

Chapter 01: Introduction to Health Care Agencies

Sorrentino: Mosby's Textbook for Nursing Assistants, 9th Edition

MULTIPLE CHOICE

1. An acute illness is:
 - a. A sudden illness from which a person is expected to recover.
 - b. An ongoing illness for which there is no known cure.
 - c. An illness that is slow or gradual in onset.
 - d. An illness for which there is no reasonable expectation of recovery.

ANS: A REF: p. 2

2. An ongoing illness that is slow or gradual in onset and for which there is no known cure is:
 - a. An acute illness
 - b. A chronic illness
 - c. A terminal illness
 - d. A physical illness

ANS: B REF: p. 2

3. A nursing pattern that brings services from departments to the bedside is:
 - a. Primary nursing
 - b. Team nursing
 - c. Patient-focused care
 - d. Case management

ANS: C REF: p. 8

4. Functional nursing is:
 - a. A nursing care pattern focusing on tasks and jobs
 - b. A nursing care pattern in which an RN is responsible for the person's total care
 - c. When a team of nursing staff is led by an RN who decides the amount and kind of care each person needs
 - d. When services are moved from departments to the bedside.

ANS: A REF: p. 8

5. An RN is responsible for the person's total care. This is:
 - a. Team nursing
 - b. Primary nursing
 - c. Functional nursing
 - d. Patient-focused care

ANS: B REF: p. 8

6. Persons living in long-term care centers are called
 - a. Patients
 - b. Clients
 - c. Residents
 - d. Individuals

ANS: C REF: p. 3

7. RNs do which of the following?
- Write doctor's orders.
 - Delegate to LPNs/LVNs.
 - Decide which type of facility the person needs.
 - Prescribe treatments for the person.

ANS: B REF: p. 7

8. Which is a purpose of health care?
- Health promotion
 - Providing sources of income for residents
 - Deciding which procedures will be paid for
 - Training nursing assistants and other students

ANS: A REF: p. 2

9. Who is responsible for the entire nursing staff?
- Nurse manager
 - Charge nurse
 - Staff nurse
 - Director of nursing

ANS: D REF: p. 6

10. An assisted living residence
- Provides three meals a day and housekeeping and laundry services
 - Is for persons with terminal illnesses
 - Provides complex, ongoing rehabilitation
 - Is for persons with chronic mental illness

ANS: A REF: p. 3

11. Assisted living residences provide which of the following?
- Housing
 - Help with finances
 - Complex medical care
 - Terminal illnesses

ANS: A REF: p. 3

12. These individuals give basic nursing care under the supervision of a licensed nurse:
- Nurse practitioners
 - Social workers
 - Nursing assistants
 - Medical technologists

ANS: C REF: p. 8

13. The director of nursing (DON) is a(n) _____
- LPN/LVN

- b. RN
- c. PT
- d. OT

ANS: B REF: p. 6

14. The nursing team involves which of the following?

- a. Physicians
- b. Pharmacists
- c. LPNs
- d. Occupational therapists

ANS: C REF: p. 7

15. Nursing assistants may report to which of the following?

- a. An RN
- b. A physician
- c. An occupational therapist
- d. Another nursing assistant

ANS: A REF: p. 6

16. Nursing assistants may report to which of the following?

- a. An LPN/LVN
- b. The medical director
- c. A physical therapist
- d. A physician's assistant

ANS: A REF: p. 4

17. Who assesses, makes nursing diagnoses, plans, implements, and evaluates nursing care?

- a. RNs
- b. LPNs
- c. Nursing assistants
- d. Case managers

ANS: A REF: p. 6

18. Which member of the health team assists persons to learn skills needed for daily living?

- a. Occupational therapist
- b. Pharmacist
- c. Radiographer
- d. Homemaker

ANS: A REF: p. 6

19. As a nursing assistant, you are a part of

- a. The nursing team
- b. The board of trustees
- c. The case management team
- d. The prospective payment system

ANS: A REF: p. 7

20. Who assesses and plans for the nutritional needs of patients and residents?
- a. The RN
 - b. The dietitian
 - c. The pharmacist
 - d. The doctor

ANS: B REF: p. 5

21. LPNs/LVNs are supervised by
- a. Doctors, dentists, and RNs
 - b. Physical therapists and occupational therapists
 - c. Agency administrators
 - d. Social workers, pharmacists and RNs

ANS: A REF: p. 7

22. Who is responsible for diagnosing and treating diseases and injuries?
- a. The physician.
 - b. The nurse practitioner.
 - c. RNs.
 - d. Physician's assistant.

ANS: A REF: p. 6

23. Who helps patients, residents, and families deal with social, emotional, and environmental issues affecting illness and recovery?
- a. The speech-language pathologist.
 - b. The podiatrist.
 - c. The activities director.
 - d. The social worker.

ANS: D REF: p. 6

24. Who makes policies for health care agencies?
- a. The board of trustees
 - b. The health team
 - c. The PPO
 - d. Medicare and Medicaid

ANS: A REF: p. 3

25. The goal of rehabilitation is
- a. To return persons to the highest possible level of physical and mental functioning
 - b. To reduce the risk of illness
 - c. To help the person make simple life-style changes
 - d. To do as much as possible for the person

ANS: A REF: p. 2

26. A hospice is
- a. A skilled nursing facility
 - b. A home health care agency

- c. A health care program for persons who present dangers to themselves or others
- d. A health care agency or program for persons who are dying

ANS: D REF: p. 3

27. A federal health insurance program for persons 65 years of age and older is
- a. Private insurance
 - b. Group insurance
 - c. An HMO
 - d. Medicare

ANS: D REF: p. 8

28. Medicaid is
- a. A preferred provider organization
 - b. A private insurance plan bought by individuals
 - c. A federal health insurance program for persons with disabilities
 - d. A health care payment program jointly funded by the federal government and the states

ANS: D REF: p. 8

29. The goal of the health team is to
- a. Provide quality care
 - b. Carry out the doctor's orders
 - c. Develop care plans for patients and residents
 - d. Follow agency policies and procedures

ANS: A REF: p. 5

30. What must an agency have to operate and provide care?
- a. A certificate
 - b. Accreditation
 - c. Policies and procedures
 - d. A license

ANS: D REF: p. 9

31. Accreditation for health care agencies is:
- a. A voluntary process that signals quality and excellence
 - b. Required to receive Medicare and Medicaid funds
 - c. A federal requirement for a health care agency to operate
 - d. A process required by preferred providers

ANS: A REF: p. 9

32. You have an important role in meeting standards and in the survey process. You must do which of the following?
- a. Provide quality care.
 - b. Interview patients and families.
 - c. Contact the families to notify them of the survey.
 - d. Avoid the site visitors.

ANS: A

REF: p. 9

TRUE/FALSE

1. Rehabilitation starts when the person is discharged from the hospital.

ANS: F

REF: p. 2