner's Withdrawals (Equity)	25. Jan Sted, Withdrawals
OE	Owner's Capital (Equity)	26. Jan Sted, Capital
E	Expenses (Equity)	27. Salaries Expense
L	Liability	28. Salaries Payable
Α	Asset	29. Furniture
Α	Asset	30. Equipment

Accounts R	Accounts Receivable		Payable	Service Revenue		
1,000	1,000 650		250	13,000		
400	920	900	1,800	2,500		
920	1,500	650	1,400	810		
3,000			650	3,500		
Bal. 2,250			2,300 Bal.	19,810 Bal.		

Utilities Expens	se Ca	sh	Notes Payable		
610	3,900	2,400	4,000	50,000	
520	17,800	3,900	8,000		
390	14,500	21,800		38,000 Bal.	
275	340		·		
Bal. 1,795	Bal. 8,440				

Quick Study 2-3

a.	Equipment	Debit
b.	Land	Debit
C.	Al Tait, Withdrawals	Debit
d.	Rent Expense	Debit
e.	Interest Revenue	Credit
f.	Prepaid Rent	Debit
g.	Accounts Receivable	Debit
h.	Office Supplies	Debit
i.	Notes Receivable	Debit
j.	Notes Payable	Credit
k.	Al Tait, Capital	Credit
l.	Rent Earned	Credit
m.	Rent Payable	Credit
n.	Interest Expense	Debit
ο.	Interest Payable	Credit

Quick Study 2-4

a.	Credit	f.	Credit	k.	Debit
b.	Credit	g.	Debit	I.	Credit
C.	Credit	h.	Credit	m.	Debit
d.	Debit	i.	Debit	n.	Debit
6.	Credit	i.	Debit	0.	Debit

a.	Credit	f.	Debit	k. Credit
b.	Debit	g.	Credit	I. Debit
c.	Credit	h.	Credit	m. Debit
d.	Debit	i.	Credit	n. Credit
e.	Credit	j.	Debit	o. Credit

Quick Study 2-6

Note: Students could choose any account number within the specified range.

a.	173	f.	203	k.	629
b.	409	g.	106	l.	219
C.	302	h.	622	m.	222
d.	301	i.	124	n.	170
e.	128	j.	403	О.	115

Quick Study 2-7

1.

				Acc	ounts					
Cash 101			F	Receivable 106				Furniture 161		
	(a) 15,000	500 (c)	(e)	700	300	(g)	(b) 2,000			
	(d) 1,000	500 (f)	(h)	400			(c) 500			
	(g) 300									
	Bal. 15,300		Bal.	800			Bal. 2,500			

Acco	unts	Del Martin,	
Paya	ble 201	Capital 301	Revenue 403
(f) 500	2,000 (b)	15,000 (a)	1,000 (d) 700 (e) 400 (h)
	1,500 Bal.	15,000 Bal.	2,100 Bal.

2. The account balance for each T-account is shown above. The accounting equation (Assets = Liabilities + Equity) is proved as follows: \$18,600 = \$1,500 + \$17,100

1 & 2.

	Cas	sh	101	Acco	unts Re	eceivable	e 106		C	ar	150	Ac	counts l	Payable	202
Apr 30	15,000	6,000	May 15	Apr 30	3,200	4,000	May 16	May 2	8,000			May 22	3,000	6,000	Apr 30
May 12	10,000	3,000	May 22	May 10	4,000			Bal.	8,000					3,000	Bal.
May 16	4,000			Bal.	3,200										
Bal.	20,000														
				_					_			_	_		
Une	earned Re	evenue	205	De	e Bell, (Capital	301		Reve	enue	410	V	Vages E	xpense	650
		1,800	Apr 30			8,900	Apr 30	· ·		3,000	Apr 30	Apr 30	1,500		
		10,000	May 12			8,000	May 2			4,000	May 10	May 15	6,000		
		11,800	Bal.			16,900	Bal.			7,000	Bal.	Bal.	7,500		

3. The account balance for each T-account is shown above. The accounting equation (Assets = Liabilities + Equity) is proved as follows: \$31,200 = \$14,800 + \$16,400

		General Journal		Page 1
Date 2014		Account Titles and Explanations	Debit	Credit
May	1	Equipment	500	500
	2	Accounts Payable Cash Paid for the equipment purchased May 1.	500	500
	3	Supplies Cash Purchased supplies for cash.	100	100
	4	Wages Expense Cash Paid wages to employees.	2,000	2,000
	5	Cash Service Revenue Performed services for a client for cash.	750	750
	6	Accounts Receivable Service Revenue Did work for a customer on credit.	2,500	2,500
	7	CashAccounts Receivable	2,500	2,500

		General Journal		Page 1
Date 2014		Account Titles and Explanations	Debit	Credit
Jan.	3	Cash Equipment Stan Adams, Capital	60,000 40,000	100,000
	4	Office SuppliesAccounts Payable	340	340
	6	CashLandscaping Services Revenue	5,200	5,200
	15	Accounts Payable Cash Paid part of the January 4 credit purchase.	200	200
	16	Office Supplies Accounts Payable Purchased supplies on account.	700	700
	30	Accounts Payable Cash Paid the balance owing re January 4 credit purchase; 340 – 200 paid on Jan. 15 = 140.	140	140

Date

2014

6

Jan.

	Cash				ount No. 10
Date	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014					
Jan. 3			60,000		60,00
6			5,200		65,20
15				200	65,00
30				140	64,86
	Office Supplies			Acc	ount No. 12
Date	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014	•				
Jan. 4			340		34
16			700		1,04
	Equipment				ount No. 1
Date	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014					
Jan. 3			40,000		40,00
	Accounts Payable			Acc	ount No. 20
Date	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014					
Jan. 4				340	34
15			200		14
16				700	84
30			140		70
	Stan Adams, Capital			Acc	ount No. 3
Date	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014	•				
Jan. 3				100,000	100,0
ı			'	, ,	•
	Landscaping Services Revenue			Acc	ount No. 40
	i V				

Balance

5,200

PR

Debit

Credit

5,200

Explanation

Vahn Landscaping Trial Balance January 31, 2014

Acct.	Account	Debit	Credit
No.			
101	Cash	\$ 7,000	
163	Equipment	9,000	
233	Unearned fees		\$ 2,000
301	Brea Vahn, capital		14,000
302	Brea Vahn, withdrawals	1,000	
401	Fees earned	•	11,000
640	Rent expense	6,000	
690	Utilities expense	4,000	
	Totals	\$27,000	\$27,000

Quick Study 2-13

The correct answer is c. If a \$2,250 debit to Rent Expense is incorrectly posted as a credit, the effect is to understate the Rent Expense debit balance by \$4,500. This causes the Debit column total on the trial balance to be \$4,500 less than the Credit column total.

Quick Study 2-14

- 1. Subtract total debits in the trial balance from total credits
 - 24,250 21,550 = 2,700
- 2. Divide the difference by 9

$$2.700 \div 9 = 300$$

- 3. The quotient equals the difference between the two transposed numbers.
 - 300 is the difference between the two transposed numbers.
- 4. The number of digits in the quotient tells us the location of the transposition Look for a difference of 3 between the third number from the right and the fourth number from the right.

Through a process of elimination, the incorrect value is Rent Expense for 4,100. The correct value must be 1,400.

Proof: Recalculate the trial balance replacing \$1,400 for the incorrect \$4,100 and the trial balance now balances at \$21,550.

1. Subtract total debits in the trial balance from total credits

$$728 - 503 = 225$$

2. Divide the difference by 9

$$225 \div 9 = 25$$

The quotient equals the incorrect number.

Through a review of the values in the trial balance, the incorrect value is Notes Payable for \$25. The correct value must be \$250.

Proof: Recalculate the trial balance replacing \$250 for the incorrect \$25 and the trial balance now balances at \$728.

EXERCISES

Exercise 2-1 (30 minutes)

Cash				
(a)	32,600	925	(b)	
(d)	3,000	13,600	(e)	
(h)	5,400	3,500	(g)	
		5,000	(i)	
Balance	17,975			
	Accounts R	eceivabl	е	

Accounts Receivable			
(f)	5,400	5,400	(h)
Balance	0		

Office Supplies		
(b)	925	
Balance	925	
		'

Office Equipment		
(c)	(c) 13,600	
Balance	13,600	

Accounts Payable			
(e)	13,600	13,600	(c)
		0	Balance
	Sandra Mos	ses, Capital	
		32,600	(a)
		22 600	Balance

Sandra Moses, Withdrawals			
(i)	5,000		
Balance	5,000		

Fees Earned		
	3,000	(d)
	5,400	(f)
	8,400	Balance

Rent Expense		
(g)	3,500	
Balance	3,500	

Exercise 2-2 (10 minutes)

Cash				
Jan.	31	890	4,000	Feb. 14
Feb.	2	3,100	125	23
	20	2,400	1,000	25
	22	10,000	1,600	26
Bal.		9,665		

Neil Poundmaker, Capital			
	800	Jan. 31	
	800	Bal.	

Accounts Receivable				
Jan.	31	1,200	2,400	Feb. 20
Feb.	12	15,000	10,000	Feb. 22
	18	1,900		
Bal.		5,700		

Neil Poundmaker, Withdrawals				
Jan. 31	-0-			
Feb. 25	1,000			
Bal.	1,000			

	Prepaid I	nsurance
Jan. 31	-0-	
Feb. 14	4,000	
Bal.	4,000	

Service	Revenue		
	2,600	Jan.	31
	3,100	Feb.	2
	15,000		12
	1,900		18
	22,600	Bal.	

Computer Equipment			
Jan.	31	480	
Feb.	10	7,600	
Bal.		8.080	

Wages Expense			
Jan. 31	1,080		
Feb. 26	1,600		
Bal.	2,680		

Accounts Payable				
Feb. 23 125 250 Jan. 31				
			125	Bal.

NOTE: There is no entry to be recorded for February 21.

Notes Payable			
	-0-	Jan. 31	
	7,600	Feb. 10	
	7,600	Bal.	

Analysis component:

Revenue recognition requires that when work has been completed, it must be recorded whether cash has been received or not. A transaction has occurred when there has been an economic exchange — when something has been given up or received. On February 12, services were performed and, although cash will not be received until a future date, a revenue must be recorded because an economic exchange has occurred.

Exercise 2-3 (10 minutes)

Cash				
Mar. 31	1,800	1,000	Apr. 1	0
Apr. 2	2,100	950	1	5
19	2,800	1,500	2	9
Bal.	3.250			

neis Sigurasen, witharawais			
Mar. 31	500		
Apr. 29	1,500		
Bal.	2,000		

Accounts Receivable				
Mar.	31	4,800	2,800	Apr. 19
Apr.	18	1,200		
Bal.		3,200		

Repair Revenue			
	14,000	Mar. 31	
	2,100	Apr. 2	
	1,200	18	
	17,300	Bal.	

	Repair Suppl	ies
Mar. 31	1,400	
Apr. 9	1,500	
Bal.	2,900	

Rent Expense			
Mar. 31	950		
Apr. 25	820		
Bal.	1,770		

Equipment			
Mar. 31	7,400		
Apr. 15	950		
Bal.	8,350		

Accounts Payable					
Apr.	10	1,000	500	Mar.	31
			1,500	Apr.	9
			820		25
			1.820	Bal.	

Nels Sigurdsen, Capital			
	2,350	Mar. 31	
	2.350	Bal.	

NOTE: There is no entry to be recorded for April 5.

Exercise 2-4 (45 minutes)

2.

Date		GENERAL JOURNAL Account Titles and Explanations	PR	Debit	Page 1 Credit
2014 July	1	Cash Mira Delco, Capital To record investment by owner.	101 301	5,000	5,000
	10	Equipment Accounts Payable Purchased equipment on credit.	150 201	2,500	2,500
	12	Cash Revenue Performed services for cash.	101 401	10,000	10,000
	14	Expenses Cash Paid expenses.	501 101	3,500	3,500
	15	Accounts Receivable Revenue Completed services on account.	106 401	1,500	1,500
	31	Mira Delco, Withdrawals Cash Owner withdrew cash.	302 101	250	250

Note: The account numbers in the PR column above would be included only during the posting of these journal entries into the ledger accounts in Part 3 of this exercise.

Exercise 2-4 (continued)

*Note: The student could use T-accounts or balance column format accounts as their general ledger. Both are shown in this solution.

1 and 3.

i dila o.			
	Ca	ish	101
July 1	5,000	3,500	July 14
12	10,000	250	31
Balance	11,250		
	Accts. Re	ceivable	106
July 15	1,500		
	Equip	mont	150
luby 40		IIIGIIL	130
July 10	2,500		
	Accoun	ts Payable	201
		2,500	July 10
		Delco,	
	Cap		301
		5,000	July 1
	Mira [Delco,	
		rawals	302
July 24		awais	302
July 31	250		
	Rever	nue	401
•		10,000	July 12
		1,500	15
		11,500	Balance
	Expe	neae	501
July 14	3,500	11303	301
July 14	3,500		
		l	

Exercise 2-4 (continued)

1 and 3.

	Cash			Acc	ount No. 101
	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
					_
1		G1	5,000		5,000
12		G1	10,000		15,000
14		G1		3,500	11,500
31		G1		250	11,250
	Accounts Receivable			Acc	ount No. 106
	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
15		G1	1,500		1,500
	Equipment			Acc	ount No. 150
	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
10		G1	2,500		2,500
	Accounts Payable			Acc	ount No. 201
	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
					_
10		G1		2,500	2,500
	Mira Delco, Capital			Acc	ount No. 301
	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
1		G1		5,000	5,000
	Mira Delco, Withdrawals			Acc	ount No. 302
	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
	-				
31		G1	250		250
I	Revenue			Acc	ount No. 401
	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
	•				
12	F 22 22 2	G 1		10,000	10,000
12 15	F 2 2 2 2	G1 G1		10,000 1,500	10,000 11,500
				1,500	11,500
	Expenses Explanation		Debit	1,500	•
	Expenses	G1	Debit	1,500 Acc	11,500 count No. 501
	12 14 31 15	Explanation 1	Explanation	Explanation	Explanation

Exercise 2-4 (continued)

4.

MiraCom Trial Balance July 31, 2014

Acct.			
No.	Account Title	Debit	Credit
101	Cash	\$11,250	
106	Accounts receivable	1,500	
150	Equipment	2,500	
201	Accounts payable		\$ 2,500
301	Mira Delco, capital		5,000
302	Mira Delco, withdrawals	250	
401	Revenue		11,500
501	Expenses	3,500	
	Totals	\$19,000	\$19,000

Exercise 2-4 (concluded)

5.

MiraCom Income Statement For Month Ended July 31, 2014

Revenue Expenses Net income					500 <u>500</u> 000	
Statement of For Month E Mira Delco, capital, July 1 Add: Investments by owner	nded July 3	1, 2014 	\$5,000	\$	0	
Net income Total Less: Withdrawals by owner Mira Delco, capital, July 31			<u>8,000</u> ◀	13,	000 000 <u>250</u> 7 <u>50</u>	The arrows are imaginary but emphasize the link between statements.
	Mira	Com				Statements.
	Balanc	e Sheet				'
	July 3	1, 2014				
Assets			Liabi	lities		! !
CashAccounts receivable	\$11,250 1,500	Accou	nts payak	ole		\$ 2,500
Equipment	2,500		<i>Equ</i> elco, capi iabilities a	ital		<u>12,750</u>
Total assets	<u>\$15,250</u>	equi	ty			<u>\$15,250</u>

Analysis component:

Accounts receivable result from credit sales to customers (debit accounts receivable and credit a revenue). Sales, or revenue, is part of equity. As revenues on account are recorded, assets on the left side of the accounting equation increase and equity on the opposite side of the accounting equation also increases. Therefore, accounts receivable are financed by, or created by, an equity transaction.

Exercise 2-5 (10 minutes)

Note: Students could choose any account number within the specified range.

Account	
Number	Account Name
101	Cash
115	Accounts Receivable
160	Office Equipment
210	Accounts Payable
215	Unearned Revenue
310	Aaron Paquette, Capital
320	Aaron Paquette, Withdrawals
410	Consulting Revenues
510	Salaries Expense
520	Rent Expense
530	Utilities Expense

Exercise 2-6 (30 minutes)

1.		General Journal		Page G1		
Date 2014		Account Titles and Explanations	PR	Debit	Credit	
Feb.	1	Cash	101	8,500		
		Consulting Revenues Performed work for cash.	410		8,500	
	5	Accounts Payable	210	5,000		
		CashPaid account.	101		5,000	
	10	Cash	101	3,600		
		Unearned Revenue Received cash in advance.	215		3,600	
	12	No entry.				
	17	Aaron Paquette, Withdrawals	320	3,000		
		CashOwner withdrew cash.	101		3,000	
	28	Salaries Expense	510	10,000		
		Cash Paid salaries.	101		10,000	

Note: The account numbers in the PR column above would be included only during the posting of these journal entries into the ledger accounts in Part 2 of this exercise.

Exercise 2-6 (continued)

2.

					Accounts						
	Cas	h	101	F	Receivable	115	Offic	e Equipment	160	Accounts Payable	210
Bal	15,000	5,000	Feb 5	Bal	3,800		Bal	22,500		Feb 5 5,000 8,000) Bal
Feb 1	8,500	3,000	17							3,000) Bal
10	3,600	10,000	28							·	
Bal	9,100		_								
				Aar	on Paquette,		Aaro	n Paquette,			
Unea	rned Rev	/enue	215		Capital	310	Wi	thdrawals	320	Consulting Revenue	es 410
		2,600	Bal		9,500	Bal	Bal	2,000		41,70	0 Bal
		3,600	Feb 10				Feb 17	3,000	<u> </u>	8,50	0 Feb 1
		6,200	Bal				Bal	5,000		50,20	0 Bal
Sala	ries Exp	ense	510	Rer	nt Expense	520	Utilitie	s Expense	530		
Bal	10,000	•		Bal	7,500		Bal	1,000			
Feb 28	10,000		_								
Bal	20,000										

3.

Paquette Advisors Trial Balance February 28, 2014

Acct.			
No.	Account Title	Debit	Credit
101	Cash	\$ 9,100	
115	Accounts receivable	3,800	
160	Office equipment	22,500	
210	Accounts payable		\$ 3,000
215	Unearned revenue		6,200
310	Aaron Paquette, capital		9,500
320	Aaron Paquette, withdrawals	5,000	
410	Consulting revenues		50,200
510	Salaries expense	20,000	
520	Rent expense	7,500	
530	Utilities expense	1,000	
	Totals	<u>\$68,900</u>	<u>\$68,900</u>

4.

Paquette Advisors Income Statement For Two Months Ended February 28, 2014

Revenues:			
Consulting revenues	•••••	. \$50,200	
Operating expenses:		¢20,000	,
Salaries expense			The arrows are imaginary !
Rent expense			but emphasize the link
Utilities expense Total operating expenses			between statements.
Net income			
Net income		<u>Ψ21,700</u>	
5.			
Pac	quette Adviso	ors	
Statement	of Changes	in Equity	1
For Two Month	s Ended Feb	oruary 28, 2014	
Aaron Paquette, capital, March 1			0
Add: Investments by owner			
Net income			<u>200</u>
Total			
Less: Withdrawals by owner			<u>000</u>
Aaron Paquette, capital, February	/ 28	. <u>\$26,</u>	<u>200</u>
6.			į
0.	Paquette	Advisors	
		e Sheet	
	February	28, 2014	;
Assets	•	Liabilities	
Cash	\$ 9,100	Accounts payable	
Accounts receivable	3,800	Unearned revenue	
Office equipment	22,500	Total liabilities	\$ 9,200
		Equity	22 222 4
		Aaron Paquette, capital	<u>26,200</u> ◄
Total accets	¢25 400	Total liabilities and	¢25.400
Total assets	<u>\$35,400</u>	equity	<u>\$35,400</u>

Analysis component:

Unearned revenue occurs when cash is received from a customer in advance of the work being done. The collection is not recorded as revenue because it has not been earned until the work is done. Unearned revenue is therefore a liability because the business owes the customer a service (or work). For example, WestJet receives cash from customers in advance of the customer actually flying and records it as advance ticket revenue, a type of unearned revenue. These cash collections are recorded as advance ticket revenue, a liability, because the cash doesn't belong to WestJet until they have earned it which occurs when the customer takes their flight.

Exercise 2-7 (30 minutes)

a.	Cash Equipment Automobiles Jerry Steiner, Capital The owner invested cash, an automobile, and equipment.	7,000 5,600 11,000	23,600
b.	Prepaid Insurance Cash Purchased insurance coverage in advance.	3,600	3,600
c.	Office Supplies Cash Purchased supplies with cash.	600	600
d.	Office Supplies Equipment Accounts Payable Purchased supplies and equipment on credit.	200 9,400	9,600
e.	Cash Delivery Services Revenue Received cash from customer for work done.	2,500	2,500
f.	Accounts Payable Cash Made payment on payables.	2,400	2,400
g.	Gas and Oil Expense Cash Paid for gas and oil.	700	700

Exercise 2-8 (20 minutes)

2014			
April 5	Cash	4,600	
	Surgical Revenues		4,600
	Performed surgery and collected cash.		
8	Supplies	19,000	
	Accounts Payable		19,000
	Purchased surgical supplies on credit.		·
15	Salaries Expense	41,000	
	Cash		41,000
	Paid salaries.		•
20	Accounts Payable	19,000	
	Cash	•	19,000
	Paid for the credit purchase of April 8.		,
21	No entry.		
22	Accounts Receivable	22,800	
	Surgical Revenues		22,800
	Performed six surgeries on credit;		,
	$3,800 \times 6 = 22,800$		
29	Cash	15,200	
	Accounts Receivable	•	15,200
	Collection from four credit customers of April 22;		,
	$$3,800 \times 4 = $15,200.$		
30	Utilities Expense	1,800	
	Cash	,	1,800
	Paid the April utilities.		.,550
	i ara aro ripini adindoor		

Exercise 2-9 (20 minutes)

b.	Accounts Receivable	2,700	
	Services Revenue		2,700
	Provided services on credit.		
c.	Cash	3,150	
	Services Revenue		3,150
	Provided services for cash		

Revenues are inflows of assets (or decreases in liabilities) received in exchange for goods or services provided to customers. The other transactions did not create revenues for the following reasons:

- a. This transaction brought in cash, but it was an owner investment in the company.
- d. This transaction brought in cash, but it also created a liability because the services have not yet been provided to the client.
- e. This transaction changed the form of the asset from accounts receivable to cash. Total assets were not increased. Revenue was not generated.
- f. This transaction brought cash into the company and increased assets, but it also increased a liability by the same amount.

Exercise 2-10 (20 minutes)

b.	Salaries Expense	1,125	
	Cash	·	1,125
	Paid the salary of the receptionist.		•
d.	Utilities Expense	930	
	Cash		930
	Paid the utilities bill for the office.		

Expenses are outflows or using up of assets (or the creation of liabilities) that occur in the process of providing goods or services to customers. The transactions labelled a, c, and e were not expenses for the following reasons:

- a. This transaction decreased assets in settlement of a previously existing liability.

 Thus, the using up of assets did not reduce equity.
- c. This transaction was the purchase of an asset. The form of the company's assets changed, but total assets did not change, and the equity did not decrease.
- e. This transaction was a distribution of cash to the owner. Even though equity decreased, the decrease did not occur in the process of providing goods or services to customers.

Exercise 2-11 (25 minutes)

Parts a and b:

	Cash					ount No. 101		
Dat	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance		
2013								
Dec.	31	Beginning balance				850		
2014								
Jan.	1		G1	3,500		4,350		
	20		G1		2,000	2,350		
	31		G1	5,000		7,350		
	31		G1		3,000	4,350		
	31		G1		750	3,600		
	Accounts Receivable Account No. 106							
Dat	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance		
2013								
Dec.	31	Beginning balance				300		
2014								
Jan.	12		G1	9,000		9,300		
	31		G1		5,000	4,300		
				·	, i			
		Equipment			Acc	ount No. 167		
Dat	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance		
2013								
Dec.	31	Beginning balance				1,500		
2014								
Jan.	20		G1	12,000		13,500		
		Accounts Payable				ount No. 201		
Dat	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance		
2013								
Dec.	31	Beginning balance				325		
2014								
Jan.	20		G1		10,000	10,325		
		Jay Walker, Capital			Acc	ount No. 301		
Dat	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance		
2013		•						
Dec.	31	Beginning balance				2,325		
2014		3				_,		
Jan.	1		G1		3,500	5,825		

Exercise 2-11 (Parts a and b continued)

		Jay Walker, Withdrawals			Acc	ount No. 302
Dat	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2013						
Dec.	31	Beginning balance				300
2014						
Jan.	31		G1	750		1,050
Fees Earned Account No. 401						
Dat	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2013						_
Dec.	31	Beginning balance				1,800
2014						
Jan.	12		G1		9,000	10,800
Salaries Expense Account No. 622						
Date		Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2013						
Dec.	31	Beginning balance				1,500
2014						
Jan.	31		G1	3,000		4,500

Exercise 2-11 (Parts a and b continued)

Note: After posting the journal entries, the PR column in the General Journal would appear as follows:

Date 2014	General Journal Account Titles and Explanations	PR	Debit	Page 1 Credit
Jan. 1	Cash Jay Walker, Capital Additional owner investment.		3,500	3,500
12	Accounts Receivable Fees Earned Performed work for a customer on account.		9,000	9,000
20	Equipment	101	12,000	2,000 10,000
31	Cash Accounts Receivable Collected cash from credit customer.		5,000	5,000
31	Salaries Expense Cash Paid month-end salaries.		3,000	3,000
31	Jay Walker, Withdrawals Cash Jay Walker withdrew cash for personal use.	302 101	750	750

Analysis component:

All of the details regarding a transaction, such as serial numbers or invoice numbers, form part of the journal entry recorded in the journal and provide a chronological picture of what has happened in the business. The general ledger does not accommodate these kinds of very necessary details. Therefore, we need to journalize to ensure important details are readily available.

The general ledger summarizes by account all of the transactions recorded in the journal. For example, without the ledger, we would not be able to determine the balance in cash without going through the journal and adding/subtracting all of the individual transactions. The ledger allows us to have account balance information.

In summary, although it appears that journalizing and posting are recording the same information twice, the journal and ledger each serve different and important functions in the accounting system.

Exercise 2-12 (25 minutes)

		General Journal			Page G1
Da 20		Account Titles and Explanations	PR	Debit	Credit
Aug.	1	Cash	101	20,000	
		Photography Equipment	167	42,000	
		Joseph Eetok, Capital Investment by owner.	301		62,000
	1	Prepaid Rent	131	12,000	
		Cash Rented studio space.	101	·	12,000
	5	Office Supplies	124	1,800	
		Cash Purchased office supplies.	101		1,800
	20	Cash	101	9,200	
		Photography Fees Earned Collected photography fees.	401	ŕ	9,200
	31	Utilities Expense	690	1,400	
		Cash Paid for August utilities.	101	ŕ	1,400

Note: The account numbers in the PR column above would be included only during the posting of these journal entries into the ledger accounts in Exercise 2-13.

Exercise 2-13 (30 minutes)

		Cash			Acco	unt No. 101
Date		Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
Aug.	1		G1	20,000		20,000
	1		G1		12,000	8,000
	5		G1		1,800	6,200
2	20		G1	9,200		15,400
;	31		G1		1,400	14,000
	-			•		
		Office Supplies			Acco	unt No. 124
Date		Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
Aug.	5		G1	1,800		1,800
	-			•		
		Prepaid Rent			Acco	unt No. 131
Date		Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
Aug.	1		G1	12,000		12,000
			•	•		
		Photography Equipment			Acco	unt No. 167
Date		Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
Aug.	1		G1	42,000		42,000
	-			•		
		Joseph Eetok, Capital			Acco	unt No. 301
Date		Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
Aug.	1		G1		62,000	62,000
		Photography Fees Earned			Acco	unt No. 401
Date		Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
Aug. 2	20		G1		9,200	9,200
			•	•		
		Utilities Expense			Acco	unt No. 690
Date		Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
Aug.	31		G1	1,400		1,400

Exercise 2-13 (concluded)

THE PIXEL SHOP Trial Balance August 31, 2014

Acct			
No.	Account Title	Debit	Credit
101	Cash	\$ 14,000	
124	Office supplies	1,800	
131	Prepaid rent	12,000	
167	Photography equipment	42,000	
301	Joseph Eetok, capital		\$62,000
401	Photography fees earned		9,200
690	Utilities expense	<u>1,400</u>	
	Totals	\$71,200	\$71,200

Analysis component:

The trial balance is not a financial statement; it is an internal working paper used to verify that debits and credits in the general ledger are equal and to review account balances. The trial balance format does not readily communicate information such as financial performance and financial position, information that is desired by external decision makers. Financial statements are used for external reporting because the formats of these communicate information desired by external users. For example, the income statement reports financial performance while the balance sheet reports financial position.

Exercise 2-14 (20 minutes)

	Cash		101	Office Supplies		124	Prepaid Rent		131
Aug. 1	20,000	12,000	Aug. 1	Aug. 5	1,800		Aug. 1	12,000	
20	9,200	1,800	5						
		1,400	31		·			Ÿ	
Bal	14,000								

THE PIXEL SHOP Trial Balance August 31, 2014

ACCt.			
No.	Account Title	Debit	Credit
101	Cash	\$14,000	
124	Office supplies	1,800	
131	Prepaid rent	12,000	
167	Photography equipment	42,000	
301	Joseph Eetok, capital		\$62,000
401	Photography fees earned		9,200
690	Utilities expense	<u>1,400</u>	
	Totals	<u>\$71,200</u>	<u>\$71,200</u>

Analysis component:

The trial balance is an internal working paper used to verify that debits and credits in the general ledger are equal and to review account balances. The trial balance format does not readily communicate information such as financial performance and financial position, information that is desired by external decision makers. Financial statements are used for external reporting because the formats of these communicate information desired by external users. For example, the income statement reports financial performance while the balance sheet reports financial position.

Exercise 2-15 (20 minutes)

Hogan's Consulting Income Statement For Year Ended December 31, 2014

Revenues:							
Consulting fees earned	\$18,000						
Operating expenses:							
Wages expense							
Rent expense							
Total operating expenses	<u>37,000</u>						
Net loss			<u>\$19,000</u>				
	's Consultin	•	i 1				
Statement of	•						
For Year Ende		•					
Lisa Hogan, capital, January 1			\$ 0	,			
Add: Investments by owner			50,000	e arrows are imaginary			
Total			300.000 :-	ut emphasize the link			
Less: Withdrawals by owner				between statements.			
Net loss	<u> </u>						
Lisa Hogan, capital, December 31							
Heren's Consulting							
Hogan's Consulting Balance Sheet							
December 31, 2014							
Assets	Decemb	·	oilities	i 1			
Cash	\$18,000			\$ 17,300			
Accounts receivable		Accounts payable					
	5,200	Notes payable Total liabilities					
Prepaid rent	13,000		\$ 64,300				
Machinery	<u>57,100</u>						
		• •	oital	29,000			
		Total liabilities a					
Total assets	<u>\$93,300</u>	equity		<u>\$ 93,300</u>			

Analysis component:

Losses cause equity to decrease. If equity decreases, either assets have to decrease and/or liabilities must increase to keep the balance sheet in balance. Therefore, if Hogan's Consulting continues to experience losses, there are two short-term alternatives available to prevent a decrease in assets. First, the business could borrow which would increase liabilities and temporarily increase assets until payments had to be made. Second, Lisa Hogan, the owner, could invest additional assets into the business which would increase equity and assets. However, for the long-term, the owner does not want to support the business through continual investments; the business must be able to support itself through positive performance (net income).

Exercise 2-16 (20 minutes)

JenCo Income Statement For Month Ended March 31, 2014

Revenues: Service revenue				\$1,650		
Operating expenses:						
Salaries expense						
Interest expense						
Total operating expenses						
Net income						
		JenCo				
St	atement of	Changes in Equity		į		
Fo	r Month En	nded March 31, 2014		i		
Marie Jensen, capital, March 1						
Add: Investment by owner\$2,050						
Net income						
Total						
Less: Withdrawal by owner						
Marie Jensen, capital, March 31						
				1		
		JenCo				
		ance Sheet				
	Ward	ch 31, 2014				
Assets		Liabilities				
Cash	\$ 500	Accounts payable		\$ 500		
Accounts receivable	1,950	Unearned service revenue		460		
Prepaid insurance	300	Notes payable		<u>1,100</u>		
Equipment	<u>700</u>	Total liabilities		<u>\$2,060</u>		
		Equity		i		
		Marie Jensen, capital		1,390 ◀ ┘		
Total assets	<u>\$3,450</u>	Total liabilities and equity		\$3,450		

The arrows are imaginary but emphasize the link between statements.

Exercise 2-17 (20 minutes)

Nanimahoo Marketing Services Income Statement For Month Ended March 31, 2014

Revenues:							
Fees earned \$126,000							
Operating expenses:							
Wages expense		\$146,000					
Office supplies expense							
Total operating expenses <u>153,000</u>							
Net loss <u>\$ 2</u>							
	No wisso ole	a a Manustin y Camina					
		noo Marketing Services					
		nt of Changes in Equity					
	For Wont	h Ended March 31, 2014					
Dee Nanimahoo, capital,	March 1		\$87,000*				
Add: Investment by own	ner		<u> 35,000</u>				
Total			\$122,000				
Less: Withdrawal by ow	ner	\$ 18,000	4				
Net loss		<u>27,000</u>	<u>45,000</u>				
Dee Nanimahoo, capital,	March 31		<u>\$77,000</u>				
	Nanimah	noo Marketing Services					
		Balance Sheet					
	I	March 31, 2014					
Assets		Liabilities					
Cash	\$ 17,000	Accounts payable	\$ 46,000				
Accounts receivable	3,000	Notes payable	114,000				
Office supplies	3,000	Total liabilities	\$ 160,000				
Building	80,000						
Land	84,000	Equity					
Machinery	50,000	Dee Nanimahoo, capital	<u>77,000</u> ◀ - ٰ				
Total assets	\$237,000	Total liabilities and equity	\$237,000				
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					

The arrows are imaginary but emphasize the link between statements.

*\$122,000 March 31/14 Balance - \$35,000 invested in March = \$87,000 March 1/14 Balance

Exercise 2-18 (20 minutes)

		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
		Difference	Column	Identify	Amount That
		Between Debit	With the	Account(s)	Account(s) is
		and Credit	Larger	Incorrectly	Overstated or
	Description	Columns	Total	Stated	Understated
a.	A \$2,400 debit to Rent	\$810	Credit	Rent	Rent Expense is
	Expense was posted as a \$1,590 debit.			Expense	understated by \$810
b.	A \$42,000 debit to Machinery	\$0	_	Machinery	Machinery is
	was posted as a debit to Accounts Payable.				understated by \$42,000 and
	-			Accounts	Accounts Payable
				Payable	is understated by \$42,000
c.	A \$4,950 credit to Services	\$4,455	Debit	Services	Services Revenue
	Revenue was posted as a \$495			Revenue	is understated by
	credit.				\$4,455
d.	A \$1,440 debit to Store	\$1,440	Credit	Store	Store Supplies is
	Supplies was not posted at all.			Supplies	understated by
					\$1,440
e.	A \$2,250 debit to Prepaid	\$0	_	Prepaid	Prepaid Insurance
	Insurance was posted as a			Insurance	is understated by
	debit to Insurance Expense.				\$2,250 and
				_	Insurance Expense
				Insurance _	is overstated by
				Expense	\$2,250
f.	A \$4,050 credit to Cash was	\$4,050	Credit	Cash	Cash is
	posted twice as two credits to				understated by
	the Cash account.				\$4,050
g.	A \$9,900 debit to the owner's	\$0	_	Owner's	Owner's Capital
	withdrawals account was			Capital	account is
	debited to the owner's capital				understated by
	account.				\$9,900
				Owner's	Owner's
				Withdrawals	Withdrawals is
					understated by
					\$9,900

Exercise 2-19 (15 minutes)

- a. 1. Dr = Cr
 - 2. Accounts Receivable is understated (too low) by \$3,500 and Revenue is understated by \$3,500.
- b. 1. Dr = Cr
 - 2. Accounts Payable is overstated (too high) by \$600 and Cash is overstated by \$600.
- c. 1. Dr ≠ Cr
 - 2. Cash is overstated by \$180.
- d. 1. Dr ≠ Cr
 - 2. Accounts Receivable is overstated by \$750.
- e. 1. Dr = Cr
 - 2. Accounts Payable is understated by \$2,000 and Equipment is understated by \$2.000.

Exercise 2-20 (15 minutes)

Case A:

1. Subtract total debits in the trial balance from total credits

$$5,010 - 4,290 = 720$$

2. Divide the difference by 9

$$720 \div 9 = 80$$

- 3. The quotient equals the difference between the two transposed numbers.
 - 80 is the difference between the two transposed numbers.
- 4. The number of digits in the quotient tells us the location of the transposition.

 Look for a difference of 8 between the second number from the right and the third number from the right.

Through a process of elimination, the incorrect value is Accounts Payable of \$190. The correct value must be \$910.

Proof: Recalculate the trial balance replacing \$910 for the incorrect \$190 and the trial balance now balances at \$5,010.

Exercise 2-20 (concluded)

Case B:

1. Subtract total debits in the trial balance from total credits

$$34,400 - 28,100 = 6,300$$

2. Divide the difference by 9 to reveal a slide error

$$6.300 \div 9 = 700$$

3. The quotient identifies a slide error and equals the correct value.

Through a process of elimination, the incorrect value is Withdrawals for \$7,000. The correct value must be \$700.

Proof: Recalculate the trial balance replacing \$700 for the incorrect \$7,000 and the trial balance now balances at \$28,100.

Case C:

1. Subtract total debits in the trial balance from total credits

$$942 - 906 = 36$$

2. Divide the difference by 9

$$36 \div 9 = 4$$

3. The quotient equals the difference between the two transposed numbers.

4 is the difference between the two transposed numbers.

4. The number of digits in the quotient tells us the location of the transposition.

Look for a difference of 4 between the first number from the right and the second number from the right.

Through a process of elimination, the incorrect value is Cash for \$59. The correct value must be \$95.

Proof: Recalculate the trial balance replacing \$95 for the incorrect \$59 and the trial balance now balances at \$942.

PROBLEMS

Problem 2-1A (40 minutes) Parts 1 and 2

	Cas	sh			Joel Dougla	as, Capital	
(a)	100,000	80,000	(b)			109,000	(a)
(g)	16,000	3,200	(f)			9,000	(d)
(n)	1,900	1,800	(h)			118,000	Bal.
		4,600	(j)				
		9,300	(k)		Joel Douglas <u>,</u>	Withdrawa	als
		3,200	(m)	(o)	3,200		
		3,200	(o)				
Bal	12,600				Fees E		
						16,000	(g)
	Accounts F	Receivable				5,100	(I)
(I)	5,100	1,900	(n)			21,100	Bal
Bal	3,200						
					Wages E	xpense	
	Office S	upplies		(f)	3,200		
(c)	4,600			(m)	3,200		
				Bal	6,400		
	Autom	obiles					
(d)	9,000				Utilities E	Expense	
				(h)	1,800		
	Office Eq	uipment					
(a)	9,000	700	(k)				
(e)	3,000						
(k)	10,000						
Bal.	21,300						
	Build	ding					
(b)	85,000						
	Laı	nd					
(b)		IIU					
(b)	115,000						
	I						
	Accounts	Payable		Note: Th	ere is no entr	y for (i)	
(j)	4,600	4,600	(c)		not a transa		
	-	3,000	(e)				
		3,000	Bal				
		_	_				
	Long-Term N	-		<u></u>			
		120,000	(b)				

Problem 2-2A (30 minutes)

Date	General Journal Account Titles and Explanations	Debit	Page 1 Credit
2014 May 1	Equipment	46,000	14,000 32,000
2	Prepaid Insurance Cash	24,000	24,000
3	Cash Design Revenue Completed a fitness contract for a group of customers and collected cash.	6,000	6,000
4	Office SuppliesAccounts Payable	3,750	3,750
6	Accounts Payable Office Supplies	750	750
10	Accounts Receivable Fitness Contract Revenue Did work for a client today on account.	11,500	11,500
15	Accounts Payable	3,000	3,000
20	CashAccounts Receivable	11,500	11,500

Problem 2-2A (concluded)

May 25	Cash Unearned Revenue Received cash for work to be done in June.	2,500	2,500
31	Salaries Expense Cash Paid month-end salaries.	47,000	47,000
31	Telephone Expense Cash Paid the May telephone bill.	2,250	2,250
31	Utilities Expense	3,100	3,100

Note: Assume that all entries were journalized on Page 1 of the General Journal.

Problem 2-3A (90 minutes)

Dat	te	General Journal Account Titles and Explanations	PR	Debit	Page 1 Credit
2014 Mar.	1	Cash Office Equipment Abe Factor, Capital Invested cash and equipment to start the busine	101 163 301 ss.	50,000 12,000	62,000
	1	Prepaid Rent Cash Prepaid three months' rent.	131 101	9,000	9,000
	3	Office Equipment Office Supplies Accounts Payable Purchased equipment and supplies on credit.	163 124 201	6,000 1,200	7,200
	5	Cash Accounting Fees Earned Received cash from client for completed work.	101 401	6,200	6,200
	9	Accounts ReceivableAccounting Fees Earned	106 401	4,000	4,000
	11	Accounts Payable Cash Paid balance due on accounts payable.	201 101	7,200	7,200
	15	Prepaid Insurance Cash Paid annual premium for insurance.	128 101	3,000	3,000
	20	CashAccounts Receivable Collected part of the amount owed by a client.	101 106	1,500	1,500

Problem 2-3A (concluded)

Mar. 22 No entry.

23	Accounts Receivable	106 401	2,850	2,850
27	Abe Factor, Withdrawals Cash Owner's withdrawal of cash.	302 101	3,600	3,600
30	Office SuppliesAccounts Payable	124 201	650	650
31	Utilities Expense Cash Paid monthly utility bill.	690 101	860	860

Note: The account numbers in the PR column above would be included only when these journal entries are being posted in Problem 3-4A. Assume that all entries were journalized on Page 1 of the General Journal.

Problem 2-4A (45 minutes)

Parts 1 and 2

		Cash			A	cct. No. 101
Dat	e	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
Mar.	1		G1	50,000		50,000
	1		G1		9,000	41,000
	5		G1	6,200		47,200
	11		G1		7,200	40,000
	15		G1		3,000	37,000
	20		G1	1,500		38,500
	27		G1		3,600	34,900
	31		G1		860	34,040
		Accounts Receivable			Α	cct. No. 106
Dat	e	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
Mar.	9		G1	4,000		4,000
	20		G1		1,500	2,500
	23		G1	2,850		5,350
		Office Supplies			Δ	cct. No. 124
Dat	e	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014			1		<u> </u>	Dalailoo
Mar.	3		G1	1,200		1,200
	30		G1	650		1,850
	'		•	'	'	
		Prepaid Insurance				cct. No. 128
Dat	e	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
Mar.	15		G1	3,000		3,000
		Prepaid Rent			Α	cct. No. 131
Dat	e	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014		•				
Mar.	1		G1	9,000		9,000
		000				N 400
		Office Equipment		D. J. Y.		cct. No. 163
Dat	e	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014				40.000		40.000
Mar.	1		G1	12,000		12,000
	3		G1	6,000		18,000

		Accounts Payable			A	Acct. No. 201
Dat	e	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
Mar.	3		G1		7,200	7,200
	11		G1	7,200		0
	30		G1		650	650
					·	
		Abe Factor, Capital			A	Acct. No. 301
Dat	e	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
Mar.	1		G1		62,000	62,000
		Abe Factor, Withdrawa	ls			Acct. No. 302
Dat	e	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
Mar.	27		G1	3,600		3,600
		Accounting Fees Earne				Acct. No. 401
Dat	e	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
Mar.	5		G1		6,200	6,200
	9		G1		4,000	10,200
	23		G1		2,850	13,050
		Utilities Expense				Acct. No. 690
Dat	e	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
Mar.	31		G1	860		860

Problem 2-4A (concluded)

Part 3

X-FACTOR ACCOUNTING Trial Balance March 31, 2014

Acct.			
No.	Account Title	Debit	Credit
101	Cash	\$34,040	
106	Accounts receivable	5,350	
124	Office supplies	1,850	
128	Prepaid insurance	3,000	
131	Prepaid rent	9,000	
163	Office equipment	18,000	
201	Accounts payable	·	\$ 650
301	Abe Factor, capital		62,000
302	Abe Factor, withdrawals	3,600	
401	Accounting fees earned		13,050
690	Utilities expense	<u>860</u>	
	Totals	<u>\$75,700</u>	<u>\$75,700</u>

Problem 2-5A (20 minutes)

X-FACTOR ACCOUNTING Income Statement For Month Ended March 31, 2014

Revenues: Accounting fees earned Operating expenses: Utilities expense Net income		
Statement of For Month E	nded March	n Equity 31, 2014
Abe Factor, capital, March 1 Add: Investments by owner Net income Total Less: Withdrawals by owner Abe Factor, capital, March 31		\$62,000 The arrows are imaginary 12,190 but emphasize the link 74,190 between statements. 3,600
	X-FACTOR	ACCOUNTING
		ce Sheet
	March	31, 2014
Assets		Liabilities
Cash	\$34,040	Accounts payable \$ 650
Accounts receivable	5,350	
Office supplies	1,850	
Prepaid insurance	3,000	Equity
Prepaid rent	9,000	Abe Factor, capital <u>70,590</u>
Office equipment	18,000	Total liabilities and
Total assets	<u>\$71,240</u>	equity <u>\$71,240</u>

Problem 2-6A (90 minutes)

Part 1

		General Journal			Page 1
Date 2014		Account Titles and Explanations	PR	Debit	Credit
May	1	Cash	101	75,000	
		Office Equipment	163	48,000	
		Jill Wahpoosywan, Capital	301		123,000
		Invested cash and equipment to start the	business	S.	
	1	Prepaid Rent	131	14,400	
		Cash	101		14,400
		Prepaid three months' rent.			
	2	Office Equipment	163	24,000	
		Office Supplies	124	4,800	
		Accounts Payable	201		28,800
		Purchased equipment and supplies on cre	edit.		
	6	Cash		8,000	
		Services Revenue			8,000
	_	Received cash from client for services per			
	9	Accounts Receivable Services Revenue		16,000	16,000
		Billed client for completed work.	403		10,000
	10	Accounts Payable	201	14,400	
		Cash		,	14,400
		Paid one-half of balance due on accounts	payable	-	
•	19	Prepaid Insurance		7,500	
		Cash	101		7,500
		Paid annual premium for insurance.			
2	22	Accounts Receivable		12,800	12 000
		Collected part of the amount owed by a cl			12,800
	25	Accounts Receivable		5,280	
•		Services Revenue		0,200	5,280
		Billed client for completed work.			
:	25	Wages expense	623	34,000	
		Cash	101		34,000
		Paid wage expense.			

Problem2-6A, Part 1 (continued)

May	31	Jill Wahpoosywan, Withdrawals Cash Owner withdrew cash.	5,000	5,000
	31	Office Supplies Accounts Payable Purchased supplies on credit.	1,600	1,600
	31	Utilities Expense Cash Paid monthly utility bill.	1,400	1,400

Note: Assume that all entries were journalized on Page 1 of the General Journal.

Parts 2 and 3

Cash					Acct.	Acct. No. 101	
Dat	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance	
2014							
May	1		G1	75,000		75,000	
	1		G1		14,400	60,600	
	6		G1	8,000		68,600	
	10		G1		14,400	54,200	
	19		G1		7,500	46,700	
	22		G1	12,800		59,500	
	25		G1		34,000	25,500	
	31		G1		5,000	20,500	
	31		G1		1,400	19,100	
		Accounts Receivable			Acct.	No. 106	
Dat	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance	
2014							
May	9		G1	16,000		16,000	
	22		G1		12,800	3,200	
	25		G1	5,280		8,480	
	Office Supplies Acct. No. 124						
Date		Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance	
2014		•					
May	2		G1	4,800		4,800	
	31		G1	1,600		6,400	

Problem 2-6A (continued) Parts 2 and 3

Prepaid Insurance			Acct.	No. 128			
Date		Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance	
2014							
May	19		G1	7,500		7,500	
		Prepaid Rent			Acct.	No. 131	
Date	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance	
2014							
May	1		G1	14,400		14,400	
		Office Equipment			Acct.	No. 163	
Date	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance	
2014							
May	1		G1	48,000		48,000	
	2		G1	24,000		72,000	
		Accounts Payable			Acct.	No. 201	
Date	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance	
2014		·					
May	2		G1		28,800	28,800	
-	10		G1	14,400		14,400	
	31		G1		1,600	16,000	
		Jill Wahpoosywan, Capita	l		Acct.	No. 301	
Date	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance	
2014							
May	1		G1		123,000	123,000	
		Jill Wahpoosywan, Withdraw	als		Acct. No. 302		
Date	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance	
2014		•					
May	31		G1	5,000		5,000	
		Services Revenue			Acct.	No. 403	
Date	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance	
2014		·					
May	6		G1		8,000	8,000	
-	9		G1		16,000	24,000	
	25		G1		5,280	29,280	
		Wages Expense			Acct.	No. 623	
Date	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance	
2014	c=			04.000		64.665	
May	25		G1	34,000		34,000	

Problem 2-6A (continued) Parts 2 and 3

	Acct. No. 690				
Date	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014					
May 31		G1	1,400		1,400

Part 4

TECHNO WIZARDS Trial Balance May 31, 2014

Acct. No.	Account Title	Debit	Credit
101	Cash	\$ 19,100	
106	Accounts receivable	8,480	
124	Office supplies	6,400	
128	Prepaid insurance	7,500	
131	Prepaid rent	14,400	
163	Office equipment	72,000	
201	Accounts payable	·	\$ 16,000
301	Jill Wahpoosywan, capital		123,000
302	Jill Wahpoosywan, withdrawals	5,000	
403	Services revenue	·	29,280
623	Wages expense	34,000	·
690	Utilities expense	1,400	
	Totals	\$168,280	<u>\$168,280</u>

Analysis component:

Equity represents how much of Techno Wizards' assets belong to the owner, Jill Wahpoosywan. Services Revenue is an equity account because as revenues are realized, the business's net worth (assets – liabilities, or equity) increases either through the receipt of an asset (cash or accounts receivable) or satisfying a liability (unearned revenues). Utilities Expense is an equity account because as expenses are realized, net worth (what belongs to the owner) decreases either through the use of an asset (such as prepaid insurance) or increase in a liability (such as rent payable). Jill Wahpoosywan, Withdrawals is an equity account because as the owner withdraws assets, Jill Wahpoosywan's equity in the business (what belongs to the owner) decreases. The owner's objective is for the business to generate sufficient revenues to cover all expenses, provide sufficient assets for the purpose of withdrawals, and at the same time maintain or preferably increase equity (because excess revenues remained after deducting expenses and withdrawals).

Problem 2-7A

TECHNO WIZARDS Income Statement For Month Ended May 31, 2014

Revenues: Service revenue Operating expenses: Wages expense Utilities expense Total operating expenses Net loss		\$34,000 <u>1,400</u> <u>35,400</u>	
Statement of		n Equity 31, 2014 \$ 0 123,000 \$5,000 6,120 4 11,120	The arrows are imaginary but emphasize the link between statements.
	TECHNO	WIZARDS	i
	Balan	ce Sheet	
	May 3	31, 2014	
Assets	6.40.400	Liabilities	A 40.000
Cash	\$ 19,100	Accounts payable	\$ 16,000
Accounts receivable	8,480 6,400		
Office supplies	6,400 7,500	Equity	
Prepaid insurance	7,500 14,400	Equity Jill Wahpoosywan, capital	111,880 ^{◀ .}
Office equipment	72,000	Total liabilities and	111,000
Total assets	<u>\$127,880</u>	equity	<u>\$127,880</u>

Problem 2-8A (25 minutes)

WILDCAT OPTICIANS Income Statement For Month Ended May 31, 2014

Revenues: Service revenue Operating expenses: Wages expense Rent expense Utilities expense Total operating expenses Net income		\$15,000 4,300 <u>1,400</u>	\$25,280 <u>20,700</u> <u>\$ 4,580</u>	
WILDC Statement o For Month E Bo Wildcat, capital, May 1 Add: Owner investment Net income Total Less: Withdrawals by owner Bo Wildcat, capital, May 31	Ended May 3	n Equity 31, 2014 \$ 56,300 <u>4,580</u> 4	\$60,880 but en	ows are imaginary nphasize the link een statements.
Assets Cash Accounts receivable Office supplies Prepaid insurance Office equipment	Baland	Accounts payak Unearned service Total liabilities . Eq	vilities Die Ce revenue Puity ital	\$ 1,600 7,800 \$ 9,400
Total assets	<u>\$68,800</u>	Total liabilities		\$68,800

Analysis component:

2014

May	31	Utilities Expense Cash Paid the May utilities.	1,400	1,400
	31	Utilities Expense Accounts Payable Received the May utility bill which will be paid next month.	1,400	1,400

Problem 2-9A (90 minutes)

Part 1

		General Journal			Page 1
Date 2014		Account Titles and Explanations	PR	Debit	Credit
July	1	Cash	101	300,000	
		Office Equipment	163	12,000	
		Drafting Equipment	167	90,000	
		Bishr Binbutti, Capital Investment by owner.	301		402,000
	2	Land	183	108,000	
		Cash	101	•	10,800
		Long-Term Notes Payable Purchased land.	251		97,200
	3	Building	173	150,000	
		CashPurchased a building.	101	,	150,000
	5	Prepaid Insurance	128	12,000	
		CashPurchased two one-year insurance policies.	101	·	12,000
	7	Cash	101	1,400	
		Engineering Fees Earned Completed services for cash.	401	·	1,400
	9	Drafting Equipment	167	45,000	
		Cash	101	•	21,000
		Long-Term Notes Payable Purchased drafting equipment.	251		24,000
	10	Accounts Receivable	106	4,000	
		Engineering Fees Earned Completed services on credit.	401	·	4,000

July	12	Office Equipment Accounts Payable Purchased office equipment on credit.	163 201	4,500	4,500
	15	Accounts Receivable Engineering Fees Earned Completed services on credit.	106 401	7,000	7,000
	16	Equipment Rental Expense Accounts Payable Equipment rental to be paid in 30 days.	645 201	13,800	13,800
	17	Cash Accounts Receivable Collection from credit customer.	101 106	400	400
	19	Wages Expense Cash Paid drafting assistants.	623 101	12,000	12,000
	22	Accounts Payable Cash Paid July 12 transaction.	201 101	4,500	4,500
	25	Repairs Expense Cash Paid for repairs on drafting equipment.	684 101	1,350	1,350
	26	Bishr Binbutti, Withdrawals Cash Owner withdrawal.	302 101	800	800
	30	Wages Expense Cash Paid drafting assistants.	623 101	12,000	12,000
	31	Advertising Expense Cash Paid for advertising in local newspaper.	655 101	6,000	6,000

Note: Assume all entries were journalized on Page 1 of the General Journal.

Parts 2 and 3

		Cash			Acc	count No. 101
Date	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
201	4					
June	30	Beginning balance				26,000
July	1		G1	300,000		326,000
	2		G1		10,800	315,200
	3		G1		150,000	165,200
	5		G1		12,000	153,200
	7		G1	1,400		154,600
	9		G1		21,000	133,600
	17		G1	400		134,000
	19		G1		12,000	122,000
	22		G1		4,500	117,500
	25		G1		1,350	116,150
	26		G1		800	115,350
	30		G1		12,000	103,350
	31		G1		6,000	97,350
		Accounts Receivable				count No. 106
Date	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
June	30	Beginning balance				3,000
July	10		G1	4,000		7,000
	15		G1	7,000		14,000
	17		G1		400	13,600
		Prepaid Insurance				count No. 128
Date	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
June	30	Beginning balance				500
July	5		G1	12,000		12,500
		Office Equipment			Ace	count No. 163
Date	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
June	30	Beginning balance				1,700
July	1		G1	12,000		13,700
	12		G1	4,500		18,200

Parts 2 and 3 (continued)

		Drafting Equipment			Aco	count No. 167
Date	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
June	30	Beginning balance				1,200
July	1		G1	90,000		91,200
	9		G1	45,000		136,200
		Building			Aco	count No. 173
Date	e	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
June	30	Beginning balance				42,000
July	3		G1	150,000		192,000
· · · · · ·		ı	•	100,000	ı	10=,000
		Land				count No. 183
Date	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
June	30	Beginning balance				28,000
July	2		G1	108,000		136,000
Accounts Payable						count No. 201
Date		Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014		Explanation	- 1 1		Orcait	Balarice
June	30	Beginning balance				1,740
July	12	Dogg Daidies	G1		4,500	6,240
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	16		G1		13,800	20,040
	22		G1	4,500	10,000	15,540
		ı	•	1 1,000	ı	10,010
		Long-Term Notes Payable			Acc	count No. 251
Date	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
June	30	Beginning balance				24,000
July	2		G1		97,200	121,200
	9		G1		24,000	145,200
		Dieles Dielessti Conital			A = .	and No. 204
Date	^	Bishr Binbutti, Capital	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
	<u> </u>	Explanation	ΓK	Depit	Credit	Daiance
2014	20	Paginning halance				E4 000
June	30	Beginning balance	G1		402 000	54,000 456,000
July	1	l	G1	1 1	402,000	456,000

Parts 2 and 3 (continued)

		Bishr Binbutti, Withdrawals		Account No. 302			
Dat	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance	
2014							
June	30	Beginning balance				1,000	
July	26		G1	800		1,800	
-		•			·	·	
		Engineering Fees Earned			Ac	count No. 401	
Dat	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance	
2014							
June	30	Beginning balance				29,600	
July	7		G1		1,400	31,000	
	10		G1		4,000	35,000	
	15		G1		7,000	42,000	
		'			,	·	
		Wages Expense			Ac	count No. 623	
Dat	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance	
2014							
June	30	Beginning balance				4,000	
July	19		G1	12,000		16,000	
,	30		G1	12,000		28,000	
		l	ı	, ,	ľ	,	
		Equipment Rental Expense)		Ac	count No. 645	
Dat	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance	
2014		•					
June	30	Beginning balance				1,000	
July	16		G1	13,800		14,800	
·,		I		,,,	ı	,	
		Advertising Expense			Ac	count No. 655	
Dat	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance	
2014		·					
June	30	Beginning balance				640	
July	31		G1	6,000		6,640	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•	l	•	, 5,555	ļ	0,0.0	
		Repairs Expense			Ac	count No. 684	
Dat	е	Explanation Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance	
2014		•					
June	30	Beginning balance				300	
July	25		G1	1,350		1,650	

Problem 2-9A (concluded)

Part 4

BINBUTTI ENGINEERING Trial Balance July 31, 2014

Acct.	•		
No.	Account Title	Debit	Credit
101	Cash	\$ 97,350	
106	Accounts receivable	13,600	
128	Prepaid insurance	12,500	
163	Office equipment	18,200	
167	Drafting equipment	136,200	
173	Building	192,000	
183	Land	136,000	
201	Accounts payable		\$ 15,540
251	Long-term notes payable		145,200
301	Bishr Binbutti, capital		456,000
302	Bishr Binbutti, withdrawals	1,800	·
401	Engineering fees earned		42,000
623	Wages expense	28,000	·
645	Equipment rental expense	14,800	
655	Advertising expense	6,640	
684	Repairs expense	1,650	
	Totals	\$658,740	\$658,740

Problem 2-10A (25 minutes)

BINBUTTI ENGINEERING Income Statement For Three Months Ended July 31, 2014

Revenues: Engineering fees earned Operating expenses: Wages expense Equipment rental expense Advertising expense Repairs expense Total operating expenses Net loss		\$28,000 14,800 6,640 <u>1,650</u> <u>51,090</u>	
DINDIT	TI ENGINEEI	PING	
	of Changes in	_	
For Three Mon	•		
Bishr Binbutti, capital, May 1			
Add: Investments by owner		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	The arrows are
Total			imaginary but
Less: Withdrawals by owner			emphasize the
Net loss		· ,	link between
Bishr Binbutti, capital, July 31		<u>\$445,110</u>	statements.
ı	Balance		
	July 31	•	
Assets		Liabilities	
Cash	\$ 97,350	Accounts payable	\$ 15,540
Accounts receivable	13,600	Long-term notes payable	<u>145,200</u>
Prepaid insurance	12,500	Total liabilities	160,740
Office equipment	18,200		
Drafting equipment	136,200	Equity	-
Building	192,000	Bishr Binbutti, capital	<u>445,110</u> ← -
Land	136,000	Total liabilities and	
Total assets	<u>\$605,850</u>	equity	<u>\$605,850</u>

Problem 2-11A (45 minutes) Part 1

	General Journal			Page 1
Date 2014	Account Titles and Explanations	PR	Debit	Credit
July 1	Supplies Accounts Payable Purchased supplies on account.	126 201	100	100
2	Cash Unearned Teaching Revenue Collected teaching fees for August.	101 233	4,000	4,000
3	Cash Teaching Revenue Collected teaching fees for July.	101 401	2,000	2,000
4	Rent Expense Cash Paid July rent.	640 101	3,000	3,000
5	Accounts Payable Cash Paid for supplies purchased on account.	201 101	500	500
15	Ted Ng, Withdrawals Cash The owner withdrew cash.	302 101	500	500
20	Wages ExpenseCash	623 101	1,300	1,300
31	Furniture Accounts Payable Purchased a new chair on account.	161 201	300	300

Parts 2 and 3

	C	ash	101		Su	pplies	126		Furniture	161	Acc	ounts	Payable	201
Bal.	6,000			Bal.	950			Bal.	8,000				1,500	Bal.
Jul. 2	4,000	3,000	Jul. 4	Jul. 1	100			Jul. 31	300		Jul. 5	500	100	Jul. 1
3	2,000	500	Jul. 5	Bal.	1,050			Bal.	8,300				300	Jul. 31
		500	Jul. 15		•				·				1,400	Bal.
		1,300	Jul. 20									·		
Ral	6 700													

Unearned Tea	aching			Te	ed Ng,				
Rev	233	Ted Ng, Capital	301	With	ndrawals	302	Teaching Re	evenue	401
	9,800 Bal.	3,000	Bal.	Bal.	13,000			46,000	Bal.
	4,000 Jul. 2			Jul. 15	500			2,000	Jul. 3
	13,800 Bal.			Bal.	13,500	_		48,000	Bal.

Wages Expense	623	Rent Expense	640
Bal. 26,350		Bal. 6,000	
Jul. 20 1,300		Jul. 4 3,000	
Bal. 27,650		Bal. 9,000	

Part 4

NG'S ENGLISH SCHOOL Trial Balance July 31, 2014

Acct.			
No.	Account Title	Debit	Credit
101	Cash	\$ 6,700	
126	Supplies	1,050	
161	Furniture	8,300	
201	Accounts payable		\$ 1,400
233	Unearned teaching revenue		13,800
301	Ted Ng, capital		3,000
302	Ted Ng, withdrawals	13,500	
401	Teaching revenue	·	48,000
623	Wages expense	27,650	•
640	Rent expense	9,000	
	Totals	\$66,200	\$66,200

Problem 2-11A (concluded) Part 5

NG'S ENGLISH SCHOOL Income Statement For Three Months Ended July 31, 2014

Teaching revenue Operating expenses: Wages expense Rent expense Total operating expenses Net income		\$27,650 <u>9,000</u>	\$48,000 <u>36,650</u> <u>\$11,350</u>	
		n Equity uly 31, 2014 \$ 3,000 <u>11,350</u> 4 	\$ -0- - 14,350 \$14,350 13,500 \$ 850	The arrows are imaginary but emphasize the link between statements.
	Balanc	ISH SCHOOL e Sheet 1, 2014		
Assets		Liab	ilities	
Cash	\$ 6,700	Accounts payal	ole	\$ 1,400
Supplies	1,050	Unearned teach	ing revenue	<u>13,800</u>
Furniture	8,300	Total liabilities.		\$15,200
		Eq	uity	
		Ted Ng, capital.		<u>850</u> < - ॑
		Total liabilities	and	
Total assets	\$16,050	equity		<u>\$16,050</u>

Problem 2-12A (25 minutes)

FELINE PET CARE Income Statement For Year Ended July 31, 2014

Revenues: Fees earned Operating expenses: Wages expense Equipment rental expense Pet food expense Advertising expense Total operating expenses Net loss		\$58,000 34,000 17,800 <u>9,200</u> <u>119,000</u>	
Statement of		n Equity 1, 2014 \$ 0 <u>292,760</u> 292,760 \$ 5,000 \$ 7,000	The arrows are imaginary but emphasize the link between statements.
Assets	FELINE P Balance July 31	e Sheet	
Cash	\$ 23,000	Accounts payable	\$ 15,540
Accounts receivable	11,600	Unearned fees	92,000
Prepaid insurance	12,500	Total liabilities	107,540
Equipment	18,200		
Building	192,000	Equity	
Land	136,000	Betty Lark, capital Total liabilities and	285,760 ← -
Total assets	<u>\$393,300</u>	equity	<u>\$393,300</u>

Problem 2-12A (concluded)

Analysis component:

2014

July	31	Cash Fees Earned Received cash for completing work for clients.	117,000	117,000
	31	Accounts Receivable Fees Earned Completed work for clients on account.	117,000	117,000

Problem 2-13A (15 minutes)

Wilm's Window Washing Services Trial Balance January 31, 2014

Debit	Credit
\$ 10,000	
10,040	
2,400	
28,000	
	\$ 9,400
	45,000
8,960	
	64,000
32,000	
5,200	
16,600	
5,200	
<u>\$118,400</u>	<u>\$118,400</u>
	\$ 10,000 10,040 2,400 28,000 8,960 32,000 5,200 16,600 5,200

Note: The superscripts (a) to (e) are references to items (a) to (e) listed in Problem 2-13A.

ALTERNATE PROBLEMS

Problem 2-1B (40 minutes) Parts 1 and 2

Cash				Land			
(a)	46,000	30,000	(b)	(b)	268,000		
(g)	2,700	1,800	(f)				
(m)	1,000	1,430	(h)	Accounts Payable			
		600	(i)	(i)	600	600	(c)
		2,400	(j)			4,600	(e)
		1,800	(I)			4,600	Balance
		1,050	(n)				
Balance	10,620			Long-Term Notes Payable			le
						304,000	(b)
	Accounts I	Receivable					
(k)	2,400	1,000	(m)	Trevor Peeters, Capital			
Balance	1,400					70,000	(a)
						7,000	(d)
Office Supplies					77,000	Balance	
(c)	600						
				Tre	vor Peeters	, Withdrawa	als
	Autom	obiles		(n)	1,050		
(d)	7,000						
				Fees Earned			
	Office Ed	quipment				2,700	(g)
(a)	24,000	1,600	(j)			2,400	(k)
(e)	4,600					5,100	Balance
(j)	4,000						
Balance	31,000				Salaries I	Expense	
				(f)	1,800		
Building			(I)	1,800			
(b)	66,000			Balance	3,600		
				Utilities Expense			
				(h)	1,430	-	

Problem 2-2B

		General Journal		Page 1
Date 2014		Accounts Titles and Explanations	Debit	Credit
March	1	Building Cash Note Payable Purchased new portable building paying cash and signing a five-year note payable.	375,000	75,000 300,000
	1	Prepaid Insurance Cash Purchased six months of insurance to begin March 1.	5,700	5,700
	2	No entry.		
	4	Cleaning Supplies	450	450
	15	Accounts Payable Cash Paid for the March 4 purchase.	450	450
	19	Accounts Receivable Advertising Revenue (or other revenue account) Performed work for a client on account.	35,000	35,000
	20	Cash Unearned Revenue Collected cash from a customer for work to be done in April.	8,000	8,000
	28	Hotel Expense or Travel Expense Cash Paid for a hotel regarding a business meeting.	240	240

Problem 2-2B (concluded)

March	29	Cash	5,000	5,000
	30	Salaries Expense Cash Paid month-end salaries.	25,600	25,600
	30	Telephone ExpenseAccounts Payable	1,300	1,300
	30	Cash Accounts Receivable Collected half of the amount owed by the customer of March 19.	17,500	17,500

Note: Assume all entries were journalized on Page 1 of the General Journal.

Problem 2-3B (60 minutes)

Date		General Journal Account Titles and Explanations	PR	Debit	Page 1 Credit
2014 Sept.	1	Cash Office Equipment Susan Hurley, Capital Investment by owner.	101 163 301	20,000 9,200	29,200
	1	Prepaid Rent Cash Paid two months' rent.	131 101	5,600	5,600
	2	Office Supplies Office Equipment Accounts Payable Purchased items on credit.	124 163 201	1,380 3,800	5,180
	4	Cash Accounting Fees Earned Sold accounting services for cash.	101 401	2,900	2,900
	8	Accounts Receivable Accounting Fees Earned Sold accounting services on credit.	106 401	5,080	5,080
	10	Accounts Payable Cash Paid for credit purchase.	201 101	5,180	5,180
	14	Prepaid Insurance Cash Paid insurance premium.	128 101	3,300	3,300
	15	Professional Development Expense	680	1,250	
		CashPaid for seminar.	101		1,250

Problem 2-3B (concluded)

Sept.	18	CashAccounts Receivable	101 106	5,080	5,080
	20	No entry.			
	24	Accounts Receivable Accounting Fees Earned Sold accounting services on credit.	106 401	5,000	5,000
	28	Susan Hurley, Withdrawals Cash Owner withdrew cash.	302 101	2,500	2,500
	29	Office Supplies Accounts Payable Purchased supplies on credit.	124 201	450	450
	30	Utilities Expense Cash Paid utilities bill.	690 101	1,750	1,750

Note: The account numbers in the PR column above would be included only when these journal entries are being posted in Problem 2-4B. Assume that all entries were journalized on Page 1 of the General Journal.

Problem 2-4B

Parts 1 and 2

		Cash			Acc	t. No. 101
Dat	:e	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
Sept.	1		G1	20,000		20,000
	1		G1		5,600	14,400
	4		G1	2,900		17,300
	10		G1		5,180	12,120
	14		G1		3,300	8,820
	15		G1		1,250	7,570
	18		G1	5,080		12,650
	28		G1		2,500	10,150
	30		G1		1,750	8,400
		Accounts Receivab	le		Acc	t. No. 106
Date	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
Sept.	8		G1	5,080		5,080
	18		G1		5,080	0
	24		G1	5,000		5,000
		Office Supplies			Δ	cct. No. 124
Date	Э	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014		-				
Sept.	2		G1	1,380		1,380
-	29		G1	450		1,830
		Prepaid Insurance)		Δ	cct. No. 128
Date		Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014		·				
Sept.	14		G1	3,300		3,300
		Prepaid Rent			Δ	cct. No. 131
Date	9	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014	_					_ = ===================================
Sept.	1		G1	5,600		5,600
		Office Equipment			Δ	cct. No. 163
Date	<u> </u>	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014		ελριαιίατιοπ	i IX	Penil	Cieuit	Dalatice
	4		G1	0.200		0.200
Sept.	1		G1 G1	9,200 3,800		9,200
	2		GI	ა,800	I	13,000

Parts 1 and 2

		Accounts Payable	9		A	Acct. No. 201
Date	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014		•				
Sept.	2		G1		5,180	5,180
•	10		G1	5,180	Í	0
	29		G1		450	450
		Susan Hurley, Capi	tal		A	Acct. No. 301
Date	<u> </u>	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014		p				
Sept.	1		G1		29,200	29,200
		Susan Hurley, Withdra	awals		A	Acct. No. 302
Date	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014		p				
Sept.	28		G1	2,500		2,500
		Accounting Fees Ear	ned		Δ	Acct. No. 401
Date	<u> </u>	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014	1	ZAPIGNACION			J. Juli	Daidilloo
Sept.	4		G1		2,900	2,900
oop	8		G1		5,080	7,980
	24		G1		5,000	12,980
		Professional Devalorment	.	_		ant No COO
	_	Professional Development	•			Acct. No. 680
Date	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014	4.5			4.050		4.050
Sept.	15		G1	1,250		1,250
		Utilities Expense	1			Acct. No. 690
Date	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014	\exists					
Sept.	30		G1	1,750		1,750

Problem 2-4B (concluded)

Part 3

SUSAN HURLEY, PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT Trial Balance September 30, 2014

Acct.			
No.	Account Title	Debit	Credit
101	Cash	\$ 8,400	
106	Accounts receivable	5,000	
124	Office supplies	1,830	
128	Prepaid insurance	3,300	
131	Prepaid rent	5,600	
163	Office equipment	13,000	
201	Accounts payable	·	\$ 450
301	Susan Hurley, capital		29,200
302	Susan Hurley, withdrawals	2,500	
401	Accounting fees earned	·	12,980
680	Professional development expense	1,250	
690	Utilities expense	1,750	
	Totals	\$42,630	\$42,630

Problem 2-5B (25 minutes)

SUSAN HURLEY, PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT Income Statement For Month Ended September 30, 2014

Revenues:					
Accounting fees earned		\$12,98	80		
Operating expenses:					
Utilities expense					
Professional development ex					
Total operating expenses					
Net income	•••••	<u>\$ 9,9</u>	<u>80</u>		
SUSAN HUR	LEY, PUBL	IC ACCOUNTANT		i	
Stateme	ent of Chang	ges in Equity		\ \ T/	ne arrows are
For Month	Ended Sept	tember 30, 2014		! <i>it</i>	naginary but
	-			i ei	mphasize the
Susan Hurley, capital, Septemb	er 1	\$	0	¦ /	ink between
Add: Investments by owner					statements.
Net income				L	!
Total					
Less: Withdrawals by owner					
Susan Hurley, capital, Septemb	er 30	<u>\$36,6</u>	<u>80</u>		
					Î Î
CLICANI	IIIDI EV DII	IDLIO ACCOUNTANT			į
SUSAN I	•	BLIC ACCOUNTANT			
		e Sheet			
•	Septembe	er 30, 2014			i
Assets	A B 100	Liabilities		450	
Cash	\$ 8,400	Accounts payable	\$	450	
Accounts receivable	5,000				
Office supplies	1,830				
Prepaid insurance	3,300	Equity			
Prepaid rent	5,600	Susan Hurley, capital	<u> 36</u>	<u>6,680</u>	4 '
Office equipment	13,000	Total liabilities and			
Total assets	<u>\$37,130</u>	equity	<u>\$37</u>	7,130	

Problem 2-6B (90 minutes)

Part 1

Date 2014		General Journal Account Titles and Explanations		Debit	Page 1 Credit
Nov.	1	Cash Office Equipment Tait Unger, Capital Owner invested in the business.	163	62,000 19,000	81,000
	2	Prepaid Rent Cash Prepaid three months' rent.		21,000	21,000
	4	Office Equipment Office Supplies Accounts Payable Purchased equipment and supplies on cre	124 201	9,000 1,650	10,650
	8	Cash Service Fees Earned Received cash from client for completed v	401	5,200	5,200
	12	Accounts Receivable Service Fees Earned Billed client for completed work.		4,800	4,800
	13	Accounts Payable Cash Paid balance due on accounts payable.		10,650	10,650
	19	Prepaid Insurance Cash Paid annual premium for insurance.		3,750	3,750
	22	Cash Accounts Receivable Collected part of the amount owed by a class	106	2,000	2,000
	24	Accounts Receivable Service Fees Earned Billed client for completed work.	106 401	3,600	3,600

Part 1

Nov.	28	Tait Unger, Withdrawals Cash Owner withdrew cash for personal use.	5,300	5,300
	29	Office Supplies Accounts Payable Purchased supplies on credit.	1,700	1,700
	30	Wages Expense Cash Paid wages.	19,000	19,000
	30	Utilities Expense Cash Paid monthly utility bill.	1,650	1,650

Note: Assume all entries were journalized on Page 1 of the General Journal.

Parts 2 and 3

		Cash			Ac	ct. No. 101
Dat	e	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
Nov.	1		G1	62,000		62,000
	2		G1		21,000	41,000
	8		G1	5,200		46,200
	13		G1		10,650	35,550
	19		G1		3,750	31,800
	22		G1	2,000		33,800
	28		G1		5,300	28,500
	30		G1		19,000	9,500
	30		G1		1,650	7,850
		Accounts Receivable			Δc	ct. No. 106
Dat		Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014		Explanation	T	Debit	Orcait	Balance
Nov.	12		G1	4,800		4,800
NOV.	22		G1	4,000	2,000	2,800
	24		G1	3,600	2,000	6,400
			, 0.	0,000		, 0,400
		Office Supplies			Ac	ct. No. 124
Dat	e	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014		•				
Nov.	4		G1	1,650		1,650
	29		G1	1,700		3,350
		Prepaid Insurance				ct. No. 128
Dat	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
Nov.	19		G1	3,750		3,750
		Prepaid Rent			Ac	ct. No. 131
Dat	e	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014	· -	- Professional			J. 34.1	
Nov.	2		G1	21,000		21,000
	_		, .	,000		

Parts 2 and 3

		Office Equipment			Ac	ct. No. 163
Dat	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
Nov.	1		G1	19,000		19,000
	4		G1	9,000		28,000
	- I	!		, ,,,,,,,		
		Accounts Payable			Ac	ct. No. 201
Dat	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
Nov.	4		G1		10,650	10,650
	13		G1	10,650		0
	29		G1		1,700	1,700
	ı.	·			•	•
		Tait Unger, Capital				ct. No. 301
Dat	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
Nov.	1		G1		81,000	81,000
						•
		Tait Unger, Withdrawals			Ac	ct. No. 302
Dat	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
Nov.	28		G1	5,300		5,300
		Service Fees Earned			Ac	ct. No. 401
Dat	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
Nov.	8		G1		5,200	5,200
	12		G1		4,800	10,000
	24		G1		3,600	13,600
	1		•	l I	0,000	10,000
		Wages Expense			Ac	ct. No. 680
Dat	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014		-				
Nov.	30		G1	19,000		19,000
	- 1	'		, , 1		,
		Utilities Expense			Ac	ct. No. 690
Dat	е	Explanation .	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
Nov.	30		G1	1,650		1,650
	I	l		,		-,

Problem 2-6B (concluded)

Part 4

WiCOM SERVICING Trial Balance November 30, 2011

Acct.			
No.	Account Title	Debit	Credit
101	Cash	\$ 7,850	
106	Accounts receivable	6,400	
124	Office supplies	3,350	
128	Prepaid insurance	3,750	
131	Prepaid rent	21,000	
163	Office equipment	28,000	
201	Accounts payable		\$ 1,700
301	Tait Unger, capital		81,000
302	Tait Unger, withdrawals	5,300	
401	Service fees earned		13,600
680	Wages expense	19,000	
690	Utilities expense	<u>1,650</u>	
	Totals	<u>\$96,300</u>	<u>\$96,300</u>

Analysis component:

The November 29 purchase of office supplies is recorded as a debit to an asset account because they have not yet been used. Assets are economic resources held by the business. The supplies will remain on the books as an asset until they are used. Once used, the supplies will become an expense.

Problem 2-7B (25 minutes)

WiCOM SERVICING Income Statement For Month Ended November 30, 2014

Revenues: Service fees earned Operating expenses: Wages expense Utilities expense Total operating expenses Net loss		\$19,000 <u>1,650</u> <u>20,650</u>	
		n Equity er 30, 2014 \$ 0 <u>81,000</u> 81,000 \$5,300 7,050	The arrows are imaginary but emphasize the link between statements.
	WICOM SI	ERVICING	
	Balance	e Sheet	į
	Novembe	•	
Assets		Liabilities	!
Cash	\$ 7,850	Accounts payable	\$ 1,700
Accounts receivable	6,400		
Office supplies	3,350		!
Prepaid insurance	3,750	Equity	į
Prepaid rent	21,000	Tait Unger, capital	<u>68,650</u> ◀ ⁻
Office equipment	28,000	Total liabilities and	
Total assets	<u>\$70,350</u>	equity	<u>\$70,350</u>

Problem 2-8B (25 minutes)

RUSH INNOVATIONS Income Statement For Month Ended November 30, 2014

Service fees earned Operating expenses: Wages expense Utilities expense Total operating expenses Net loss		\$16,000 <u>2,920</u>	\$15,800 	
RUSH	INNOVATION	ıs	 	
	of Changes in	_		
For Month En	•	• •		
Jay Rush, capital, November 1 Add: Investments by owner Total Less: Withdrawals by owner Net loss Jay Rush, capital, November 3		 \$10,600 <u>3,120</u> 4	\$ 0 <u>146,000</u> 146,000 	The arrows are imaginary but emphasize the link between statements.
	RUSH INNO	OVATIONS		
	Balance	Sheet		
	November	r 30, 2014		
Assets		Liabil	lities	
Cash	\$ 23,480	Accounts payal	ble	\$ 3,400
Accounts receivable	7,000			
Office supplies	5,800			
Prepaid insurance	10,400	Equ	•	į
Prepaid rent	21,000	Jay Rush, capit	<u>132,280</u> ∢ -	
Office equipment	<u>68,000</u>	Total liabilities	and	
Total assets	<u>\$135,680</u>	equity	<u>\$135,680</u>	

Problem 2-8B (concluded)

Analysis component:

2014				
Nov.	30	Accounts Receivable	XXX	
		Service Fees Earned		XXX
		Did work for a customer on account.		
	30	Cash	XXX	
		Accounts Receivable		XXX
		Collected an amount owing from a credit		
		customer.		

Problem 2-9B (90 minutes)

Part 1

		General Journal							
Date		Account Titles and Explanations	PR	Debit	Credit				
2014									
July	1	Office Equipment	163	9,000					
		Trucks	153	56,000					
		Long-Term Notes Payable	251		65,000				
		Purchased assets on credit.							
	2	Land	183	124,000					
		Cash	101		40,800				
		Long-Term Notes Payable	251		83,200				
		Purchased land.							
	3	Building	173	21,000					
		Cash	101	•	21,000				
		Purchased a building.			•				
	5	Prepaid Insurance	128	9,600					
	•	Cash	101	3,000	9,600				
		Purchased two one-year insurance policies.	101		3,000				
	_	•							
	9	Cash	101	3,200					
		Fees Earned	401		3,200				
		Performed services for cash.							
	12	Office Equipment	163	6,500					
		Cash	101		700				
		Long-Term Notes Payable	251		5,800				
		Purchased office equipment.							
	15	Accounts Receivable	106	3,750					
		Fees Earned	401	•	3,750				
		Performed services on credit.			•				
;	20	Accounts Receivable	106	9,200					
		Fees Earned	401	•	9,200				
		Performed services on credit.			, -				

Part 1

		General Journal			Page 2
Dat 2014	e	Account Titles and Explanations	PR	Debit	Credit
July	21	Truck Rental Expense Accounts Payable Rented truck on credit.	645 201	1,300	1,300
	22	CashAccounts Receivable	101 106	5,000	5,000
	23	Wages Expense Cash Paid wages to assistant.	623 101	1,600	1,600
	24	Accounts Payable Cash Paid for July 21 rental on account.	201 101	1,300	1,300
	25	Repairs Expense Cash Paid for truck repairs.	684 101	1,425	1,425
	26	Brett Wilson, Withdrawals Cash Owner withdrawal.	302 101	3,875	3,875
	27	Wages Expense Cash Paid wages to assistant.	623 101	1,600	1,600
	28	Advertising Expense Cash Paid for advertising in local newspaper.	655 101	800	800
	29	Cash Unearned Fees Received cash for services to be performed in August.	101 233	1,400	1,400

Parts 2 and 3

Date	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance			
2014									
June	30	Beginning balance				75,000			
July	2		G1		40,800	34,200			
	3		G1		21,000	13,200			
	5		G1		9,600	3,600			
	9		G1	3,200		6,800			
	12		G1		700	6,100			
	22		G2	5,000		11,100			
	23		G2		1,600	9,500			
	24		G2		1,300	8,200			
	25		G2		1,425	6,775			
	26		G2		3,875	2,900			
	27		G2		1,600	1,300			
	28		G2		800	500			
	29		G2	1,400		1,900			
		Accounts Receivable			Account				
Date	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance			
2014									
June	30	Beginning balance				950			
July	15		G1	3,750		4,700			
	20		G1	9,200		13,900			
	22		G2		5,000	8,900			
		Prepaid Insurance			Account	No 120			
Date	^	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance			
2014	<u> </u>	Explanation		Denit	Credit	Dalalice			
June	30	Beginning balance				275			
July	5 5	beginning balance	G1	9,600		9,875			
July	3		61	3,000		9,075			
		Trucks			Account	No. 153			
Date	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance			
2014		·							
June	30	Beginning balance				20,800			
July	1		G1	56,000		76,800			
,			ı - I	, -	ı	- /			

Cash

Account No. 101

Parts 2 and 3

		Office Equipment			Account	No. 163			
Date	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance			
2014									
June	30	Beginning balance				1,200			
July	1		G1	9,000		10,200			
	12		G1	6,500		16,700			
	Account	: No. 173							
Date	e	Building Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance			
2014									
June	30	Beginning balance				-0-			
July	3		G1	21,000		21,000			
•	Į.			•		,			
		Land			Account	No. 183			
Date	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance			
2014									
June	30	Beginning balance				-0-			
July	2		G1	124,000		124,000			
		Accounts Payable			Account				
Date		Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance			
2014									
June	30	Beginning balance				725			
July	21		G1		1,300	2,025			
	24		G2	1,300		725			
		Unearned Fees			Account	: No. 233			
Date	<u>е</u>	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance			
2014					0.00				
June	30	Beginning balance				0			
July	29		G2		1,400	1,400			
,			1 1		,	,			
		Long-Term Notes Payable			Account	No. 251			
Date	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance			
2014									
June	30	Beginning balance				7,000			
July	1		G1		65,000	72,000			
	2		G1		83,200	155,200			
	12		G1		5,800	161,000			

Parts 2 and 3

		Brett Wilson, Capital			Account	: No. 301
Date	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
June	30	Beginning balance				83,825
		Brett Wilson, Withdrawals			Account	No. 302
Date	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
June	30	Beginning balance				600
July	26		G2	3,875		4,475
						N. 404
		Fees Earned		Account		
Date	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						0.400
June	30	Beginning balance				8,400
July	9		G1		3,200	11,600
	15		G1		3,750	15,350
	20		G1		9,200	24,550
		Wages Expense			Account	: No. 623
Date		Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014					0.000	
June	30	Beginning balance				780
July	23		G2	1,600		2,380
,	27		G2	1,600		3,980
	!		ı	,	1	,
		Truck Rental Expense			Account	No. 645
Date	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
June	30	Beginning balance				230
July	21	-	G2	1,300		1,530
			•	•	•	•
		Advertising Expense			Account	No. 655
Date	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
June	30	Beginning balance				75
July	28		G2	800		875
		Repairs Expense				No. 684
Date	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
June	30	Beginning balance				40
July	25		G2	1,425		1,465

Problem 2-9B (concluded)

Part 4

FROG BOX COMPANY Trial Balance July 31, 2014

Acct.	• •		
No.	Account Title	Debit	Credit
101	Cash	\$ 1,900	
106	Accounts receivable	8,900	
128	Prepaid insurance	9,875	
153	Trucks	76,800	
163	Office equipment	16,700	
173	Building	21,000	
183	Land	124,000	
201	Accounts payable		\$ 725
233	Unearned fees		1,400
251	Long-term notes payable		161,000
301	Brett Wilson, capital		83,825
302	Brett Wilson, withdrawals	4,475	•
401	Fees earned		24,550
623	Wages expense	3,980	•
645	Truck rental expense	1,530	
655	Advertising expense	875	
684	Repairs expense	1,465	
	Totals	\$271,500	\$271,500

Problem 2-10B

FROG BOX COMPANY Income Statement For Month Ended July 31, 2014

Revenues:								
Fees earned			\$24,550)				
Operating expenses:								
Wages expense								
Truck rental expense		1,530						
Repairs expense								
Advertising expense								
Total operating expenses.			<u>7,850</u>					
Net income			<u>\$16,700</u>	<u>}</u>				
				į				
FF	ROG BOX CO	MPANY						
Statem		į į	The arrows are					
For Mo	luly 31, 2014		<u> </u>	imaginary but				
	•			emphasize the link				
Brett Wilson, capital, July 1		\$ 83,825	i	between				
Add: Net income			16,700		statements.			
Total			\$100,525					
Less: Withdrawals by owner.			4,475					
Brett Wilson, capital, July 31.			<u>\$ 96,050</u>	<u> </u>				
					!			
	FROG BOX	COMPANY			į			
	Balanc	e Sheet			1			
	July 3	1, 2014			1			
Assets		Liabilities			!			
Cash	\$ 1,900	Accounts payable		\$ 725	5			
Accounts receivable	8,900	Unearned fees		1,400)			
Prepaid insurance	9,875	Long-term notes payal	ole	161,000	<u>o</u> ¦			
Trucks	76,800	Total liabilities		\$163,12	- 5 ¦			
Office equipment	16,700				ļ			
Building	21,000	Equity						
Land	124,000	Brett Wilson, capital		96,050	o ← [!]			
		Total liabilities and			-			
Total assets	<u>\$259,175</u>	equity		<u>\$259,175</u>	<u>5</u>			

Problem 2-11B (45 minutes)

Part 1

I alt I				
	General Journal			Page 1
Date 2014	Account Titles and Explanations	PR	Debit	Credit
Nov. 1	Accounts Payable	201	10,000	
	Cash	101		10,000
	Paid for purchase made on account.			
2	2 Office Equipment	163	34,000	
	Cash	101		6,000
	Notes Payable Purchased a photocopier.	205		28,000
3	Office Supplies	124	800	
	Cash	101		800
	Purchased supplies for cash.			
14	Wages Expense	623	6,000	
	Cash Paid wages.	101		6,000
20	Cash	101	14,000	
	Travel Revenue	401		14,000
	Collected cash for November travel.			
25	Ike Petrov, Withdrawals	302	2,000	
	Cash	101		2,000
	The owner withdrew cash.			
30	Interest Expense	633	150	
	Cash	101		150
	Paid interest on notes payable.			

Note: There is no entry to record for November 4 as this does not represent an economic exchange.

Parts 2 and 3

	Cash	1	101	Offi	ce Supp	lies 124	Offic Equipm		163	Accour	nts Payab	le 201	1
Bal.	26,000	10,000	Nov. 1	Bal.	900		Bal.			Nov. 1	10,000	43,000	Bal.
Nov. 20	14,000	6,000	2	Nov. 3	800		Nov. 2	34,000			·		
		800	3									1	
		6,000	14									1	
		2,000	25									1	
		150	30										
Bal.	15,050			Bal.	1,700		Bal.	70,000				33,000	Bal.

 Notes Payable		205	Ike Petrov, Capital		301 Ike Per Withdra		•	302	Travel Revenue		401	
 20,	,000	Bal.		8,000	Bal.	Bal.	4,000	_		34,000	Bal.	
28,	,000	Nov. 2				Nov. 25	2,000			14,000	Nov. 20	
 48,	,000	Bal.				Bal.	6,000			48,000	Bal.	

Wages Expense	623	Interest	Expense	633
Bal. 38,000		Bal.	100	
Nov. 14 6,000		Nov. 30	150	
Bal. 44,000		Bal.	250	

Part 4

TOUR-ALONG Trial Balance November 30, 2014

Acct.			
No.	Account Title	Debit	Credit
101	Cash	\$ 15,050	
124	Office supplies	1,700	
163	Office equipment	70,000	
201	Accounts payable		\$ 33,000
205	Notes payable		48,000
301	Ike Petrov, capital		8,000
302	Ike Petrov, withdrawals	6,000	
401	Travel revenue		48,000
623	Wages expense	44,000	
633	Interest expense	<u>250</u>	
	Totals	\$137,000	\$137,000

Part 5

TOUR-ALONG Income Statement For Two Months Ended November 30, 2014

Wages expense	Travel revenue			\$48,000	
Interest expense	Operating expenses:		\$44,000		
Total operating expenses 44,250 \$ 3,750			- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
TOUR-ALONG Statement of Changes in Equity For Two Months Ended November 30, 2014				44 250	
Statement of Changes in Equity For Two Months Ended November 30, 2014					
Statement of Changes in Equity For Two Months Ended November 30, 2014					
Tourn Section Sectio	TC	UR-ALONG			
Ike Petrov, capital, October 1 \$ -0- Add: Owner investment \$8,000 Net income 3,750 11,750 Total \$11,750 The arrows are imaginary but emphasize the link between statements. Ike Petrov, capital, November 30 \$ 5,750 between statements. TOUR-ALONG Balance Sheet November 30, 2014 Assets Liabilities Cash \$15,050 Accounts payable \$33,000 Office supplies 1,700 Notes payable 48,000 Office equipment 70,000 Total liabilities \$81,000	Statement of	of Changes	in Equity		
Add: Owner investment \$8,000 Net income 3,7504 11,750 The arrows are imaginary but emphasize the link between statements. Less: Withdrawals by owner like Petrov, capital, November 30. 6,000 but emphasize the link between statements. TOUR-ALONG Balance Sheet November 30, 2014 November 30, 2014 Liabilities Cash \$15,050 Accounts payable \$33,000 Office supplies 1,700 Notes payable 48,000 Office equipment 70,000 Total liabilities \$81,000	For Two Months	Ended Nove	ember 30, 2014		
Add: Owner investment \$8,000 Net income 3,7504 11,750 The arrows are imaginary but emphasize the link between statements. Less: Withdrawals by owner like Petrov, capital, November 30 6,000 but emphasize the link between statements. TOUR-ALONG Balance Sheet November 30, 2014 November 30, 2014 Assets Liabilities Cash \$15,050 Accounts payable \$33,000 Office supplies 1,700 Notes payable 48,000 Office equipment 70,000 Total liabilities \$81,000	Ike Petrov. capital. October 1			\$ -0-	
Net income 3,750⁴ 11,750 The arrows are imaginary but emphasize the link between statements. Less: Withdrawals by owner 6,000 but emphasize the link between statements. Ike Petrov, capital, November 30. \$5,750 between statements. TOUR-ALONG Balance Sheet November 30, 2014 Assets Liabilities Cash \$15,050 Accounts payable \$33,000 Office supplies 1,700 Notes payable 48,000 Office equipment 70,000 Total liabilities \$81,000					
Total	Net income		3,750 ⁴	11,750 The or	rowo oro imaginary
TOUR-ALONG Balance Sheet November 30, 2014 Assets Liabilities	Total			\$11.750 !	,
TOUR-ALONG Balance Sheet November 30, 2014 Assets Liabilities Cash \$15,050 Accounts payable \$33,000 Office supplies 1,700 Notes payable \$48,000 Office equipment 70,000 Total liabilities \$81,000	Less: Withdrawals by owner			י טטט,ס	· 1
Balance Sheet November 30, 2014 Assets Liabilities Cash	Ike Petrov, capital, November	30		\$ 5,750!	/een statements.
Balance Sheet November 30, 2014 Assets Liabilities Cash					; ; ;
November 30, 2014 Assets Liabilities Cash		TOUR-	ALONG		1
Assets Liabilities Cash		Baland	e Sheet		!
Assets Liabilities Cash		Novembe	er 30, 2014		-
Office supplies 1,700 Notes payable 48,000 Office equipment 70,000 Total liabilities \$81,000	Assets		•	ities	!
Office supplies 1,700 Notes payable 48,000 Office equipment 70,000 Total liabilities \$81,000	Cash	\$15,050	Accounts payab	le	\$33,000
Office equipment		1,700	• •		48,000
· ·	• •	•			
<i>Equity</i>	1.1				
Ike Petrov, capital			•	•	5.750 ←
Total liabilities and			•		
Total assets	Total assets	\$86.750			\$86.750

Analysis component:

The \$8,000 October 31 balance in Ike Petrov, Capital represents investments made by the owner, Ike Petrov, into the business.

Problem 2-12B

LINCOLN LANDSCAPING Income Statement For Three Months Ended July 31, 2014

Revenues: Fees earned Operating expenses: Wages expense Advertising expense Rental expense Repairs expense Total operating expenses Net loss		\$59,000 1,750 1,100 930	\$29,100 <u>62,780</u> <u>\$33,680</u>	
LINCOLN	N LANDSCAP	PING	!	
	of Changes i	_		
For Three Mon	_	• •		The amount and
Brielle Lincoln, capital, May 1		•	\$ 0	The arrows are
Add: Investments by owner			<u>65,000</u>	imaginary but
Total			65,000	emphasize the link
Less: Withdrawals by owner				between
Net loss				statements.
Brielle Lincoln, capital, July 31	•••••	••••	<u>\$22,370</u>	
	Balanc	NDSCAPING e Sheet 1, 2014		
Assets	ouly o	., 2011 Liabi	lities	
Cash	\$ 23,720		ble	\$ 37,500
Accounts receivable	18,600			2,800
Prepaid insurance	13,750	Long-term note	s payable	<u>58,000</u>
Equipment	64,600		S	\$98,300
		<i>Equ</i> Brielle Lincoln, Total liabilities	capital	22,370
Total assets	<u>\$120,670</u>			<u>\$120,670</u>

Analysis component:

- a) Assets financed by debt = $($98,300/$120,670) \times 100 = 81.5\%$
- b) Assets financed by equity = $($22,370/$120,670) \times 100 = 18.5\%$

Problem 2-13B

DANCE-A-LOT Trial Balance December 31, 2014

Account Title	Debit	Credit
Cash (\$37,175 ^a - \$30,540 ^a)	\$ 6,635	
Accounts receivable (\$7,900 - \$275 ^b)	7,625	
Office supplies (\$2,650 + 400°)	3,050	
Office equipment	20,500	
Accounts payable (\$9,465 + 400°)		\$ 9,865
Bev Horricks, capital (a credit balance account)		16,745
Services revenue (\$23,250 ^d not \$22,350)		23,250
Wages expense (a debit balance account)	6,000	
Rent expense (a debit balance account)	4,800	
Advertising expense (a debit balance account)	<u> 1,250</u>	
Totals	<u>\$49,860</u>	<u>\$49,860</u>

Note: The superscripts (a) to (d) are references to items (a) to (d) listed in Problem 2-13B.

ANALYTICAL AND REVIEW PROBLEMS

A&R Problem 2-1 (35 minutes)

YOUNG ENGINEERING Trial Balance March 31, 2014

Account Title	Debit	Credit
Cash	\$26,660	
Office supplies	660	
Prepaid insurance	3,200	
Office equipment	16,500	
Accounts payable	•	\$16,500
Carlos Young, capital		17,000
Carlos Young, withdrawals	3,740	,
Consulting fees earned	•	24,000
Rent expense	6,740	
Totals	\$57,500	\$57,500

- 1. Purchased \$660 of office supplies for cash.
- 2. Paid \$3,200 insurance premium in advance.
- 3. Purchased \$16,500 office equipment on credit.
- 4. Carlos Young invested \$17,000 cash in the business.
- 5. Carlos Young withdrew \$3,740 cash from the business for personal use.
- 6. Earned \$24,000 in consulting services and was paid in cash.
- 7. Paid \$6,740 rent expense with cash.

A&R 2-2 (30 minutes)

Nice-n-Fresh Drycleaning Statement of Changes in Equity For Months Ended

	April 30,	March 31,
	2014	2014
Ed Fresh, capital, beginning	\$ 34,400	\$ 0
Add: Investment by owner	0	10,000
Net income	48,500 ⁴	$25,400^3$
Total	\$ 82,900	\$35,400
Less: Withdrawals by owner	<u>25,100</u>	1,000
Ed Fresh, capital, ending	\$57,800	\$34,400

Nice-n-Fresh Drycleaning Balance Sheet

	April 30,	March 31,		Apri	<i>I</i> 30,	Marc	h 31,
Assets	2014	2014	Liabilities	20	14	20	14
Cash	\$ 7,000	\$ 3,000	Accounts payable	\$	700	\$	500
Cleaning supplies	3,500	900	Notes payable	<u>4(</u>	0,000	<u>1</u>	<u>5,000</u>
Prepaid rent	12,000	16,000	Total liabilities	\$40	700,	\$1	5,500
Equipment	<u>76,000</u>	30,000	Equity				
			Ed Fresh, capital	<u>57</u>	,800²	<u>34</u>	,400 ¹
			Total liabilities and				
Total assets	<u>\$98,500</u>	<u>\$49,900</u>	equity	<u>\$98</u>	<u>3,500</u>	<u>\$4</u>	<u>9,900</u>

Calculations:

- 1. 49,900 15,500 = 34,400
- 2. 98,500 40,700 = 57,800
- 3. 34,400 + 1,000 10,000 = 25,400
- 4. 57,800 + 25,100 34,400 = 48,500

Analysis component:

- a. Liabilities increased because of the \$200 increase in accounts payable and the \$25,000 increase in notes payable used, most probably, to finance the purchase of equipment (equipment increased by \$46,000).
- b. Equity increased by a larger amount in March than April because the owner invested \$10,000 during March and nothing during April. Also, during April, the owner made a withdrawal of \$25,100 and only \$1,000 in March. Net income in April was almost twice as much as that reported for March but the large withdrawal and no investments during April caused equity to increase by a smaller amount than in March.

ETHICS CHALLENGE

This problem emphasizes the importance of source documents.

1. There are advantages to the process proposed by the manager. They include improved customer service, less delays, and less work for you. However, you should have serious concerns about the potential for fraud. In particular, there is no control over the possibility of embezzlement by the manager because there are no source documents* being prepared at the time of sale. The manager could steal cash and simply prepare sales receipts to match the remaining cash.

This case involves a conflict between the need for efficiency and the need for control in the form of <u>source documents</u>*. While it makes sense to take and process sales receipts quickly, this efficiency is being accomplished by a shortcut that greatly weakens control over cash receipts. That is, cash could be received and lost because there would be no source documents to verify the sales and cash received.

*Recall from Chapter 1 that source documents identify and describe transactions entering the accounting process and are the source of accounting information, whether in paper or electronic form.

2. The manager's explanation that the owner does not arrive until 3:00 p.m. suggests that the owner does not know about the proposed shortcut. Thus, the new employee is faced with the dilemma of deciding whether to accept the manager's instructions, to confront the manager with the argument that the shortcut seems wrong, or to ask the owner to confirm the instructions. Each of these alternatives involves personal risk.

Initially, the best thing may be to simply work as instructed for a while in order to get an idea of whether the shortcut is being abused by the manager and perhaps to find out discreetly whether the owner knows about it. The relationship that develops between you and the manager may be of a nature that will allow you to explain your concern and convince the manager that the shortcut should be avoided. Even if the manager is not abusing this shortcut, there are other reasons for doing away with it, such as maintaining accurate records for tax reports and gathering marketing information. Also, the shortcut may result in fraud by other employees who might not be as honest as you and the manager.

If you conclude that the manager is committing fraud, you should report the situation to the owner as quickly as possible.

FFS 2-1

McALLISTER SURVEYING Income Statement For Month Ended May 31, 2014

Revenue:		
Surveying fees earned		\$18,000
Operating expenses:		
Advertising expense	\$3,200	
Rent expense	3,100	
Salaries expense	3,000	
Insurance expense	900	
Telephone expense	600	
Utilities expense	<u>300</u>	
Total operating expenses		<u>11,100</u>
Net income		<u>\$ 6,900</u>
McALLISTER SURVEYING Statement of Changes in Equity For Month Ended May 31, 2014		
Travis McAllister, capital, May 1		\$75,000
Add: Investments by owner Net income Total	\$3,000 <u>6,900</u>	<u>9,900</u> \$84,900
Less: Withdrawals by owner		6,000
Travis McAllister, capital, May 31		<u>\$78,900</u>

McALLISTER SURVEYING Balance Sheet May 31, 2014

Assets		Liabilities	
Cash	\$ 3,900	Accounts payable	\$ 2,400
Accounts receivable	2,700	Unearned surveying fees	6,000
Office supplies	300	Short-term notes payable	48,000
Prepaid insurance	1,800	Total liabilities	\$ 56,400
Prepaid rent	4,200		
Surveying equipment	5,400		
Buildings	81,000	Equity	
Land	36,000	Travis McAllister, capital	<u> 78,900</u>
Total assets	<u>\$135,300</u>	Total liabilities and equity	<u>\$135,300</u>

Analysis component:

Withdrawals are how an owner takes assets out of the business for personal use. McAllister Surveying realized a \$6,900 net income during the month which caused equity to increase. It is reasonable for the owner to benefit from that net income by making a withdrawal even though withdrawals cause equity to decrease.

FFS 2-2 1(a)(i) Accounts Receivable XXX Guest Revenues XXX Provided services to customers on account. Cash..... XXX Guest Revenues XXX Provided services to customers for cash. 1(a)(ii) Revenues affect the balance sheet because they cause equity to increase. 1(a)(iii) The Revenue Recognition Principle assures us that revenues on the income statement are for the year ended December 31, 2011. 1(b)(i) Interest Expense XXX Cash XXX Paid interest expense...

- 1(b)(ii) Yes, expenses affect the balance sheet because they cause equity to decrease.
- 2(a) Advance ticket sales represent airline tickets sold in advance to customers.

2(b)

Critical Thinking Question

CT 2-1

Note to instructor: Student responses will vary and therefore the answer here is only suggested and not inclusive of all possibilities; it is presented in point form for brevity.

Problem(s):

 information that is available does not provide adequate detail to enable analysis and resulting decision making (from the Western Canadian Sales Division Manager's perspective; from the perspective of the sales and admin staff, the limited detail would make recording information very straightforward/easy since there are only 2 accounts — 1 revenue and 1 expense)

Goal(s)*:

 Sales Division Manager would want to maximize sales, minimize costs, and at the same time accurately record and report with sufficient detail to assist decision making process

Assumption(s)/Principle(s):

- division results have been deteriorating but because of a lack of detail, appropriate questions were not being asked and consequently inappropriate decisions were likely being made
- the disclosure principle (introduced in Chapter 6) requires that appropriate detail be provided and the materiality principle (introduced in Chapter 7) suggests that anything of significance be disclosed/reported

Facts:

- as presented in the sales reports
- by converting the dollars to percentages, we see that from July to September, although net income is increasing in total dollars, expenses are increasing as a percentage of sales causing net income to shrink as a percentage of sales which is unfavourable

Prairie Insurance – Western Canadian Division						
		Sale	s Report			
	Month Ended					
Sept. 30, 2014 Aug. 31, 2014 July 31, 2014						
% % 9						
Sales revenue \$680,000 100 \$510,000 100 \$440,000 10						
Expenses	544,000	80	382,500	75	321,200	73
Net income	\$136,000	20	\$127,500	25	\$118,800	27

CT 2-1 (concluded)

Conclusion(s)/Consequence(s):

 more revenue and expense accounts are required to provide sufficient detail to allow appropriate monitoring/questions and resulting decisions; this will require a restructuring of the accounting including submission of expense reports which requires resources including expertise

*The goal is highly dependent on "perspective."

Serial Problem, Echo Systems (120 minutes) Part A

2.

Journal	Page 1			General
Date 2014	Page 1 Account Titles and Explanations	PR	Debit	Credit
Oct. 1	Cash Office Equipment Computer Equipment Mary Graham, Capital Owner invested in the business.	163 167	90,000 18,000 36,000	144,000
2	Prepaid Rent Cash Paid rent in advance.		9,000	9,000
3	Computer Supplies Accounts Payable Purchased supplies on credit.		2,640	2,640
5	Prepaid Insurance Cash Paid 12 months' premium in advance.		4,320	4,320
6	Accounts Receivable Computer Services Revenue Billed customer for services.		6,600	6,600
8	Accounts Payable Cash Paid balance due on account payable.		2,640	2,640
10	No entry recorded in the journal.			
12	Accounts Receivable Computer Services Revenue Billed customer for services.		2,400	2,400
15	CashAccounts Receivable		6,600	6,600
17	Repairs Expense, Computer Cash Paid for computer repairs.		1,410	1,410
20	Advertising Expense Cash Purchased ad in local newspaper.		3,720	3,720
22	Cash Accounts Receivable Collected accounts receivable.		2,400	2,400

Part A

		General Journal			Page 2
Date 2014		Account Titles and Explanations	PR	Debit	Credit
Oct.	28	Accounts Receivable	106	6,450	
		Computer Services Revenue Billed customer for services.	403		6,450
	31	Wages Expense		1,400	
		Cash Paid employee for part-time work.	101		1,400
	31	Mary Graham, Withdrawals	302	7,200	
		Cash	101		7,200
		Owner withdrew cash.			

1 and 3.

Cash				Acct. No. 101		
Date	Explanation Pl	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance	
2014						
Oct. 1		G1	90,000		90,000	
2		G1		9,000	81,000	
5		G1		4,320	76,680	
8		G1		2,640	74,040	
15		G1	6,600		80,640	
17		G1		1,410	79,230	
20		G1		3,720	75,510	
22		G1	2,400		77,910	
31		G2		1,400	76,510	
31		G2		7,200	69,310	

Accounts Receivable

Acct. N	Ο.	106
---------	----	-----

Dat	e	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
Oct.	6		G1	6,600		6,600
	12		G1	2,400		9,000
	15		G1		6,600	2,400
	22		G1		2,400	0
	28		G2	6,450		6,450

Part A

		Computer Supplies			Acct.	No. 126
Da	te	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
Oct.	3		G1	2,640		2,640
		Prepaid Insurance			Acct.	No. 128
Da	te	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
Oct.	5		G1	4,320		4,320
		Prepaid Rent			Acct.	No. 131
Da	te	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
Oct.	2		G1	9,000		9,000
		Office Equipment			Acct.	No. 163
Da	te	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014		·				
Oct.	1		G1	18,000		18,000
		Computer Equipment			Acct.	No. 167
Da	te	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
Oct.	1		G1	36,000		36,000
		Accounts Payable			Acct. No. 201	
Da	te	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014					Grount	
Oct.	3		G1		2,640	2,640
00	8		G1	2,640	_,0.0	0
		Mary Graham, Capital			Acct	No. 301
Da	te	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014				DODIL	Orount	Balarioc
Oct.	1		G1		144,000	144,000
		Mary Graham, Withdrawals			Acct	No. 302
Da	to.	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014	ıc	LAPIGNATION		Denir	Oreun	Daiaile
Oct.	31		G2	7,200		7,200

Part A

		Computer Services Revenue			Acct.	No. 403
Dat	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
Oct.	6		G1		6,600	6,600
	12		G1		2,400	9,000
	28		G2		6,450	15,450
		Wages Expense			Acct	No. 623
Dot			DD	Dobit		
Dat	е	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014 Oct.	31		G2	1 400		1 400
Oct.	31	Į.	GZ	1,400		1,400
		Advertising Expense			Acct.	No. 655
Dat	e	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014		_				
Oct.	20		G1	3,720		3,720
		Mileage Expense			Acct.	No. 676
Dat	e	Explanation -	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
	•			•	•	
		Repairs Expense, Computer			Acct.	No. 684
Dat	e	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
Oct.	17		G1	1,410		1,410
		Charitable Donations Expense			Acct.	No. 699
Dat	e	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014		-				

Part A

4.

ECHO SYSTEMS Trial Balance October 31, 2014

Acct.			
No.	Account Title	Debit	Credit
101	Cash	\$ 69,310	
106	Accounts receivable	6,450	
126	Computer supplies	2,640	
128	Prepaid insurance	4,320	
131	Prepaid rent	9,000	
163	Office equipment	18,000	
167	Computer equipment	36,000	
201	Accounts payable		\$ -0-
301	Mary Graham, capital		144,000
302	Mary Graham, withdrawals	7,200	·
403	Computer services revenue		15,450
623	Wages expense	1,400	•
655	Advertising expense	3,720	
676	Mileage expense	-0-	
684	Repairs expense, computer	1,410	
699	Charitable donations expense	-0-	
	Totals	<u>\$159,450</u>	<u>\$159,450</u>

NOTE: Accounts with zero balance may be omitted.

Part A

5.

ECHO SYSTEMS Income Statement For Month Ended October 31, 2014

Revenues: Computer services revenue Operating expenses: Advertising expense Repairs expense, computer Wages expense		\$3,720 1,410 <u>1,400</u>	\$15,450 <u>6,530</u> <u>\$ 8,920</u>		
Statement of		7 31, 2014 \$144,000 <u>8,920</u> ← 	\$ 0 152,920 \$152,920 7,200 \$145,720	The arrows are imaginary but emphasize the lin between statements.	ok
	ECHO SY	-			1
	Balance				-
A 4 -	October 3	·			-
Assets Cash Accounts receivable	\$ 69,310 6,450 2,640	<i>Liabilit</i> Accounts payab		\$ -0-	1
Computer supplies Prepaid insurance	4,320	Equit	fr. e		-
Prepaid rent	4,320 9,000	Mary Graham, c		<u>145,720</u> ◀	
Office equipment	18,000	mary Granani, C	αριται	175,120	
Computer equipment	36,000	Total liabilities a	and		
Total assets	<u>\$ 145,720</u>	equity		<u>\$145,720</u>	

Part B

6.

2014

Nov.	1	Mileage ExpenseCash	101	1,000	1,000
		Reimbursed Mary Graham for business us	sage.		
	2	Cash Computer Services Revenue Collected cash revenue from customer.	101 403	9,300	9,300
	5	Cash Purchased computer supplies for cash.		1,920	1,920
	8	Accounts Receivable Computer Services Revenue Billed customer for services.		8,700	8,700
	13	No entry recorded in the journal.			
	18	CashAccounts Receivable		3,750	3,750
	22	Charitable Donations Expense Cash Made a donation.		1,500	1,500
	24	Accounts Receivable Computer Services Revenue Billed customer for services.		7,500	7,500
	25	No entry recorded in the journal.			
	28	Mileage Expense Cash Reimbursed Mary Graham for business us	101	1,200	1,200
	30	Wages Expense Cash Paid employee for part-time work.		2,800	2,800
	30	Mary Graham, Withdrawals Cash Owner withdrew cash.		3,600	3,600

Part B

7.

General Ledger accounts:

Date 2014 Oct.	2	G1 G1	Debit 90,000	Credit	Balance
Oct.	2		90,000		00 000
	2		90,000		00 000
! 8		G1			90,000
8	:			9,000	81,000
	'	G1		4,320	76,680
	3	G1		2,640	74,040
1	5	G1	6,600		80,640
17	,	G1		1,410	79,230
20)	G1		3,720	75,510
22	2	G1	2,400		77,910
3		G2		1,400	76,510
3′		G2		7,200	69,310
Nov.		G2		1,000	68,310
2	2	G2	9,300		77,610
	5	G2		1,920	75,690
18	3	G2	3,750		79,440
22	2	G2		1,500	77,940
28	3	G2		1,200	76,740
30		G2		2,800	73,940
30		G2		3,600	70,340

Accounts Receivable

Acct. No. 106

Dat	te	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
Oct.	6		G1	6,600		6,600
	12		G 1	2,400		9,000
	15		G1		6,600	2,400
	22		G 1		2,400	0
	28		G2	6,450		6,450
Nov.	8		G2	8,700		15,150
	18		G2		3,750	11,400
	24		G2	7,500		18,900

		Computer Supplies			Acct.	No. 126	
Da	te	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance	
2014							
Oct.	3		G1	2,640		2,640	
Nov.	5		G2	1,920		4,560	
		Prepaid Insurance			Acct.	No. 128	
Da	te	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance	
2014							
Oct.	5		G1	4,320		4,320	
		Prepaid Rent			Acct.	No. 131	
Da	te	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance	
2014							
Oct.	2		G1	9,000		9,000	
		Office Equipment			Acct.	No. 163	
Da	te	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance	
2014		·					
Oct.	1		G1	18,000		18,000	
		Computer Equipment			Acct. No. 167		
Da	te	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance	
2014							
Oct.	1		G1	36,000		36,000	
		Accounts Payable			Acct.	No. 201	
Da	te	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance	
2014		·					
Oct.	3		G1		2,640	2,640	
	8		G1	2,640	·	0	
		Mary Graham, Capital			Acct.	No. 301	
Da	te	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance	
2014		ļ					
Oct.	1		G1		144,000	144,000	
		Mary Graham, Withdrawals			Acct.	No. 302	
Da	te	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance	
2014					<u> </u>		
Oct.	31		G2	7,200		7,200	
Nov.	30		G3	3,600		10,800	
		l	, 55	0,000		. 5,555	

Part B

		Computer Services Revenue			Acct.	No. 403
Dat	:e	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
Oct.	6		G1		6,600	6,600
	12		G1		2,400	9,000
	28		G2		6,450	15,450
Nov.	2		G2		9,300	24,750
	8		G2		8,700	33,450
	24		G2		7,500	40,950
Wages Expense Acct. No.					No. 623	
Dat	:e	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
Oct.	31		G2	1,400		1,400
Nov.	30		G2	2,800		4,200
Advertising Expense Acct. No. 655					No. 655	
Date		Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014		•				
Oct.	20		G1	3,720		3,720
	Mileage Expense			Acct. No. 676		
Dat	:e	Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						
Nov.	1		G2	1,000		1,000
	28		G2	1,200		2,200
Repairs Expense, Computer			Acct.	No. 684		
Date		Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014						_ = ===================================
Oct.	17		G1	1,410		1,410
		Charitable Donations Expense			Acct	No. 699
Date		Explanation	PR	Debit	Credit	Balance
2014	. .	Ελβιαιίατιοπ	1 11	Depit	Ol Guit	Dalance
Nov.	22		G2	1,500		1,500

Part B

8.

ECHO SYSTEMS Trial Balance November 30, 2014

Acct.			
No.	Account Title	Debit	Credit
101	Cash	\$ 70,340	
106	Accounts receivable	18,900	
126	Computer supplies	4,560	
128	Prepaid insurance	4,320	
131	Prepaid rent	9,000	
163	Office equipment	18,000	
167	Computer equipment	36,000	
201	Accounts payable		\$ -0-
301	Mary Graham, capital		144,000
302	Mary Graham, withdrawals	10,800	·
403	Computer services revenue		40,950
623	Wages expense	4,200	,
655	Advertising expense	3,720	
676	Mileage expense	2,200	
684	Repairs expense, computer	1,410	
699	Charitable donations expense	1,500	
	Totals	<u>\$184,950</u>	\$184,950

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Serial Problem, Echo Systems (concluded)

Part B

9.

ECHO SYSTEMS Income Statement For Two Months Ended November 30, 2014

Computer services revenue Operating expenses:		\$40,950
	¢4 000	
Wages expense	\$4,200	
Advertising expense	3,720	
Mileage expense	2,200	
Charitable donations expense	1,500	
Repairs expense, computer	<u>1,410</u>	
Total operating expenses	<u></u>	<u>13,030</u>
Net income		\$27,920

ECHO SYSTEMS

Statement of Changes in Equity

For Two Months Ended November 30, 2014

Mary Graham, capital, October 1		\$.	-0-
Add: Investments by owner	\$144,000		
Net income	27,920	<u>171,9</u>	<u> 20</u>
Total		\$171,9	20
Less: Withdrawals by owner		10,8	<u>00</u>
Mary Graham, capital, November 30		\$161,1	20

ECHO SYSTEMS Balance Sheet November 30, 2014

	Liabilities	
\$ 70,340	Accounts payable	\$ -0-
18,900		
4,560		
4,320	Equity	
9,000	Mary Graham, capital	<u>161,120</u>
18,000		
36,000	Total liabilities and	
<u>\$161,120</u>	equity	<u>\$161,120</u>
	18,900 4,560 4,320 9,000 18,000	\$ 70,340 Accounts payable