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## **Chapter 2—Building Trust and Sales Ethics**

## MULTIPLE CHOICE

- 1. LaTasha is a purchasing agent for a large construction company. Jeff is a salesperson for a building materials company and has been calling unsuccessfully on LaTasha for several weeks. LaTasha likes Jeff and believes he is selling a good product. Unfortunately, she does not feel she can rely on him if she ever had a problem with one of the orders. Which of the following best reflects the underlying problem?
  - a. Jeff has lied to LaTasha.
  - b. Jeff's company needs to work on its ability to deliver orders accurately and on time.
  - c. LaTasha doesn't trust Jeff.
  - d. LaTasha is simply a tough buyer.
  - e. All of the above are correct.

ANS: C PTS: 1 DIF: Medium REF: p. 26 OBJ: 1

- 2. Which of the following best describes trust in a buyer-seller context:
  - a. The buyer understands the salesperson
  - b. The salesperson is honest with the buyer
  - c. The buyer can rely on what the salesperson says or promises to do
  - d. The salesperson is able to solve the buyer's needs cost effectively
  - e. The salesperson is dependable

ANS: C PTS: 1 DIF: Easy REF: p. 27 OBJ: 1

- 3. In order for the buyer to be able to rely on what the salesperson says or promises to do, the buyer must:
  - a. Trust the salesperson
  - b. Like the salesperson
  - c. Know the salesperson
  - d. Believe the salesperson is customer-oriented
  - e. Believe the salesperson is honest

ANS: A PTS: 1 DIF: Easy REF: p. 27 OBJ: 1

- 4. Which of the following is most accurate regarding successful long-term buyer-seller relationships?
  - a. The seller almost always charges the buyer the lowest price possible.
  - b. The seller must conceal some cost information from the buyer in order to maintain profitability.
  - c. Mutual trust is crucial.
  - d. The seller must be honest with the buyer.
  - e. All of the above are accurate.

ANS: C PTS: 1 DIF: Hard REF: p. 26-27 OBJ: 1

- 5. The question "Do you know what you're talking about?" is addressing which component of trust?
  - a. Competence or expertise
  - b. Candor
  - c. Customer orientation
  - d. Dependability

	e. Compatibility
	ANS: A PTS: 1 DIF: Medium REF: p. 27 OBJ: 1
6	<ul> <li>The question "Will you recommend what is best for me?" is addressing which component of trust?</li> <li>a. Competence or expertise</li> <li>b. Candor</li> <li>c. Customer orientation</li> <li>d. Dependability</li> <li>e. Compatibility</li> </ul>
	ANS: C PTS: 1 DIF: Medium REF: p. 27 OBJ: 1
7	<ul> <li>The question "Are you being upfront with me" is addressing which component of trust?</li> <li>a. Competence or expertise</li> <li>b. Candor</li> <li>c. Customer orientation</li> <li>d. Dependability</li> <li>e. Compatibility</li> </ul>
	ANS: B PTS: 1 DIF: Medium REF: p. 27 OBJ: 1
8	<ul> <li>The question "Can you and your company back up your promises?" is addressing which component of trust?</li> <li>a. Competence or expertise</li> <li>b. Candor</li> <li>c. Customer orientation</li> <li>d. Dependability</li> <li>e. Compatibility</li> </ul>
	ANS: D PTS: 1 DIF: Medium REF: p. 27 OBJ: 1
9	<ul> <li>Which of the following best describes a key difference between traditional sales tactics and trust-based relationship selling methods today?</li> <li>a. In trust-based relationship selling there is little concern for making sales.</li> <li>b. Traditional selling tactics are always the quickest way to get a sale.</li> <li>c. Getting orders is not important in trust-based relationship selling.</li> <li>d. Establishing trust is more important to trust-based relationship selling methods.</li> <li>e. Traditional sales tactics are more collaborative than trust-based relationship selling methods.</li> </ul>
	ANS: D PTS: 1 DIF: Hard REF: p. 28 OBJ: 2
10	. Bill has been selling vacuum cleaners door-to-door for the past seven years. Recently he took a new job selling industrial cleaning equipment to large factories and institutions. Bill was assigned a territory that contained 35 accounts with which his company has been doing business for several years Bill is having trouble adjusting from his role as a traditional salesperson to his role as a relational salesperson. Which of the following best reflects one of the key differences between traditional selling and relational selling that may be causing Bill some adjustment trouble.  a. In his new job, getting orders is not important.

	<ul><li>c. With his new</li><li>d. The custome</li></ul>	With his new job, Bill has to build and maintain long-term relationships.								
	ANS: C OBJ: 2	PTS:	1	DIF:	Hard	REF:	p. 27-28			
11.	Which of the following a. Power b. Expertise c. Candor d. Customer or e. Dependability	ientation	t recognized a	s a trust	builder?					
	ANS: A OBJ: 3	PTS:	1	DIF:	Easy	REF:	p. 28			
12.	Which of the folia. Customer or b. Competence c. Dependabilit d. Candor e. All of these	ientation ty	-		builder?					
	ANS: E OBJ: 3	PTS:	1	DIF:	Easy	REF:	p. 28			
13.	Building long-te. a. Competent b. Likeable c. Candid d. Dependable e. All of the ab		y satisfying rel	ationsh	ips with custor	mers req	uires salespeople to be:			
	ANS: E OBJ: 3	PTS:	1	DIF:	Easy	REF:	p. 28			
14.	for an appointme	ent and to al	ways follow th	rough i	mmediately or	n promis	takes it a point to never be late es he makes to his customers. y perceive him as:			
	ANS: C OBJ: 3	PTS:	1	DIF:	Medium	REF:	p. 29			
15.	Salespeople who a. Dependable b. Customer or c. Likeable d. Candid		what they say	they'll d	o earn trust be	cause bu	ayers perceive them as being:			

	ANS: A OBJ: 3	PTS:	1	DIF:	Medium	REF:	p. 29
16.		which she	does not know	the an	swer. By being	up froi	knowledge. She is often nt with her customers about
	ANS: B OBJ: 3	PTS:	1	DIF:	Medium	REF:	p. 30
17.	Salespeople who plate being:  a. Dependable b. Customer orien c. Likeable d. Candid e. Knowledgeable	ted	ch emphasis or	their o	customer's inter	rests as	their own are perceived as
	ANS: B OBJ: 3	PTS:	1	DIF:	Medium	REF:	p. 30
18.		on that may eive her as	y adversely aff				told several of her customers is earning trust because her
	ANS: D OBJ: 3	PTS:	1	DIF:	Hard	REF:	p. 30
19.	potential customer f	For several Although a ion you ar	weeks you de more expensi	termine ve and	e that a lower-c	ost and	pany. After working with a lower margin solution is best will work, by recommending
	ANS: D OBJ: 3	PTS:	1	DIF:	Hard	REF:	p. 30
20.	Salespeople often a helps them to build						t of their customers. This

e. Knowledgeable

	<ul><li>a. Experts</li><li>b. Customer orient</li><li>c. Compatible</li><li>d. Candid</li><li>e. Knowledgeable</li></ul>	ed					
	ANS: C OBJ: 3	PTS:	1	DIF:	Hard	REF:	p. 31-32
21.	Suppose you were just not one of the more a. Recruiting b. Company histor c. Selling technique d. Industry history e. Enhancing relations	commor y es					ng. Which of the following is programs?
	ANS: A OBJ: 4	PTS:	1	DIF:	Hard	REF:	p. 32
22.	Which of the follow trust?  a. Company polici b. Competitive kno c. Product knowled d. Developing cust e. All of the above	es owledge dge omer rel	lationships				will help salespeople earn
	ANS: E OBJ: 4	PTS:	1	DIF:	Hard	REF:	p. 33
23.	Which of the follow them."?  a. Know, trust b. Know, like c. Trust, like d. Trust, buy from e. None of the abo	them	completes the	sentenc	e "It's difficult	to	someone if I don't
	ANS: C OBJ: 3	PTS:	1	DIF:	Medium	REF:	p. 32
24.	In order for salespecthave a strong ha. Industry b. Competition c. Technology d. Product (including) e. Technical	knowled	ge base.	et offer	to the specific	needs o	of their customers, they must
	ANS: D OBJ: 4	PTS:	1	DIF:	Medium	REF:	p. 34
25.	It is important for sa because:	lespeopl	le to have a cor	nplete ι	understanding o	of their	companies' pricing policies

	<ul> <li>They are often responsible for negotiating price with their customers.</li> <li>Then they can arbitrarily charge different customers different prices.</li> <li>They can legally obligate the company to a quoted price.</li> <li>Then they will be perceived as more dependable.</li> <li>Both a and c are correct.</li> </ul>									
	ANS: E PTS: 1 DIF: Medium REF: p. 35 OBJ: 4									
26.	Possessing strong product, service, and customer knowledge bases helps salespeople do a better job of:  a. creating value-added solutions to the specific needs of their customers.  b. competing on price.  c. knowing how low they can drop the price and still make a profit.  d. increasing profitability by controlling selling expenses.  e. manipulating the customer into buying the most profitable solution.									
	ANS: A PTS: 1 DIF: Medium REF: p. 36 OBJ: 4									
27.	Steve is a new salesperson for XYZ Computer Co. and is responsible for business-to-business sales. Transferring from the engineering staff, Steve knows better than any other salesperson the technical specifications and performance statistics of the computers he sells. Unfortunately, Steve is relatively unfamiliar with how businesspeople use the computers on a day-to-day basis. Steve needs to work on his knowledge.  a. Product b. Competitor c. Technical d. Market and Customer e. Company									
	ANS: D PTS: 1 DIF: Hard REF: p. 36 OBJ: 4									
28.	Which of the following are potential resources salespeople may use to increase their market and customer knowledge base?  a. Newspapers  b. World Wide Web  c. Trade magazines  d. Trade associations  e. All of the above are potential resources									
	ANS: E PTS: 1 DIF: Easy REF: p. 36 OBJ: 4									
29.	<ul> <li>Which of the following most accurately reflects buyers' information needs?</li> <li>a. Generally speaking, buyers know everything they need to know about the markets in which they compete.</li> <li>b. Buyers are not interested in factual knowledge unless it relates to fulfilling their specific needs.</li> <li>c. Buyers are interested in learning as much factual knowledge as they can.</li> <li>d. Buyers really don't expect salespeople to be able to provide them with valuable information.</li> <li>e. None of the above.</li> </ul>									
	ANS: B PTS: 1 DIF: Hard REF: p. 36									

OBJ: 4

30.	In order to better und a. To be customer b. A high degree of c. To be candid. d. A high degree of e. Both a and c are	oriented f compet f custom	titor knowledge ner knowledge.	•	osition in the m	arket pl	lace, salespeople need:
	ANS: B OBJ: 4	PTS:	1	DIF:	Medium	REF:	p. 37
31.	In order for salespeo presentations they m a. assertiveness b. adaptability c. competitor know d. trust e. customer knowle	ust poss		r comp	lete <i>comparati</i> v	ve produ	act information in sales
	ANS: C OBJ: 4	PTS:	1	DIF:	Medium	REF:	p. 37
32.	Which of the following expertise?  a. Product knowled b. Competitor knowled c. Customer knowled b. Service knowled b. Historical knowled b. Historical knowled b.	lge wledge edge lge	s of knowledge	e is prob	oably least likel	y to cor	ntribute to a salesperson's
	ANS: E OBJ: 4	PTS:	1	DIF:	Medium	REF:	pgs. 32-38
33.	•••	use it is because a ernet becommunic	ommunication quick and can be most people are cause it provide cation method t	with the be read, the familiates 24 hours the cust	eir customers, volume of ar with it. our access.	whenever the da	-
	ANS: D OBJ: 4	PTS:	1	DIF:	Medium	REF:	p. 37
34.	Which of the follows organizations by actual a. e-mail b. Web/internet c. Voice mail d. Pagers e. Fax	ually fru	strating their c	ustome.	rs?		
	ANS: C	PTS:	1	DIF:	Medium	REF:	p. 38

OBJ: 4 35. Ethics refers to: a. Correct behavior. b. Right and wrong conduct of individuals and institutions of which they are a part. c. Moral conduct as determined by the government and society. d. Laws governing society. e. All of the above are correct. ANS: B PTS: 1 DIF: Medium REF: p. 38 OBJ: 5 36. Which of the following statements is most accurate with respect to sales and ethics? a. Ethics are universal; they're the same in every country. b. Ethics are culturally based; they vary from country to country c. Ethical standards are, by definition, legal standards. d. It's OK for salespeople to engage in unethical behavior because buyers do all the time. e. None of the above are accurate. ANS: B PTS: 1 DIF: Hard REF: p. 38 OBJ: 5 37. What does the acronym SMEI stand for? a. Sales and Marketing Executives International b. Senior Marketing Executives International c. Self-Made Entrepreneurs International d. Sales and Marketing Era Industry e. None of the above ANS: A PTS: 1 DIF: Hard REF: p.38 OBJ: 5 38. Which of the following is not one of the most common areas of unethical behavior associated with salespeople? a. Deceptive practices b. Illegal activities c. Non-customer-oriented behavior d. Poor customer service e. All of the above. ANS: D PTS: 1 DIF: Medium REF: p. 38-41 OBJ: 5 39. Which of the following are considered ethical behavior? a. Exaggerating product benefits b. Withholding relevant information from the customer

- c. Providing answers to questions to which they do not know the answer
- d. Both b and c
- e. None of the above

ANS: E PTS: 1 DIF: Easy REF: p. 39

OBJ: 5

- 40. Which of the following are considered unethical behavior?
  - a. Exaggerating product benefits

	c. d.	Providi Both b	ing answ	ers to que		n from the cu o which they		w the answe	er		
		IS: E IJ: 5		PTS:	1	DIF:	Easy	REF:	p. 39		
41.	we Ma a. b. c. d.	igh only artin's co Yes, be Yes, be No, bec literally No, bec custom	4 pound mment because the ecause he cause it it. cause it's ers.	ls, and M be considered information in the considered information in the constant of the constant in the const	artin kno ered une ation, wh y lying t sonable t exaggera omer buy	ows that the lathical? nich his buyer o his custome to expect that ate a product's the laptops	aptop comp might rely er, an act th his custom s features a	outers actually upon, is denat is illegal.  ner would talend benefits	ly weigh ceptive. ke his cor when talk		
		IS: A BJ: 5		PTS:	1	DIF:	Hard	REF:	p. 39		
42.	fas a. b. c.	t as light Yes, be Yes, be No, bed literally No, bed custom	tning. We cause the cause he cause it it.  cause it's cause it's ers.	ould Mar e informa e is clearl s not reas okay to	rtin's con ation is o y lying t sonable t exaggera	alesperson, tendent be confidered to his customer of expect that are a product's e customer.	sidered und computer i er, an act th his custom	ethical? is fast as ligh nat is illegal. ner would tal	ntning. ke his cor		
		IS: C IJ: 5		PTS:	1	DIF:	Hard	REF:	p. 38-41		
43.	cor a. b. c. d.	npany? Providi Over-cl Misrep Neglige	ing expre harging or resentati	ess warra customer on	nties s	the ways in v		•	i create pi	roduct liabilities for	a
		IS: B IJ: 5		PTS:	1	DIF:	Hard	REF:	p. 41		
44.	<ul> <li>Which of the following actions taken by salespeople may be considered unethical?</li> <li>a. Forcing a customer to buy only from the salesperson's organization</li> <li>b. Misrepresenting their products</li> <li>c. Offering special inducements to the employees of a prospect</li> <li>d. Linking the sale of one of the salesperson's products to the purchase of one of the buyer's</li> <li>e. All of the above may be considered unethical</li> </ul>										
		IS: E IJ: 5		PTS:	1	DIF:	Medium	REF:	p. 39		

45.	<ul> <li>A salesperson wishing to limit his or her exposure to legal problems should remember to:</li> <li>a. Use factual data rather than general statements of praise during the sales presentation</li> <li>b. Not to try and force the customer to buy only from his or her organization</li> <li>c. Avoid making promises that will be difficult or impossible to honor</li> <li>d. Not tamper with a competitor's product</li> <li>e. Avoid making disparaging comments about a competitor's product without specific evidence</li> </ul>								
	ANS: E OBJ: 5	PTS:	1	DIF:	Medium	REF:	p. 42-43		
TRUI	E/FALSE								
1.	. The essence of trust is honesty.								
	ANS: F OBJ: introduction	PTS:	1	DIF:	Easy	REF:	p. 26		
2.	Reliability is an impo	ortant co	omponent of tru	ıst.					
	ANS: T OBJ: 1	PTS:	1	DIF:	Easy	REF:	p. 26		
3.	Trust and honesty me	ean abo	ut the same thin	ng.					
	ANS: F OBJ: 1	PTS:	1	DIF:	Medium	REF:	p. 26		
4.	Just because a person	n is depo	endable does no	ot neces	ssarily mean the	ey are t	rustworthy.		
	ANS: T OBJ: 1	PTS:	1	DIF:	Medium	REF:	p. 26		
5.	By definition, salesp	eople w	ho are honest a	re trust	worthy.				
	ANS: F OBJ: 1	PTS:	1	DIF:	Easy	REF:	p. 26		
6.	Competence is impor	rtant co	mponent of trus	st.					
	ANS: T OBJ: 1	PTS:	1	DIF:	Easy	REF:	p. 27		
7.	Trust is composed of orientation.	a varie	ty of componer	nts, incl	luding honesty,	candor	r, competence, and customer		
	ANS: T OBJ: 1	PTS:	1	DIF:	Easy	REF:	p. 26		
8.	It is possible for sale	sperson	who is honest	and cus	stomer oriented	to not	be trustworthy.		
	ANS: T	PTS:	1	DIF:	Hard	REF:	p. 26		

	OBJ:	1						
9.		eople who dev with their custon		pertise in their	fields a	re more likely (	(than th	ose who do not) to develop
	ANS: OBJ:		PTS:	1	DIF:	Medium	REF:	p. 28
10.	Exper	tise is unimpor	tant to a	a salesperson's a	ability t	o be perceived	as com	petent.
	ANS: OBJ:		PTS:	1	DIF:	Easy	REF:	p. 28-29
11.	Trust i	is crucial to the	succes	s of long term b	ousines	s relationships.		
	ANS: OBJ:		PTS:	1	DIF:	Easy	REF:	p. 28
12.		most impossiblise in their field		ew salespeople	to be po	erceived as trus	tworth	y if they do not have an
	ANS: OBJ:		PTS:	1	DIF:	Easy	REF:	p. 27-28
13.	Depen	dability is high	ıly relat	ed to predictab	ility.			
	ANS: OBJ:		PTS:	1	DIF:	Easy	REF:	p. 29
14.	It's po	ssible for some	one to l	be candid but n	ot hone	st.		
	ANS: OBJ:		PTS:	1	DIF:	Easy	REF:	p. 30
15.						s, cover both the		and cons of their market offer ed.
	ANS: OBJ:		PTS:	1	DIF:	Medium	REF:	p. 30-31
16.	_	_		and perceived a		omer oriented m	nay be o	considered (by their
	ANS: OBJ:		PTS:	1	DIF:	Easy	REF:	p. 30
17.		er for a salespe ners' success	rson to	be customer or	iented t	hey must, at lea	ast in pa	art, be motivated by their

DIF: Medium

REF: p. 30

18. Likeability and compatibility can be used to enhance trust building.

PTS: 1

ANS: T OBJ: 3

	ANS: T OBJ: 3	PTS:	1	DIF:	Easy	REF:	p. 31-32
19.	Knowledge is of lit	tle impor	tance when it c	comes to	o building trust		
	ANS: F OBJ: 4	PTS:	1	DIF:	Easy	REF:	p. 32
20.	While salespeople's knowledge of their			npany a	and their produc	cts is in	nportant to building trust,
	ANS: F OBJ: 4	PTS:	1	DIF:	Easy	REF:	p. 33
21.	Most customers will selling.	ll likely a	assume that sale	espeopl	e are knowledg	eable a	bout the products they're
	ANS: T OBJ: 4	PTS:	1	DIF:	Easy	REF:	p. 34
22.	It is more important	t for sale	speople to carry	y a goo	d product than	to provi	ide good service.
	ANS: F OBJ: 4	PTS:	1	DIF:	Medium	REF:	p. 34-35
23.	Salespeople may us	se service	e to differentiate	e thems	selves from their	r comp	etitors.
	ANS: T OBJ: 4	PTS:	1	DIF:	Easy	REF:	p. 34-35
24.	Salespeople need of pricing policies.	nly be co	oncerned with k	nowing	g the price of th	eir proc	lucts, and not their company's
	ANS: F OBJ: 4	PTS:	1	DIF:	Easy	REF:	p. 35
25.	Salespeople need of customers operate.	nly be co	oncerned with k	nowing	g their customer	rs, and i	not the market in which their
	ANS: F OBJ: 4	PTS:	1	DIF:	Easy	REF:	p. 36
26.	For a salesperson, e	expertise	is closely associ	ciated v	vith knowledge	of the	market.
	ANS: T OBJ: 4	PTS:	1	DIF:	Easy	REF:	p. 36
27.	Salespeople need to	be conc	erned with kno	wing n	ot only their pro	oducts,	but their competitors as well.
	ANS: T OBJ: 4	PTS:	1	DIF:	Easy	REF:	p. 37
28.	A salesperson's kno	wledge (	of their compet	itors' pr	oducts will hel	p them	better understand their own.

	ANS: T OBJ: 4	PTS: 1	DIF: Easy	REF: p. 37	
29.	Voice mail is prob	oably the best way for	or salespeople to be access	sible to every one of their custo	omers.
	ANS: F OBJ: 4	PTS: 1	DIF: Medium	REF: p. 38	
30.	It is unlikely that	salespeople could us	se technology to differenti	ate themselves from their com	petitors.
	ANS: F OBJ: 4	PTS: 1	DIF: Medium	REF: p. 37	
31.	Anything that is u	nethical is also illeg	gal.		
	ANS: F OBJ: 5	PTS: 1	DIF: Easy	REF: p. 38	
32.	Technology can o	ften be a barrier to c	communication between sa	alespeople and their customers	
	ANS: T OBJ: 4	PTS: 1	DIF: Easy	REF: p. 38	
33.	Ethical standards	are based on society	r's standards		
	ANS: T OBJ: 5	PTS: 1	DIF: Easy	REF: p. 38	
34.	Sales ethics and tr	rust are unrelated.			
	ANS: F OBJ: 5	PTS: 1	DIF: Easy	REF: p. 38	
35.	When deciding wh	hat is ethical and un	ethical, a salesperson need	d only look at what is legal and	l illegal.
	ANS: F OBJ: 5	PTS: 1	DIF: Easy	REF: p. 39	
36.	A person's person	al ethics may differ	from the ethics of the com	npany for which they work.	
	ANS: T OBJ: 5	PTS: 1	DIF: Medium	REF: p. 38	
37.	The American Macommitted to.	arketing Association	has established its own co	ode of ethics in which its mem	bers are
	ANS: T OBJ: 5	PTS: 1	DIF: Medium	REF: p. 38	
38.	Maintaining high	ethical standards is	important if one is to be co	onsidered a professional.	
	ANS: T OBJ: 5	PTS: 1	DIF: Easy	REF: p. 38	

39.	. By definition, deceptive practices are illegal practices.								
	ANS: OBJ:		PTS:	1	DIF:	Medium	REF:	p. 39	
40.	Salesp	eople can crea	te produ	act liabilities fo	r their o	companies.			
	ANS: OBJ:		PTS:	1	DIF:	Easy	REF:	p. 41	
41.	A sale	sperson can cre	eate an	express warran	ty to w	hich his/her cor	npany	is legally bound.	
	ANS: OBJ:		PTS:	1	DIF:	Easy	REF:	p. 41	
42.	Expre	ss warranties a	re writte	en and made pa	rt of th	e basis of the ba	argain.		
	ANS: OBJ:		PTS:	1	DIF:	Easy	REF:	p. 41	
43.	Briber	y is considered	l illegal	in this country					
	ANS: OBJ:		PTS:	1	DIF:	Easy	REF:	p. 39-40	
44.	Many	companies are	spendi	ng time coverin	g ethic	s in their trainir	ng prog	rams.	
	ANS: OBJ:		PTS:	1	DIF:	Medium	REF:	p. 41	
45.	A sale	sperson's custo	mers m	nay initiate unet	hical b	ehavior.			
	ANS: OBJ:		PTS:	1	DIF:	Medium	REF:	p. 42	
СОМ	PLETI	ON							
1.		xtent of the buy	er's co	mpetence that h	ne or sh	e can rely on th	e sales	person's integrity is	
	ANS:	Trust							
	PTS:	1	DIF:	Easy	REF:	p. 26	OBJ:	1	
2.	knowl		to a sta	te of being con	npletely	free from conc	cealme	nt: exposed to general you or	
	ANS:	Openness							
	PTS:	1	DIF:	Hard	REF:	p. 26	OBJ:	1	
3.	The sa	alesperson's fai	rness a	nd straightforw	ardness	of conduct ref	ers to t	he salespersons degree of	

	ANS:	Honesty									
	PTS:	1	DIF:	Hard	REF:	p. 26	OBJ:	1			
4.	Consistency of a salesperson over time to do what is right is referred to as										
	ANS: Reliability (Predictability)										
	PTS:	1	DIF:	Medium	REF:	p. 26	OBJ:	1			
5.		refers	s to the	extent to which	a sales	sperson is mark	ed by i	mpartiality and honesty.			
	ANS:	Fairness									
	PTS:	1	DIF:	Medium	REF:	p. 26	OBJ:	1			
6.				resources to me		tomer expectati	ons are	collectively referred to as			
	ANS:	Expertise									
	PTS:	1	DIF:	Medium	REF:	p. 28	OBJ:	3			
7.	Closel of trus	-	ictabilit	y is the characte	eristic (	of		, one of the components			
	ANS:	Dependability	/								
	PTS:	1	DIF:	Medium	REF:	p. 29	OBJ:	3			
8.	Hones	sty of the spoke	en word	is called		, one of the c	ompon	ents of trust.			
	ANS:	Candor									
	PTS:	1	DIF:	Medium	REF:	p. 29	OBJ:	3			
9.	The act of salespeople placing as much emphasis on the customers interest of the room, one of the components of trust.										
	ANS:	Customer Ori	entatio	n							
	PTS:	1	DIF:	Medium	REF:	p. 30	OBJ:	3			
10.	Companies provide extensiveto be sure they send knowledgeable sales representatives and field.										
	ANS:	Training									
	PTS:	1	DIF:	Medium	REF:	p. 33	OBJ:	4			
11.		-	espeopl wledge.	-	plained	promotional pr	ograms	s their firms have referred to			

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	ANS:	Promotion								
	PTS:	1	DIF:	Medium	REF:	p. 35	OBJ:	4		
12.	In order to better understand how to position their products relative to others in a competitive marketplace, salespeople must possessknowledge.									
	ANS:	Competitor								
	PTS:	1	DIF:	Medium	REF:	p. 37	OBJ:	4		
13.	refers to the right and wrong conduct of individuals and institutions of which there are a part.									
	ANS:	Ethics								
	PTS:	1	DIF:	Medium	REF:	p. 40	OBJ:	5		
14.	An warranty is a way a salesperson can create product liabilities by giving a product warranty or guarantee that obligates the selling organization even if the salesperson does not intend to give a warranty.									
	ANS:	Express								
	PTS:	1	DIF:	Medium	REF:	p. 41	OBJ:	5		
15.	is a way a salesperson can create product liability is by making a false claim about a product hoping the buyer will think it's true.									
	ANS:	Misrepresenta	ation							
	PTS:	1	DIF:	Medium	REF:	p. 41	OBJ:	5		
16.	refers to a way a salesperson can create product liability by making a claim about a product without exercising reasonable care to see that this claim is accurate.									
	ANS:	Negligence								
	PTS:	1	DIF:	Medium	REF:	p. 41	OBJ:	5		
17.	is a term used when a buyer relied on the seller's statement in making a purchase decision.									
	ANS:	Basis of the B	Bargain							
	PTS:	1	DIF:	Hard	REF:	p. 41	OBJ:	5		