## **Understanding American Government 14th Edition Welch Test Bank**

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# **CHAPTER 1—THE AMERICAN PEOPLE**

### **MULTIPLE CHOICE**

| 1.  | The first immigrants that went on to found many different civilizations in North America were        |                      |  |   |    |  |  |
|---|--|----------------------|--|---|----|--|--|
|   | a. Africans<br>b. Asians   |                      |  | Native Americans<br>Europeans                                     |    |  |  |
|   | ANS: C   | PTS: 1               | REF:   | 20  |    |  |  |
| 2.  | <ul><li>a. came from the</li><li>b. spoke the same</li><li>c. practiced the</li></ul>                | ne language          |  |   |    |  |  |
|   | ANS: D   | PTS: 2               | REF:   | 20  |    |  |  |
| 3. Africans, men and women, forcibly removed to America  a. did share the same language and culture  b. did share the same religion culture  c. did share the same religion  d. did not share common traditions |  |                      |  |   |    |  |  |
|   | ANS: D   | PTS: 1               | REF:   | 20  |    |  |  |
| 4.  | a. mid-eighteent   |                      | population broadened in the period prior to the Revolutionary War years of the Civil War | _·  |    |  |  |
|   | ANS: B   | PTS: 1               | REF:   | 20  |    |  |  |
| 5.  | Anti-immigration a. nativist b. precarious   | or anti-foreign view | c.   | metimes called sentiments. philanthropic bilingual                |    |  |  |
|   | ANS: A   | PTS: 1               | REF:   | 20  |    |  |  |
| 6.  | One person comp<br>a. Thomas Paine<br>b. James Madiso  | e                    | c.   | s in 1750s Philadelphia was<br>Patrick Henry<br>Benjamin Franklin | _· |  |  |
|   | ANS: D   | PTS: 1               | REF:   | 20  |    |  |  |
| 7.  | <ul><li>a. multiple Catholic presidents</li><li>b. its ethnic makeup</li><li>c.</li><li>d.</li></ul> |                      |  | its geography<br>the makeup of the Vatican                        |    |  |  |
|   | ANS: B   | PTS: 1               | REF:   | 21  |    |  |  |
| 8.  | What percent of A a. 5 percent b. 16 percent c. 28 percent   | Americans claim no r | eligious affil   | iation?   |    |  |  |

|     | d. over 50 percen  | t                                 |                 |  |  |
|-----|--|-----------------------------------|-----------------|--|--|
|     | ANS: B   | PTS: 1                            | REF:            | 21   |  |
| 9.  | The Occupy Wall S<br>a. rich and poor<br>b. older and newe   |                                   | c.              | conflict between  urban and suburban dwellers young and old                              |  |
|     | ANS: A   | PTS: 1                            | REF:            | 21   |  |
| 10. | The classic and mo<br>a. the American C<br>b. the War of Ann   | Civil War                         | c.              | uring what event?<br>the American Revolution<br>World War II                             |  |
|     | ANS: A   | PTS: 1                            | REF:            | 21   |  |
| 11. | Core values, include a. the Mayflower b. the Gettysburg  | Compact                           | c.              | r sovereignty, are found in which document?<br>the Constitution<br>the Federalist Papers |  |
|     | ANS: C   | PTS: 1                            | REF:            | 22   |  |
| 12. | What author descri<br>a. James Fenimor<br>b. Sam F.B. Mors<br>c. Emma Lazarus<br>d. Walt Whitman                             | re Cooper<br>se                   | a teeming Nati  | on of nations?"  |  |
|     | ANS: D   | PTS: 1                            | REF:            | 22   |  |
| 13. | The Statue of Libera. the Industrial Fb. the American Fc. the Reconstruct. the age of Enlight                                | Revolution Revolution tion Period |                 |  |  |
|     | ANS: D   | PTS: 1                            | REF:            | 24   |  |
| 14. | "The New Colossu a. Walt Whitman b. Emma Lazarus c. James Fenimon d. Sam F.B. Mors   | re Cooper                         | l with the Stat | ue of Liberty, was written by whom?  |  |
|     | ANS: B   | PTS: 1                            | REF:            | 24   |  |
| 15. | Many "birthers" ar<br>a. West<br>b. Mountain Wes   |                                   | c.<br>d.        | North<br>South   |  |
|     | ANS: D   | PTS: 1                            | REF:            | 26   |  |
| 16. | The birther movement claims President Obama was born where? a. Hawaii b. a U.S. military base in Panama c. Kenya d. Delaware |                                   |                 |  |  |
|     | b. a U.S. military ANS: C  | PTS: 1                            | a.<br>REF:      | Delaware   |  |
|     | AND. C   | F13. 1                            | KET.            | 40   |  |

| 17. | a. the Bill of Rights  |  |            | the Fourteenth Amendment                      |  |  |  |
|-----|--|--|------------|---|--|--|--|
|     | b. the Seventeenth ANS: C  | Amendment PTS: 1   | a.<br>REF: | the Second Amendment                          |  |  |  |
|     | ANS. C   | F15. 1   | KEF.       | 25  |  |  |  |
| 18. | How did the Founders view majority rule?  a. all people are equal, majority should rule  b. the national Congress is immune to majority rule  c. it should be limited  d. minority rights are present, but inconsequential   |  |            |   |  |  |  |
|     | ANS: C   | PTS: 1   | REF:       | 29  |  |  |  |
| 19. | The Declaration of Ir  | The Declaration of Independence denied political rights to |            |   |  |  |  |
|     | a. white men   |  | c.         | 1 1 2   |  |  |  |
|     | b. Protestants   |  | d.         | white women                                   |  |  |  |
|     | ANS: D   | PTS: 1   | REF:       | 22-23   |  |  |  |
| 20. | The idea that every person should have the chance to realize her or his potential, economically, intellectually, and socially is called the equality of  |  |            |   |  |  |  |
|     | <ul><li>a. opportunity</li><li>b. standard</li></ul>   |  |            | rights<br>result                              |  |  |  |
|     |  |  |            |   |  |  |  |
|     | ANS: A   | PTS: 1   | REF:       | 23  |  |  |  |
| 21. | Because of Americ on   | ans' emphasis on lib                                       | perty, es  | specially "freedom from," there's an emphasis |  |  |  |
|     | a. sovereignty   |  | c.         | individual rights                             |  |  |  |
|     | b. republicanism   |  | d.         | Madisonianism                                 |  |  |  |
|     | ANS: C   | PTS: 1   | REF:       | 25  |  |  |  |
| 22. | English Philosopher John Locke insisted people were equal, but the "why" conflicted with   |  |            |   |  |  |  |
|     | a. Karl Marx   |  | c.         | Thomas Jefferson                              |  |  |  |
|     | b. Thomas Hobbes   |  | d.         | Jean-Jacques Rousseau                         |  |  |  |
|     | ANS: B   | PTS: 1   | REF:       | 25  |  |  |  |
| 23. | <ul> <li>Popular sovereignty reflects our form of government and, therefore,</li> <li>a. always leads to mob rule</li> <li>b. is rooted in the idea of democracy</li> <li>c. often disregards the rights of the few</li> <li>d. is inconsistent with federalism</li> </ul> |  |            |   |  |  |  |
|     | ANS: B   | PTS: 1   | REF:       | 27  |  |  |  |
| 24. | A New England town meeting is an example of  |  |            |   |  |  |  |
|     | a. pluralist democra   |  |            | direct democracy                              |  |  |  |
|     | b. republicanism in  | action   | d.         | tyranny of the majority                       |  |  |  |
|     | ANS: C   | PTS: 1   | REF:       | 27  |  |  |  |

| 25. | <ul><li>a. citizens voi</li><li>b. citizens con</li><li>c. citizens voi</li></ul> | republic, among the obligations of citizens is the requirement that citizens vote directly for the laws citizens contribute to political campaigns citizens vote for representatives to make laws for them all citizens would defend the country |                                  |   |  |  |
|-----|---|--|----------------------------------|---|--|--|
|     | ANS: C  | PTS: 1   | REF:                             | 27  |  |  |
| 26. | <ul><li>a. on most iss</li><li>b. for represe</li><li>c. on issues the</li></ul>  | ntatives who vote of   | n most issues<br>em, and represe | <br>entatives vote on general issues  |  |  |
|     | ANS: B  | PTS: 1   | REF:                             | 27  |  |  |
| 27. | <ul><li>a. is an ideal</li><li>b. allows poli</li><li>c. functions b</li></ul>    | racy  Type but impractical cymakers to vote by est with a large citic way to protect minor   | y proxy<br>zenry                 | ntry  |  |  |
|     | ANS: A  | PTS: 1   | REF:                             | 27  |  |  |
| 28. | c. an indirect  | mocracy<br>ent that limits minor   |                                  |   |  |  |
|     | ANS: C  | PTS: 1   | REF:                             | 27  |  |  |
| 29. | <ul><li>a. is controlle</li><li>b. would corr</li><li>c. was evil</li></ul>       | on felt that governrd by the people upt the masses   |                                  |   |  |  |
|     | ANS: A  | PTS: 1   | REF:                             | 27  |  |  |
| 30. | must strike a de  | •  |                                  | nflict with each other, and democratic government identity politics minority rights |  |  |
|     | ANS: D  | PTS: 1   |                                  | 27-28   |  |  |
| 31. |   | uality o<br>ation with<br>einforce<br>d well with  |                                  |   |  |  |
|     | ANS: D  | PTS: 1   | REF:                             | 28-29   |  |  |

| 32. | Your desire to drive a car drunk is trumped by the interests of public safety. What is this an example of?  a. majority rule trumping individual rights |   |           |                  |            |  |  |  |
|-----|---|---|-----------|------------------|------------|--|--|--|
|     | c. in   | berty trumping<br>ndividual rights<br>overeignty trum                 | trumpir   | ng majority rule | e          |  |  |  |
|     | ANS:  | : A   | PTS:      | 1                | REF:       | 29                                       |  |  |
| 33. |   | ning political cu   | ılture ca | nnot be achieve  |            |  |  |  |
|     | a. fo   | orce<br>ublic education   |           |                  |            | inaction<br>the media                    |  |  |
|     | ANS:  | : C   | PTS:      | 1                | REF:       | 30-32                                    |  |  |
| 34. | What describes a shared body of general values and attitudes that shapes views toward government?   |   |           |                  |            |  |  |  |
|     |   | olitical culture<br>olitical indiffer                                 | ence      |                  |            | identity politics<br>political knowledge |  |  |
|     | ANS   | : A   | PTS:      | 1                | REF:       | 30-31                                    |  |  |
| 35. | Moralistic, traditional, and individualistic political subcultures are mainly based ondifferences.  |   |           |                  |            |  |  |  |
|     | a. b  | iological   |           |                  |            | ethnic                                   |  |  |
|     | b. re   | egional<br>· R  | PTS:      | 1                | d.<br>REF: | religious                                |  |  |
|     | ANS.  | . Б   | 115.      | 1                | KLI.       | 32                                       |  |  |
| SHO | RT AN   | ISWER   |           |                  |            |  |  |  |
| 1.  | When  | Where are the core values of the United States found?                 |           |                  |            |  |  |  |
|     | ANS:<br>Stude   | :<br>ents' answers ma   | ay vary.  |                  |            |  |  |  |
|     | PTS:  | 1   | REF:      | 22               |            |  |  |  |
| 2.  | What  | What is popular sovereignty and which president pressed this concept? |           |                  |            |  |  |  |
|     | ANS:<br>Students' answers may vary.   |   |           |                  |            |  |  |  |
|     | PTS:  | 1   | REF:      | 27               |            |  |  |  |
| 3.  | What is the difference between a republic and a direct democracy?   |   |           |                  |            |  |  |  |
|     | ANS:<br>Students' answers may vary.   |   |           |                  |            |  |  |  |
|     | PTS:  | 1   | REF:      | 27               |            |  |  |  |
| 4.  | What  | is majority rule  | e?        |                  |            |  |  |  |
|     | ANS:  |   |           |                  |            |  |  |  |
|     |   |   |           |                  |            |  |  |  |

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PTS: 1

ANS:

### **ESSAY**

1. "There is an inevitable conflict between majority rule and minority rights." Discuss this statement and give examples of the conflict.

ANS:

Students' answers may vary.

5. What is a political culture?

Students' answers may vary.

PTS: 1

2. Discuss three core values of American political culture and how Americans tend to define each one.

ANS:

Students' answers may vary.

PTS: 1

3. Describe three details that make the American population diverse.

REF: 30-31

ANS:

Students' answers may vary.

PTS: 3

4. Describe instances when liberty and equality conflict.

ANS:

Students' answers may vary.

PTS: 1

5. Why is direct democracy an ideal type of government, but impractical for a large country?

ANS:

Students' answers may vary.

PTS: 1