

Hopfe, *Religions of the World*, 13e, Test Item File Chapter 2

Multiple Choice

1. To the traditional Native American, sickness is caused by what in the body?

- a. an evil spirit
- b. a psychological imbalance
- c. a foreign object
- d. poison

Answer: c

Question Title: TB_02_01_Native American Religious Practices_Remember_LO 2.3

Learning Objective: 2.3 Discuss Native American religious practices and the purpose of ritual in day-to-day life and practice.

Topic: Native American Religious Practices

Skill Level: Remember the Facts

Difficulty Level: Easy

2. Which of the following best describes Native American religions?

- a. animistic
- b. monotheistic
- c. panistic
- d. polytheistic

Answer: d

Question Title: TB_02_02_The Spirit World_Understand_LO 2.1

Learning Objective: 2.1 Describe the spirit world and the relationship that different Native American groups have with gods, deities, or spirits.

Topic: The Spirit World

Skill Level: Understand the Concepts

Difficulty Level: Easy

3. What is a medicine bundle?

- a. herbs and teas wrapped in canvas that are used during healing rituals
- b. a talisman given to young men heading into battle
- c. a collection of animal hides and bones, plants, and minerals that are believed to be a source of spiritual power
- d. a fetish carried by medicine men

Answer: c

Question Title: TB_02_03_Native American Religious Practices_Remember_LO 2.3

Learning Objective: 2.3 Discuss Native American religious practices and the purpose of ritual in day-to-day life and practice.

Topic: Native American Religious Practices

Skill Level: Remember the Facts

Difficulty Level: Easy

4. The vision quest is a reward by which a young person seeks

- a. advancement.
- b. to gain special power.
- c. unity with nature.
- d. hallucinations.

Answer: b

Question Title: TB_02_04_Native American Religious Practices_Remember_LO 2.3

Learning Objective: 2.3 Discuss Native American religious practices and the purpose of ritual in day-to-day life and practice.

Topic: Native American Religious Practices

Skill Level: Remember the Facts

Difficulty Level: Easy

5. According to Native American belief, the land of the dead is often portrayed as

- a. a continuation of this current life on another plane of existence.
- b. an exalted heavenly place.
- c. an eternal punishment in hell.
- d. reincarnation in another creaturely form.

Answer: a

Question Title: TB_02_05_Death and Life after Death_Remember_LO 2.4

Learning Objective: 2.4 Describe death and life after death in Native American religious practice.

Topic: Death and Life after Death

Skill Level: Remember the Facts

Difficulty Level: Easy

6. The Lakota (Sioux) belief in Wakan Tanka is an example of the abstract understanding of the

- a. Earth Mother.
- b. Holy Son.
- c. High God.
- d. Holy Trinity.

Answer: c

Question Title: TB_02_06_The Spirit World_Remember_LO 2.1

Learning Objective: 2.1 Describe the spirit world and the relationship that different Native American groups have with gods, deities, or spirits.

Topic: The Spirit World

Skill Level: Remember the Facts

Difficulty Level: Easy

7. Compared to Native Americans, how did Europeans who came to the Americas look upon nature and the land?

- a. They revered the land as much as the Native Americans did.
- b. They looked upon nature as something to be exploited and used.
- c. They were unwilling to sacrifice the beauty of the land and nature to survive.
- d. They enjoyed the unknowns of nature.

Answer: b

Question Title: TB_02_07_Connection to Nature_Understand_LO 2.2

Learning Objective: 2.2 Explain the Native Americans connection to nature.

Topic: Connection to Nature

Skill Level: Understand the Concepts

Difficulty Level: Moderate

8. What is one reason for the reverent attitude that Native American cultures have toward nature?

- a. Native American survival depended on living close and in balance with nature.
- b. The connection to nature is expressed religiously.
- c. Trees, rocks, rivers, plants, and animals are often believed to be spiritually alive.
- d. Animals and plants are believed to hold the spirit of their ancestors.

Answer: c

Question Title: TB_02_08_Connection to Nature_Remember_LO 2.2

Learning Objective: 2.2 Explain the Native Americans connection to nature.

Topic: Connection to Nature

Skill Level: Remember the Facts

Difficulty Level: Moderate

9. Of the following, which is true of Native American hunting practices, especially in early America?

- a. Native Americans weren't known as prodigious hunters.
- b. The Native American style of hunting led to the destruction of bison herds.
- c. Native Americans used only the meat of the animal and discarded the rest.
- d. Native American hunters prayed to the spirit of the animal before the hunt.

Answer: d

Question Title: TB_02_09_Connection to Nature_Understand_LO 2.2

Learning Objective: 2.2 Explain the Native Americans connection to nature.

Topic: Connection to Nature

Skill Level: Understand the Concepts

Difficulty Level: Moderate

10. The Wintu tale in the text details

- a. the Europeans' irreverence when it came to the natural world.
- b. how the Europeans brought disease to America.
- c. Native Americans' plans to keep away from white people.
- d. Native Americans' plans to begin a war with Europeans.

Answer: a

Question Title: TB_02_10_Connection to Nature_Understand_LO 2.2

Learning Objective: 2.2 Explain the Native Americans connection to nature.

Topic: Connection to Nature

Skill Level: Understand the Concepts

Difficulty Level: Moderate

11. This ritual, performed by the native peoples of the Great Plains, requires self-torment or sacrifice.

- a. Rain Dance
- b. Sun Dance
- c. Snow Dance
- d. Spring Harvest Dance

Answer: b

Question Title: TB_02_11_Native American Religious Practices_Remember_LO_2.3

Learning Objective: 2.3 Discuss Native American religious practices and the purpose of ritual in day-to-day life and practice.

Topic: Native American Religious Practices

Skill Level: Remember the Facts

Difficulty Level: Easy

12. This concept refers to cultural and religious rules of avoidance.

- a. taboo
- b. sacrifice
- c. penance
- d. self-flagellation

Answer: a

Question Title: TB_02_12_Native American Religious Practices_Remember_LO_2.3

Learning Objective: 2.3 Discuss Native American religious practices and the purpose of ritual in day-to-day life and practice.

Topic: Native American Religious Practices

Skill Level: Remember the Facts

Difficulty Level: Easy

13. During menstruation, a woman was kept away from ordinary society because

- a. she was thought to be “unclean.”
- b. she was thought to be depressed and harmful to the group.
- c. she was thought to possess unusual power.
- d. she was thought to be a witch.

Answer: c

Question Title: TB_02_13_Native American Religious Practices_Remember_LO_2.3

Learning Objective: 2.3 Discuss Native American religious practices and the purpose of ritual in day-to-day life and practice.

Topic: Native American Religious Practices
Skill Level: Remember the Facts
Difficulty Level: Easy

14. Which of the following is the best way to describe the purpose of Native American ceremonies and rituals?
- a. They are performed to chase away evil spirits.
 - b. They are a means of communicating with the deceased.
 - c. They are a means of renewing the partnership between humans and the spirit world.
 - d. They are performed to bring rain to the earth.

Answer: c

Question Title: TB_02_14_Native American Religious Practices_Remember_LO_2.3

Learning Objectives: 2.3 Discuss Native American religious practices and the purpose of ritual in day-to-day life and practice.

Topic: Native American Religious Practices
Skill Level: Remember the Facts
Difficulty Level: Easy

15. What group appeals to Native Americans because its members believe that Native Americans are children of the lost tribes of Israel and that Jesus preached in the Americas after his resurrection?
- a. Mormons
 - b. Jehovah's Witnesses
 - c. Catholic missionaries
 - d. Jews

Answer: a

Question Title_TB_02_15_Native American Religions Today_Remember_LO 2.5

Learning Objective: 2.5 Discuss Native American religions and religious practice in today's world.

Topic: Native American Religions Today
Skill Level: Remember the Facts
Difficulty Level: Easy

16. This group blends Christianity and the peyote cult and boasts 225,000 members.
- a. Sioux Church of North America
 - b. Native American Congress
 - c. Native American Church
 - d. Church of Latter-Day Saints

Answer: c

Question Title: TB_02_16_Native American Religious Practices_Remember_LO_2.3

Learning Objective: 2.3 Discuss Native American religious practices and the purpose of ritual in day-to-day life and practice.

Topic: Native American Religious Practices

Skill Level: Remember the Facts
Difficulty Level: Easy

17. The ritual in which a young person is sent into the wilderness alone to seek a vision from the spirit world is known as a
- a. baptism.
 - b. confirmation.
 - c. rite of passage.
 - d. vision quest.

Answer: d

Question Title: TB_02_17_Native American Religious Practices_Remember_LO_2.3

Learning Objective: 2.3 Discuss Native American religious practices and the purpose of ritual in day-to-day life and practice.

Topic: Native American Religious Practices

Skill Level: Remember the Facts

Difficulty Level: Easy

18. This religion, popular among the tribes in the Great Plains, combined elements of traditional Native American religions with Christianity.

- a. Wovoka
- b. Ghost Dance
- c. Sun Dance
- d. Native American Christianity

Answer: b

Question Title: TB_02_18_Native American Religions Today_Remember_LO_2.5

Learning Objective: 2.5 Discuss Native American religions and religious practice in today's world.

Topic: Native American Religions Today

Skill Level: Remember the Facts

Difficulty Level: Easy

19. During certain rituals, Native Americans smoke tobacco by placing it in a
- a. pipe.
 - b. tube.
 - c. glass bowl.
 - d. hollowed-out stick.

Answer: a

Question Title: TB_02_19_Native American Religious Practices_Remember_LO_2.3

Learning Objective: 2.3 Discuss Native American religious practices and the purpose of ritual in day-to-day life and practice.

Topic: Native American Religious Practices

Skill Level: Remember the Facts

Difficulty Level: Easy

20. Which of the following is true of Native American religious leadership?

- a. Only priests are allowed to perform rites and rituals.
- b. There is rampant use of sacrifice.
- c. Native American religions do not have a priesthood.
- d. Only women are allowed to perform rites and rituals.

Answer: c

Question Title: TB_02_20_Native American Religious Practices_Understand_LO_2.3

Learning Objective: 2.3 Discuss Native American religious practices and the purpose of ritual in day-to-day life and practice.

Topic: Native American Religious Practices

Skill Level: Understand the Concepts

Difficulty Level: Moderate

21. Which of the following is true of medicine men and women in Native American culture?

- a. They are empowered to heal and can also curse and bring sickness.
- b. They believe that sickness is caused by negativity in the sick person's mind.
- c. Spirits take possession of them before they can heal.
- d. The designation of "medicine man" was given to them by the High God.

Answer: a

Question Title: TB_02_21_Native American Religious Practices_Understand_LO_2.3

Learning Objective: 2.3 Discuss Native American religious practices and the purpose of ritual in day-to-day life and practice.

Topic: Native American Religious Practices

Skill Level: Understand the Concepts

Difficulty Level: Moderate

22. Why is peyote a part of some Native American religious ceremonies?

- a. because of its profound sensory and psychic experiences
- b. because of its anti-anxiety properties
- c. because of its ability to be inhaled easily
- d. because the High God requires that it be used

Answer: a

Question Title: TB_02_22_Native American Religious Practices_Understand_LO_2.3

Learning Objective: 2.3 Discuss Native American religious practices and the purpose of ritual in day-to-day life and practice.

Topic: Native American Religious Practices

Skill Level: Understand the Concepts

Difficulty Level: Moderate

23. Among the Yaqui of Arizona, why is Jesus Christ often associated with the deer?

- a. because Jesus is often represented as a deer in illustrations

- b. because the Yaqui believe Jesus was reincarnated as a deer
- c. because of the gentleness of both the man and the animal
- d. because both represent a sacrifice so humans may live and prosper

Answer: d

Question Title: TB_02_23_Native American Religions Today_Remember_LO 2.5

Learning Objective: 2.5 Discuss Native American religions and religious practice in today's world.

Topic: Native American Religions Today

Skill Level: Remember the Facts

Difficulty Level: Moderate

24. In what kinds of philosophies and religious movements do non-native people express a growing interest in Native American arts and religion?

- a. Fundamentalist
- b. New Age
- c. Pentecostal
- d. Animistic

Answer: b

Question Title: TB_02_24_Native American Religions Today_Remember_LO 2.5

Learning Objective: 2.5 Discuss Native American religions and religious practice in today's world.

Topic: Native American Religions Today

Skill Level: Remember the Facts

Difficulty Level: Easy

25. Traditional Native Americans believe that the soul exists in the land of the dead

- a. for as long as the living remember the deceased.
- b. until the deceased's last ancestor has passed.
- c. until the deceased is seen in a vision quest.
- d. always.

Answer: a

Question Title: TB_02_25_Death and Life after Death_Remember_LO 2.4

Learning Objective: 2.4 Describe death and life after death in Native American religious practice.

Topic: Death and Life after Death

Skill Level: Remember the Facts

Difficulty Level: Easy

Essay Questions

26. Explain why it is difficult to neatly categorize Native American religions as polytheistic, monotheistic, or monistic.

Question Title: TB_02_26_The Spirit World_Apply and Analyze_LO 2.1

Learning Objective: 2.1 Describe the spirit world and the relationship that different Native American groups have with gods, deities, or spirits

Topic: The Spirit World

Skill Level: Apply What You Know And Analyze It

Difficulty Level: Moderate

27. Discuss several challenges involved in studying Native American religions.

Question Title: TB_02_27_The Spirit World_Apply and Analyze_LO 2.1

Learning Objective: 2.1 Describe the spirit world and the relationship that different Native American groups have with gods, deities, or spirits.

Topic: The Spirit World

Skill Level: Apply What You Know And Analyze It

Difficulty Level: Moderate

28. List some major taboos in Native American religion and explain their rationales.

Question Title: TB_02_28_Native American Religious Practices_Apply and Analyze_LO 2.3

Learning Objective: 2.3 Discuss Native American religious practices and the purpose of ritual in day-to-day life and practice.

Topic: Native American Religious Practices

Skill Level: Apply What You Know and Analyze It

Difficulty Level: Moderate

29. Describe the meaning of music and dance in Native American religion.

Question Title: TB_02_29_Native American Religious Practices_Apply and Analyze_LO 2.3

Learning Objective: 2.3 Discuss Native American religious practices and the purpose of ritual in day-to-day life and practice.

Topic: Native American Religious Practices

Skill Level: Apply What You Know and Analyze It

Difficulty Level: Moderate

30. Discuss how contact with non-native cultures influenced the development of Native American religions.

Question Title: TB_02_30_Native American Religions Today_Apply and Analyze_LO 2.5

Learning Objective: 2.5 Discuss Native American religions and religious practice in today's world.

Topic: Native American Religions Today

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Skill Level: Apply What You Know and Analyze It
Difficulty Level: Moderate

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