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## **Chapter 1--The Meaning of Marriage and the Family**

Student:
<ol> <li>A group of two or more persons related by birth, marriage, or adoption and residing together in a householis</li> <li>A. the definition of family used by all sociologists.</li> <li>B. the definition of family used by the U. S. Census Bureau.</li> <li>C. the way sociologists define affiliated kin.</li> <li>D. the way sociologists define the traditional family.</li> </ol>
<ul><li>2. "One or more people—everyone living together in a housing unit" is the definition of A. affiliated kin.</li><li>B. endearing family.</li><li>C. clan.</li><li>D. household.</li></ul>
<ul><li>3. Unrelated individuals who feel and are treated as if they were relatives comprise an individual's</li><li>A. affiliated kin.</li><li>B. endearing family.</li><li>C. clan.</li><li>D. compadres.</li></ul>
<ul> <li>4. Carlos is Roberto's compadre. This means that Carlos is Roberto's</li> <li>A. friend.</li> <li>B. brother.</li> <li>C. godparent.</li> <li>D. grandparent.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>5. Diane and Jim are married to each other and live together with their two biological children. This group meets the definition of</li> <li>A. fictive kin.</li> <li>B. affiliated kin.</li> <li>C. a nuclear family.</li> <li>D. an extended family.</li> </ul>

<ul> <li>6. Ray and Debra are a middle-class couple with three children. Ray has a full-time job and supports the family financially. Debra stays home and takes care of the children. Ray and Debra's family meets the definition of A. a modern family.</li> <li>B. affiliated kin.</li> <li>C. a traditional family.</li> <li>D. an extended family.</li> </ul>
7. More than of the population of the United States, age 15 and older, is currently married. A. 25% B. 43% C. 50% D. 72%
<ul> <li>8. What percentage of households contain married couples without children?</li> <li>A. 6%</li> <li>B. 27%</li> <li>C. 21%</li> <li>D. 28 %</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>9. In the United States, same-sex couples can legally marry</li> <li>A. in 2 states.</li> <li>B. in 3 states.</li> <li>C. in 6 states.</li> <li>D. only in Massachusetts.</li> </ul>
<ul><li>10. In China, a spirit marriage is one between</li><li>A. two religious leaders</li><li>B. two people who are not physically present at the time of the marriage but exchange vows by phone.</li><li>C. two affiliated kin.</li><li>D. two people who are both dead.</li></ul>
<ul><li>11. The preferred marital arrangement worldwide is</li><li>A. polygamy.</li><li>B. monogamy.</li><li>C. bigamy.</li><li>D. modified polygamy.</li></ul>

A. monogamy B. polygamy C. polygyny D. polyandry
<ul><li>13. Nassira lives in a tribe in Zambia in which men have multiple wives. This is called A. monogamy.</li><li>B. modified polygamy.</li><li>C. polygyny.</li><li>D. polyandry.</li></ul>
<ul><li>14. Our marriage system in the U.S. may best be described as</li><li>A. monogamy.</li><li>B. serial monogamy or modified polygamy.</li><li>C. polygamy.</li><li>D. polyandry.</li></ul>
<ul> <li>15. In 1967, the U.S. Supreme court ruled in the case of <i>Loving v. Virginia</i> and decided that it was unconstitutional for states to</li> <li>A. prohibit interracial marriage.</li> <li>B. determine age restrictions for marriage.</li> <li>C. prohibit same-sex marriage.</li> <li>D. deny the right of cousins to marry.</li> </ul>
<ul><li>16. According to Lasch, the family became a "haven in a heartless world" in response to A. the Great Depression.</li><li>B. World War I.</li><li>C. Industrialization.</li><li>D. the Vietnam War.</li></ul>

17. According to the text, the functions of the family may include all of the following **EXCEPT** 

A. assignment of social roles and status.

C. acting as a unit of economic cooperation and consumption.

B. socialization of children.

D. caring for extended family.

12. A marriage system that is quite rare throughout world cultures is

<ul><li>18. Intimacy</li><li>A. has little influence on health.</li><li>B. is a family function which has shifted dramatically from the family.</li><li>C. is generally not provided by pets.</li><li>D. strongly influences physical and mental health.</li></ul>
<ul><li>19. Economists have begun to reexamine the family as a</li><li>A. productive unit.</li><li>B. consuming unit</li><li>C. reproductive unit.</li><li>D. service unit.</li></ul>
<ul><li>20. The shaping of individual behavior to conform to social or cultural norms is referred to as A. acculturation.</li><li>B. socialization.</li><li>C. societal imaging.</li><li>D. cultural modeling.</li></ul>
<ul><li>21. The family in which we grow up is known as the</li><li>A. family of orientation.</li><li>B. family of cohabitation.</li><li>C. family of procreation.</li><li>D. traditional family.</li></ul>
<ul><li>22. Lisa and Jim have married and had a child together. This family they have created is, for Lisa and Jim, a</li><li>A. family of origin.</li><li>B. family of procreation</li><li>C. family of orientation.</li><li>D. family of reproduction.</li></ul>
<ul><li>23. The status we are given in society is largely acquired through our</li><li>A. education.</li><li>B. employment.</li><li>C. families.</li><li>D. own efforts.</li></ul>

A. continuity.  B. proximity. C. familiarity. D. protection.
25. There are more than multigenerational households in the United States A. 100,000 B. 250,000 C. 4 million D. 10 million
<ul><li>26. Ron is Bryan's father. Their relationship is</li><li>A. conjugal.</li><li>B. consanguineous.</li><li>C. kinship.</li><li>D. fidelity</li></ul>
27. The system is the social organization of the family.  A. kinship B. familial C. relational D. clan
28. Sue is Kay's mother-in-law. Their relationship is A. conjugal. B. consanguineous. C. affiliative. D. fictive.
<ul><li>29. Among the Nayar of India, men have clearly defined obligations toward</li><li>A. their wives.</li><li>B. the children of their eldest brother.</li><li>C. the children of their sisters and female cousins.</li></ul>

D. their own children.

<ul><li>30. Families</li><li>A. stay the same across time.</li><li>B. only change during times of social upheaval.</li><li>C. only change during times of economic upheaval.</li><li>D. are dynamic.</li></ul>
31. Mintz and Kellog suggest that has been the norm in American family life from Colonial days to the present.  A. change, not stability  B. stability, not change  C. conflict, not peach  D. peace, not conflict
32 is the irreplaceable means by which most of the social skills, personality characteristics, and values of individual members of society are formed.  A. Family B. Education C. Media D. Government
<ul><li>33. The number of multigenerational households in the United States has</li><li>A. increased.</li><li>B. decreased.</li><li>C. stayed the same.</li><li>D. quadrupled in the last two years.</li></ul>
34. According to the text, many of the so-called "culture wars" over "hot-button" issues such as the status of women, divorce and gay rights may really be A. moral issues. B. conflicts over differing conceptions of family. C. political issues. D. theoretical debates.
35. To conservatives, cultural values have shifted away from  A. morality toward immorality  B. immorality toward morality  C. individual self-sacrifice toward self-fulfillment  D. self-fulfillment toward individual self-sacrifice

36. Compared with conservatives, how do liberals feel about the status and future of family life in the United States?  A. They are more determined to maintain the status quo.  B. They are more determined to see change occur.  C. They are more pessimistic about it.  D. They are more optimistic about it.
37. Liberal family policies are often tied to the well-being of families.  A. physical B. economic C. emotional D. moral
<ul><li>38. Professor Brooks is a centrist. This means he is</li><li>A. conservative.</li><li>B. liberal.</li><li>C. an idealist.</li><li>D. conservative about some issues and liberal about other issues.</li></ul>
39. What determines the decision we make about what families need?  A. The perspectives we have about the current status of family life or the directions in which it is heading.  B. Our view of how the family has evolved into what it is today.  C. Our conclusions about the problems families have faced in the past.  D. our political affiliation.
<ul> <li>40. David Popenoe has concluded that</li> <li>A. in high-conflict marriages, parents should stay together for the sake of the children.</li> <li>B. no matter what the level of conflict, parents should stay together for the sake of the children.</li> <li>C. the negative effects of divorce on children are short-term and disappear by adulthood.</li> <li>D. except in high-conflict marriages, it is better for the children if their parents are together and work out their problems.</li> </ul>
41. When it comes to opinions and values about marriage and family relationships A. the wider society is conflicted but academic disciplines are not. B. academic disciplines are conflicted but wider society is not.

C. both the wider society and academic disciplines are conflicted.

D. neither the wider society nor academic disciplines are conflicted.

42. According to the We Are Family Foundation, the purpose of their video featuring SpongeBob and other characters is to A. promote acceptance of gay and lesbian lifestyles. B. teach tolerance, cooperation, unity, and appreciation of diversity. C. promote acceptance of blended families. D. teach family values. 43. To Dr. James Dobson, the "We Are Family" video was A. an attempt by a gay supporting organization to get children to accept homosexuality. B. an attempt to teach tolerance, cooperation, unity, and appreciation of diversity. C. designed to promote acceptance of divorce. D. designed to teach acceptance of blended families. 44. The mere fact that a controversy arose over the "We Are Family" video and that it pitted those with more conservative views against those with more liberal views, demonstrates that family issues are A. defined the same way by the wider society but differently by religious institutions. B. defined differently by the wider society but the same by all religious institutions. C. defined and interpreted the same by all. D. differently defined and interpreted. 45. The study of marriage and family is A. both abstract and personal. B. neither abstract nor personal. C. abstract but not personal. D. personal but not abstract. 46. To study family patterns and issues, we need to understand that our attitudes and beliefs about families may affect and distort our efforts. True False

47. A household consists of one or more people—everyone living in a housing unit makes up a household.

48. Affiliated kin are related individuals we have little contact with.

True False

True False

49. Emotional closeness may be more important than biology or law in defining family.  True False
50. The family most Americans consider to be the traditional family is a mostly working-class version of the nuclear family.  True False
51. In some areas of India, Africa, and Asia children as young as six years may marry other children (and sometimes adults) although they may not live together until they are older.  True False
52. Marriage establishes specific roles within the wider community and society.  True False
53. At one time it was illegal for African Americans to marry in the U.S. because they were regarded as property.  True False
54. Heterosexuals often think about the privileges that sexual orientation offers or withholds.  True False
55. Monogamy is the preferred marital arrangement worldwide.  True False
56. Married couples and adults living with others are generally healthier than divorced, separated, or never-married individuals.  True False
57. As society has become more industrialized and impersonal, families have decreased in importance as a source of intimacy.  True False

True False
59. Developments in contraception, artificial insemination, and in vitro fertilization have not separated reproduction from sexual intercourse.  True False
60. The socialization function rarely includes caregivers outside of the family.  True False
61. The family of cohabitation refers to the family we form through living or cohabitating with another person, whether we are married or unmarried.  True False
62. Anthropologists all agree that the father is necessary in the family unit.  True False
63. Conjugal relationships are formed by birth.  True False
64. Consanguineous relationships include those of grandparents and grandchildren.  True False
65. Spirit marriage involves a symbolic union between two people who are not legally allowed to marry.  True False
66. In one Cantonese marriage form, women do not live with their husbands until at least three years after marriage, as their primary obligation remains with their own extended families.  True False

cultures.  True False
68. A person may only occupy one position at a time in the basic kinship system in American society.  True False
69. The ex-kin role has clearly defined rules in today's society.  True False
70. Our values and beliefs about families have remained stable over time.  True False
71. Some of the services provided by families are such a basic part of our existence that we tend to overlook them.  True False
72. Conservatives believe that changes in cultural values have made families stronger and more able to meet the needs of children, adults and the wider society.  True False
73. Liberals believe that families today are weaker than they were in the 1950s.  True False
74. Centrists believe that changes in family life are due to economic and demographic changes in society.  True False
75. Ahrons believes that some divorces can be considered good divorces in which parents minimize conflict, continue parenting, and maintain ties with extended kin.  True False

76. A social class is a category of people who share similar economic positions in society.  True False
77. More households in the United States have married couples with children than have married couples without children.  True False
78. List and discuss the four basic functions of family.
79. One of the themes of your text is that families are diverse. Write an essay describing this diversity.
80. Write an essay comparing and contrasting the positions of liberals, conservatives and centrists on the status and future of American families.

81. Why is expertise favored over experience as a way of knowing about marriage and family?
82. Describe the advantages and disadvantages of monogamy and polygamy.

## Chapter 1--The Meaning of Marriage and the Family Key

1. A group of two or more persons related by birth, marriage, or adoption and residing together in a household

B. the definition of family used by all sociologists.  C. the way sociologists define affiliated kin.  D. the way sociologists define the traditional family.
<ul> <li>2. "One or more people—everyone living together in a housing unit" is the definition of A. affiliated kin.</li> <li>B. endearing family.</li> <li>C. clan.</li> <li>D. household.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>3. Unrelated individuals who feel and are treated as if they were relatives comprise an individual's <a href="#"><u>A.</u> affiliated kin.</a></li> <li>B. endearing family.</li> <li>C. clan.</li> <li>D. compadres.</li> </ul>
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7. More than of the population of the United States, age 15 and older, is currently married.  A. 25% B. 43% C. 50% D. 72%
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<ul> <li>24. According to William Goode, families provide all of the following advantages EXCEPT A. continuity.</li> <li>B. proximity.</li> <li>C. familiarity.</li> <li>D. protection.</li> </ul>
25. There are more than multigenerational households in the United States A. 100,000 B. 250,000 C. 4 million D. 10 million
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39. What determines the decision we make about what families need?  A. The perspectives we have about the current status of family life or the directions in which it is heading.  B. Our view of how the family has evolved into what it is today.  C. Our conclusions about the problems families have faced in the past.  D. our political affiliation.
<ul> <li>40. David Popenoe has concluded that</li> <li>A. in high-conflict marriages, parents should stay together for the sake of the children.</li> <li>B. no matter what the level of conflict, parents should stay together for the sake of the children.</li> <li>C. the negative effects of divorce on children are short-term and disappear by adulthood.</li> <li>D. except in high-conflict marriages, it is better for the children if their parents are together and work out their problems.</li> </ul>
41. When it comes to opinions and values about marriage and family relationships A. the wider society is conflicted but academic disciplines are not. B. academic disciplines are conflicted but wider society is not. C. both the wider society and academic disciplines are conflicted. D. neither the wider society nor academic disciplines are conflicted.

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47. A household consists of one or more people—everyone living in a housing unit makes up a household.

48. Affiliated kin are related individuals we have little contact with.

**TRUE** 

**FALSE** 

49. Emotional closeness may be more important than biology or law in defining family.  TRUE
50. The family most Americans consider to be the traditional family is a mostly working-class version of the nuclear family.  FALSE
51. In some areas of India, Africa, and Asia children as young as six years may marry other children (and sometimes adults) although they may not live together until they are older.  TRUE
52. Marriage establishes specific roles within the wider community and society.  TRUE
53. At one time it was illegal for African Americans to marry in the U.S. because they were regarded as property.  TRUE
54. Heterosexuals often think about the privileges that sexual orientation offers or withholds. <b>FALSE</b>
55. Monogamy is the preferred marital arrangement worldwide.  FALSE
56. Married couples and adults living with others are generally healthier than divorced, separated, or never-married individuals.  TRUE
57. As society has become more industrialized and impersonal, families have decreased in importance as a source of intimacy.  FALSE

58. The family is a unit of economic cooperation that traditionally divides its labor along gender lines. <b>TRUE</b>
59. Developments in contraception, artificial insemination, and in vitro fertilization have not separated reproduction from sexual intercourse.  FALSE
60. The socialization function rarely includes caregivers outside of the family.  FALSE
61. The family of cohabitation refers to the family we form through living or cohabitating with another person, whether we are married or unmarried.  TRUE
62. Anthropologists all agree that the father is necessary in the family unit.  FALSE
63. Conjugal relationships are formed by birth.  FALSE
64. Consanguineous relationships include those of grandparents and grandchildren.  TRUE
65. Spirit marriage involves a symbolic union between two people who are not legally allowed to marry. <b>FALSE</b>
66. In one Cantonese marriage form, women do not live with their husbands until at least three years after marriage, as their primary obligation remains with their own extended families.  FALSE

67. American kinship obligations are not as extensive as those of some non-Western or non-industrialized cultures.  TRUE
68. A person may only occupy one position at a time in the basic kinship system in American society.  FALSE
69. The ex-kin role has clearly defined rules in today's society.  FALSE
70. Our values and beliefs about families have remained stable over time.  FALSE
71. Some of the services provided by families are such a basic part of our existence that we tend to overlook them.  TRUE
72. Conservatives believe that changes in cultural values have made families stronger and more able to meet the needs of children, adults and the wider society.  FALSE
73. Liberals believe that families today are weaker than they were in the 1950s. <b>FALSE</b>
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75. Ahrons believes that some divorces can be considered good divorces in which parents minimize conflict, continue parenting, and maintain ties with extended kin.  TRUE

## Marriage and Family Experience Intimate Relationships in a Changing Society 11th Edition Strong Test Bank Full Download: https://alibabadownload.com/product/marriage-and-family-experience-intimate-relationships-in-a-changing-societ 76. A social class is a category of people who share similar economic positions in society. **TRUE** 77. More households in the United States have married couples with children than have married couples without children. **FALSE** 78. List and discuss the four basic functions of family. Not Provided 79. One of the themes of your text is that families are diverse. Write an essay describing this diversity. Not Provided 80. Write an essay comparing and contrasting the positions of liberals, conservatives and centrists on the status and future of American families. Not Provided 81. Why is expertise favored over experience as a way of knowing about marriage and family? Not Provided 82. Describe the advantages and disadvantages of monogamy and polygamy. Not Provided