Name:	C	lass:	Date:
Access 2013 Unit A: G	etting Started with Access 20	013	
-	be entering, updating, and using	an Access database at the same tir	ne.
a. True			
b. False	T.		
ANSWER:	True		
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES:	Access 2	1 / 1/1	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.001 - Explain w	hen to use a database	
2. An Access database is lin	nited to a size of 1 gigabyte.		
a. True			
b. False			
ANSWER:	False		
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES:	Access 3		
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.002 - Describe 1	elational database concepts	
3. Tables contain all of the c	lata in the database.		
a. True			
b. False			
ANSWER:	True		
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES:	Access 5		
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.003 - Open and	define Access objects	
4. If a number has already b	een incremented beyond 1 for a fi	rst record in a field of the AutoNu	mber data type, the
AutoNumber data type can	•		
a. True			
b. False			
ANSWER:	False		
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES:	Access 8		
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.004 - Set approp	priate data types for fields	
 A primary key field uniqual a. True 	ely identifies each record.		

a. True	
b. False	
ANSWER: True	
POINTS: 1	
REFERENCES: Access 10	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ENHA.FRIE.16.005 - Set the primary keeping and the primar	ey field

6. No two records can have the same value in the primary key field.

a. True

b. False

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	C C
ANSWER:	True
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Access 10
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.005 - Set the primary key field
7. Field properties change d a. Trueb. False	lepending on the data type of the field.
	Trace
ANSWER:	True
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Access 11
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.005 - Set the primary key field
8. The linking field on the " a. True	many" side of a one-to-many relationship is called the foreign key field.
b. False	
ANSWER:	True
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Access 12
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.006 - Create one-to-many relationships
9. A subdatasheet shows the a. Trueb. False	e records on the "many" side of a one-to-many relationship.
ANSWER:	True
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Access 12
	ENHA.FRIE.16.007 - Define common field and foreign key field
10. "Focus" refers to whicha. Trueb. False	data you would edit if you started typing.
ANSWER:	True
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Access 14
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.008 - Enter records in a datasheet
11. The navigation buttons a. Trueb. False	on a datasheet display the total number of fields in the datasheet.
	Felse
ANSWER:	False
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Access 14

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Name:	Class:		
Access 2013 Unit A: G	etting Started with Access 2013		
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.009 - Navigate records in a datasheet		
 Values in an AutoNumb a. True 	per field are automatically created by Access.		
b. False			
ANSWER:	True		
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES:	Access 14		
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.008 - Enter records in a datasheet		
a. True	etween Edit and Navigation modes.		
b. False	_		
ANSWER:	True		
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES:	Access 17		
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.010 - Edit data in a datasheet		
14. Press [Esc] once to undera. Trueb. False	o a change to the current field.		
ANSWER:	True		
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES:	Access 17		
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.010 - Edit data in a datasheet		
15. Pressing [Ctrl][;] will in a. True	sert the current date in a Date field.		
b. False			
ANSWER:	True		
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES:	Access 17		
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.010 - Edit data in a datasheet		
16. Microsoft Access can be a. spreadsheet b. pr	est be described as software.		
	stems		
c. database d. sy			
c. database d. sy ANSWER:	c		
-			
ANSWER:	c		

17. Which is NOT true about Access? a. It can be used to create forms Cengage Learning Testing, Powered by Cognero

Date:	

Name:	
ivanie.	

Access 2013 Unit A: G	etting Started with Access 2013					
b. It relates lists of information in a relational database.						
c. Reporting is limited to 20 saved reports.						
	d. Multiple users can simultaneously enter and update data within Access.					
ANSWER:	c					
POINTS:	1					
REFERENCES:	Access 3					
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.002 - Describe relational database concepts					
18. Tables, queries, and for	ms are examples of Access					
a. entities b. object	S					
c. values d. contro	ls					
ANSWER:	b					
POINTS:	1					
REFERENCES:	Access 4					
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.003 - Open and define Access objects					
19. Which of the following	is NOT available to you as you start Access?					
a. opening an existing						
c. creating a new datab	ase from a template d. creating a new blank database					
ANSWER:	b					
POINTS:	1					
REFERENCES:	Access 4					
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.011 - Start Access and open a database					
	ovides an easy-to-use data entry screen?					
a. macro b. form						
c. table d. module						
ANSWER:	b					
POINTS:	1					
REFERENCES:	Access 5					
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.012 - Identify Access components					

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🗗 TourRoiter	7/1/2014	Tom	Carnel	520 W 52	nd St	Kansas City	KS	64105	(555) 222-3602
🗗 TourSales	7/1/2014	Kristen	Collins	520 W 52	nd St	Kansas City	KS	64105	(555) 222-3602
ToursByCategory	7/9/2014	Kathryn	Dotey	96 Lowel	l St	Overland P	ark KS	66210	(555) 444-4404
🗗 ToursByState	6/3/2014	Hannah	Edwards	66900 Co	llege Rd	Overland P	ark KS	66210	(555) 222-5102
Forms t	6/3/2014	Marcus	Edwards	66900 Co	llege Rd	Overland P	ark KS	66210	(555) 222-5102
Customers	6/1/2014	Kris	Goode	900 Barn	es St	West Des M	Al renioh	50265	(555) 666-1324
ReportNavigation	6/1/2014	Lois	Goode	900 Barn	es St	West Des M	Anines IA	50265	(555) 666-1324
SalesSubform	6/1/2014	Ralph	Hopper	4435 Mai	n St	Greenfield	LA.	50849	(555) 777-8774
Switchboard	6/1/2014	Frank	Houston	305 W. 9	uis cr	Lenexa	KS	66215	(555) 566-4344
TouritlyCategory						A CONTRACTOR			
Reports &	6/2/2014	Brad	Langguth	123 Duck	Creek Dr	Johnston	1A.	50800	(555) 332-8888
Customentwoice	6/2/2014	Nancy	Langguth	123 Duck	Creek Dr	Johnston	1A.	50800	(555) 332-8888
Tourtisting	6/1/2014	Sharol	Olingback	2330 Sha	whee Dr	Westwood	KS	66205	(555) 333-2434

21. The Forms and Reports at the left side of the Access window in the accompanying figure are contained in the _____. a Pinned space b Navigation Pane

a. Finned space	5 D. F	Navigation Falle
c. Objects Bar	d. C	Objects Tab
ANSWER:		b
POINTS:		1
REFERENCES:		Access 5
LEARNING OBJEC	CTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.012 - Identify Access components

22. In the accompanying figure, the rightmost TourSales tab is a tab

22. In the accou	ipanying ng	gure, the fightinost rourbales tab is a tab.
a. report	b. query	
c. form	d. table	
ANSWER:		a
POINTS:		1
REFERENCES:		Access 5
LEARNING OB.	JECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.003 - Open and define Access objects
23. In the accom a. report c. form ANSWER: POINTS:	b. query	gure, CustomerRoster is a tab. c 1
REFERENCES:		Access 5

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ENHA.FRIE.16.003 - Open and define Access objects

24. In the accompanying figure, the leftmost TourSales is a _____ tab. b. table a. query c. form d. report ANSWER: а POINTS: 1 **REFERENCES:** Access 5 LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ENHA.FRIE.16.003 - Open and define Access objects 25. In the accompanying figure, Customers is a _____ tab. a. form b. report c. table d. query ANSWER: с POINTS: 1 Access 5 **REFERENCES:** LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ENHA.FRIE.16.003 - Open and define Access objects 26. Which is NOT a feature of Access reports? a. headers b. footers c. calculations on groups of records d. easy-to-use data entry screen ANSWER: d POINTS: 1 **REFERENCES:** Access 5 LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ENHA.FRIE.16.003 - Open and define Access objects 27. Which Access object contains all of the raw data within the database? a. query b. form c. table d. module ANSWER: с POINTS: 1 **REFERENCES:** Access 5 LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ENHA.FRIE.16.003 - Open and define Access objects

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28. ____ View provides the most options for defining fields.

a. Table Design	b. Table Creation
c. Field Definition	d. Definition
ANSWER:	a
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Access 6
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.013 - Create a table

29. Which of the following is NOT a data type? a. Number b. Formula

Name: Class: Access 2013 Unit A: Getting Started with Access 2013 ANSWER: b POINTS: 1 **REFERENCES:** Access 7 LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ENHA.FRIE.16.014 - Define key database terms 30. Which data type is used for sequential integers controlled by Access? b. Web a. Hyperlink c. Lookup Wizard d. AutoNumber ANSWER: d POINTS: 1 **REFERENCES:** Access 7 LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ENHA.FRIE.16.014 - Define key database terms 31. Which data type stores only one of two values? a. Attachment b. Hyperlink c. Yes/No d. Null ANSWER: с POINTS: 1 **REFERENCES:** Access 7 LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ENHA.FRIE.16.014 - Define key database terms 32. Which data type links files created in other programs such as pictures or documents? a. Lookup b. Attachment d. Link Wizard c. Yes/No ANSWER: b POINTS: 1 **REFERENCES:** Access 7 LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ENHA.FRIE.16.014 - Define key database terms 33. Which data type stores Web addresses? a. Lookup Wizard b. Hyperlink c. URL d. HTML ANSWER: b POINTS: 1 **REFERENCES:** Access 7 LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ENHA.FRIE.16.014 - Define key database terms

34. A specific category of data such as a customer's name, city, state, or phone number is called a(n) _____. a, object b, record

a. object	0. Iccolu	
c. field	d. table	
ANSWER:		c
POINTS:		1
REFERENCES:		Access 9

Class:

Name: Access 2013 Unit A: Getting Started with Access 2013 LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ENHA.FRIE.16.015 - Create a table in Table Design View 35. A group of related fields, such as all the demographic information for one customer, is called a(n) . a. record b. table c. database d. object ANSWER: а POINTS: 1 **REFERENCES:** Access 9 LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ENHA.FRIE.16.015 - Create a table in Table Design View 36. Which two properties are required for every field? a. Field Name and Data Type b. Field Name and Field Size d. Field Size and Format c. Data Type and Format ANSWER: а POINTS: 1 **REFERENCES:** Access 11 LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ENHA.FRIE.16.016 - Define one-to-many relationships 37. _____ integrity refers to a set of Access rules that govern data entry and helps to ensure data accuracy. a. Hierarchical b. Network d. Referential c. Schematic ANSWER: d POINTS: 1 **REFERENCES:** Access 12 LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ENHA.FRIE.16.017 - Set referential integrity 38. In a datasheet, which mode assumes that you are trying to change the value of a particular field? a. Edit mode b. Navigation mode c. Update mode d. Form mode ANSWER: а POINTS: 1 Access 14 **REFERENCES:** LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ENHA.FRIE.16.008 - Enter records in a datasheet 39. In Navigation mode, press [Tab] or _____ to move to the next field within the same record. a. [End] b. [Page Down] c. [Down Arrow] d. [Enter] ANSWER: d POINTS: 1 **REFERENCES:** Access 14 LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ENHA.FRIE.16.009 - Navigate records in a datasheet

40. Which shortcut key moves focus to the previous field of the current record? a. [Home] b. [Shift][Tab] Cengage Learning Testing, Powered by Cognero

c. [Up Arrow]	d. [F5]	
ANSWER:	b	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 15	
LEARNING OBJECTIV	/ES: ENHA.FRIE.16.009 - Navigate records in a datasheet	
41. Which shortcut key moves focus to the first field of the current record?		
a. [Home] b. [H	-	
c. [F4] d. [H	F5]	
ANSWER:	a	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:		
LEARNING OBJECTIV	<i>/ES:</i> ENHA.FRIE.16.009 - Navigate records in a datasheet	
42. Which keystroke co	ombination moves focus to the last field of the last record?	
a. [Alt][Ctrl][Up A	rrow] b. [Ctrl][Up Arrow]	
c. [Ctrl][End]	d. [Ctrl][Page Up]	
ANSWER:	c	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 15	
LEARNING OBJECTIV	<i>ES:</i> ENHA.FRIE.16.009 - Navigate records in a datasheet	
-	ord, pressing [Esc] a second time	
a. deletes the curre		
b. deletes the curre		
	from the current record	
	nges made to the record you are currently editing	
ANSWER:	d	
POINTS:		
REFERENCES:	Access 16	
LEARNING OBJECTIV	<i>/ES:</i> ENHA.FRIE.16.010 - Edit data in a datasheet	
a. FILE b	tt of a table before printing, on the tab, click Print, and then click Print Preview.	
	1. REPORT	
ANSWER:	a	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 16	
LEARNING OBJECTIV	<i>ES:</i> ENHA.FRIE.16.018 - Preview and print a datasheet	
45. Which of the follow	ving keys will help you delete unwanted data in Edit mode?	

b. [Home] a. [Insert] d. [Backspace] c. [Ctrl]

Access 2013 Unit A: Getting Started with Access 2013		
ANSWER:	d	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 17	
	ENHA.FRIE.16.019 - Delete records in a datasheet	
46. Which editing keystroke	e deletes one character to the right of the insertion point?	
a. [Backspace] b. [I	Delete]	
c. [F2] d. [H	[7]	
ANSWER:	b	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 17	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.019 - Delete records in a datasheet	
47. Relational		
ANSWER:	s, products, vendors, employees, projects, or sales. database	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 2	
	ENHA.FRIE.16.002 - Describe relational database concepts	
LEAKINING ODJECTIVES.	ENTIA. FRIE. 10.002 - Describe relational database concepts	
48. A(n)	is a fundamental building block of a relational database because this object stores all of	
the data.		
ANSWER:	table	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 4	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.012 - Identify Access components	
$40 \Lambda(n)$	object allows a user to select a subset of data from one or more tables.	
ANSWER:		
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 4	
	ENHA.FRIE.16.012 - Identify Access components	
ELANGING OBJECTIVES.	ENTRY REE. 10.012 Rentily recess components	
50. A(n)	object provides an easy-to-use data entry screen.	
ANSWER:	form	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 5	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.012 - Identify Access components	
51	_ View is a spreadsheet-like view of the data in a table.	
ANSWER:	Datasheet	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 6	
	ENHA.FRIE.16.020 - Create a database	

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ENHA.FRIE.16.020 - Create a database

	View to design your table before starting the data entry process, you will proba	ably
avoid some common data en	ntry errors.	
ANSWER:	Design	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 8	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.015 - Create a table in Table Design View	
53. A(n)	key field contains unique data for each record.	
ANSWER:	primary	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 8	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.015 - Create a table in Table Design View	
54. A(n)another table.	relationship describes when a record from one table is related to several records in	
ANSWER:	one to many	
	one-to-many	
	1 to many	
	1-to-many	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 12	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.006 - Create one-to-many relationships	
55. The	refers to which data you would edit if you started typing.	
ANSWER:	focus	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 14	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.008 - Enter records in a datasheet	
56. A(n)	field automatically assigns a new number each time you add a record.	
ANSWER:	AutoNumber	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 14	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.008 - Enter records in a datasheet	
-	s of using Access for database management?	
ANSWER:	1. Duplicate data is minimized.	
	 Information is more accurate, reliable, and consistent because duplicate data is minimi Data entry is faster and easier using Access forms. 	zed.
	 Data entry is faster and easier using Access forms. Information can be viewed and sorted in multiple ways using Access queries, forms, and 	nd
	reports.	
	5. Information is more secure using Access passwords and security features.	
	6. Several users can share and edit information at the same time.	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 2	
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Name:	Class:	Date:
Access 2013 Unit A: G	etting Started with Access 2013	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.002 - Describe relational database con	cepts
TOPICS:	Critical Thinking	
58. The Database window d ANSWER:	isplays the tables, queries, forms, and reports. Describe A table contains all of the raw data within the database A query allows you to select a subset of fields or record A form provides an easy-to-use data entry screen. A report is a professional printout of data that can cont footers, graphics, and calculations on groups of records	in a spreadsheet-like view. ds from one or more tables. ain enhancements such as headers,
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 5	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.003 - Open and define Access objects	
TOPICS:	Critical Thinking	
59. In Access, data entry sci	reens are called forms.	
ANSWER:	True	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 4	
	ENHA.FRIE.16.003 - Open and define Access objects	
60. A(n) <u>foreign</u> key field is	always on the "one" side of a one-to-many relationship	between two tables.
ANSWER:	False - primary	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 10	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.016 - Define one-to-many relationship	DS
61. The navigation buttons a	are found at the top of the datasheet.	
ANSWER:	False - bottom, lower-left corner	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 14	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.009 - Navigate records in a datasheet	
62. If Access assumes that y	you are attempting to make changes to a field value, you	are in <u>Navigation</u> mode.
ANSWER:	False - Edit	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 14	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.009 - Navigate records in a datasheet	
63. You can use the Calenda	ar <u>Box</u> to enter dates in a Date/Time field.	
ANSWER:	False - Picker	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 16	
REFERENCES: LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	Access 16 ENHA.FRIE.16.010 - Edit data in a datasheet	

64. To adjust the column width in a datasheet to accommodate the widest entry in a field, right-click the column separator.

ANSWER:	False - double-click
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Access 17
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.018 - Preview and print a datasheet

Critical Thinking Questions Case 1-1

Hannah wants to create a record keeping system to track the inventory needed to efficiently run her lawn and landscape business, such as spare parts, gas cans, string trimmers, etc. Her crew manager will also be using the system.

65. Hannah is considering whether to use Excel or Access. Which one of the following is NOT a benefit of using Access?

a. More data storage	с.	Easier setup
b. Multiuser capability	d.	Additional reporting features
ANSWER:	С	
POINTS:	1	
REFERENCES:	Access 3	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.021 -	AB
TOPICS:	Critical Thinking	

Critical Thinking Questions Case 1-2

Lauren wants to create an Access database of the musical instruments she owns.

66. A Purchase Price field should be which data type?			
a. Text	c. Monetary		
b. Number	d. Currency		
ANSWER:	D		
POINTS:	1		
REFERENCES:	Access 7		
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.014 - Define key database terms		
TOPICS:	Critical Thinking		

67. Lauren has written a paragraph describing the use for each inventory item. Which data type should she use to define the field that will store this information?

a. Paragraph	c. Long Text
b. Comment	d. System
ANSWER:	С
POINTS:	1
REFERENCES:	Access 7
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	ENHA.FRIE.16.014 - Define key database terms
TOPICS:	Critical Thinking

http://testbanklive.com/download/er		-illustrated-complete-1st-edition-lisa-friedrichse
Access 2013 Unit A: Getting Started with	Access 2013	
Match the shortcut keystrokes to the correct action a. [Left Arrow] b. [Tab] c. [Up Arrow] d. [Ctrl][End] e. [Home] f. [End] g. [Down Arrow] h. [Ctrl][Home] <i>REFERENCES:</i> Access 15 LEARNING OBJECTIVES: ENHA.FRIE.16.009 68. Last field of the last record	on.	et
ANSWER: d		
POINTS: 1		
69. Current field of the previous record <i>ANSWER:</i> c <i>POINTS:</i> 1		
70. First field of the first record <i>ANSWER:</i> h <i>POINTS:</i> 1		
71. Current field of the next record <i>ANSWER</i> : g <i>POINTS:</i> 1		
72. First field of the current record <i>ANSWER</i> : e <i>POINTS:</i> 1		
73. Next field of the current record <i>ANSWER:</i> b <i>POINTS:</i> 1		
74. Last field of the current record <i>ANSWER:</i> f <i>POINTS:</i> 1		
75. Previous field of the current record <i>ANSWER:</i> a <i>POINTS:</i> 1		

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