Chapter 2: Developing Marketing Strategies and Plans

GENERAL CONCEPT QUESTIONS

Multiple Choice

a.	ne task of an	y business is to	o deliver at a	a profit.
	customer	needs		
b.	. products			
c.	customer	value		
d	. products a	nd services		
	improved			
	-		Difficulty: Medium	
				npany can win only by fine-tuning
th	ne value deli	very process ar	nd choosing, providing,	, and superior value.
a.	communic	ating		
b	. selecting t	arget markets	with	
c.	composing	<u> </u>		
d.	. developin	g		
e.	researchin	g		
Answ	ver: a	Page: 34	Difficulty: Medium	AACSB: Reflective Thinking
	he tradition	al view of m	narketing is that the	firm makes something and then
	markets			
a.	HIALKEIS			
h				
	. sells			
c.	. sells distributes			
c. d.	. sells distributes prices			
c. d. e.	sellsdistributespricesservices		D'CC 14 E	
c. d.	sellsdistributespricesservices	Page: 34	Difficulty: Easy	
c. d. e. Answ 4. T	sells distributes prices services ver: b	Page: 34	s actually splintering ir	nto numerous, each with
c. d. e. Answ	sells distributes prices services ver: b	Page: 34 nass market" is perceptions, p	, ,	
c. d. e. Answ	sells distributes prices services ver: b doday, the "ns own wants micromark	Page: 34 mass market" is perceptions, perceptions, perceptions.	s actually splintering ir	
c. d. e. Answ 4. T it. a. b.	sells distributes prices services ver: b doday, the "ns own wants micromark.	Page: 34 nass market" is perceptions, pects	s actually splintering ir	
c. d. e. Answ 4. T it: a. b. c.	sells distributes prices services ver: b doday, the "n s own wants micromarl market tar macromar	Page: 34 mass market" is perceptions, pagets gets kets	s actually splintering ir	
c. d. e. Answ 4. T it. a. b. c. d.	sells distributes prices services ver: b doday, the "n s own wants micromarl market tar macromar customer of	Page: 34 mass market" is perceptions, perce	s actually splintering ir	
c. d. e. Answ 4. T its a. b. c. d. e.	sells distributes prices services ver: b doday, the "n s own wants micromarl market tar macromar	Page: 34 nass market" is perceptions, pects gets kets cliques hic units	s actually splintering ir preferences, and buying	

5.	The first phase of the value creation and delivery sequence is	that
An	wer: a Page: 34 Difficulty: Medium	
6.	The last step in the value creation and delivery sequence is the value where sales force, sales promotion, advertising, and other communication to announce and promote the product. a. developing b. distributing c. communicating d. reversing e. researching	
An	wer: c Page: 34 Difficulty: Medium AACSB: Communication	
	The is a tool for identifying ways to create more customer value. a. value chain b. customer survey c. brand loyalty index d. promotion channel c. supplier database wer: a Page: 35 Difficulty: Easy AACSB: Analytic Skills	
	The identifies nine strategically relevant activities that create value cost in a specific business. a. value proposition b. value chain c. mission statement d. annual report c. manager's log	and
An	wer: b Page: 35 Difficulty: Medium AACSB: Analytic Skills	
	The in the value chain cover the sequence of bringing materials into business (inbound logistics), converting them into final products (operation shipping out final products (outbound logistics), marketing them (marketing sales), and servicing them (service). a. operations processes b. manufacturing processes c. primary activities d. secondary activities e. tertiary activities wer: c Page: 35 Difficulty: Medium	ns),

infrastruct a. materi b. suppor c. invent d. primar			resource management, and firm partments and are called
Answer: b		Difficulty: Hard	AACSB: Analytic Skills
against wha. competed b. standac. challered. benchree. movea	nich to compare it tition rds nges narks ble standards	s own costs and perform	
Answer: d	Page: 35	Difficulty: Easy	AACSB: Reflective Thinking
on how we a. core st b. satellit c. core v. d. core be e. core te	ell the various deprategies te businesses	partmental activities are	AACSB: Reflective Thinking
involved in and acting a. marked b. marked c. target d. marked e. deploy	on the information on the information tesensing process tresearch process marketing process trulse process ment process	ket intelligence, dissen on. s	includes all the activities ninating it within the organization,
Answer: a	Page: 35	Difficulty: Medium	AACSB: Analytic Skills
involved quickly an a. new-p b. new-o c. produc d. produc e. return	in researching, d within budget. roduct process ffering realization et-development process on investment process	developing, and laun n process rocess	includes all the activities ching new high-quality offerings AACSB: Analytic Skills

ac a. b. c. d.	customer customer customer fulfillmer customer	olved in definir acquisition pro- relationship man at management prospecting pro-	ng target markets and process anagement process process ocess	is considered to be all the rospecting for new customers.
		equity process Page: 35		AACSB: Analytic Skills
in a. b. c. d. e.	building de customer customer customer customer customer	eeper understar acquisition pro relationship ma prospecting pro fulfillment ma equity process	nding, relationships, and ocess anagement process ocess nagement process	o discuss all the activities involved dofferings to individual customers.
Answ	er: b	Page: 35	Difficulty: Medium	AACSB: Reflective Thinking
an a. b. c. d. e.	teamwork cabal domestic link to re- supply ch	power center lationships	a	(partnering with specific suppliers
Answ	er: e	Page: 36	Difficulty: Easy	
th a. b. c. d. e.	force org own all in own and emphasiz segment	f the business. anizational depotermediaries wourture the resolution global promothe workforces.	artments to justify the byho come in contact with ources and competencies of the state of the st	th the goods and services
Answ	er: c	Page: 36	Difficulty: Hard	AACSB: Reflective Thinking
ac (2 cc a. b.	lvantage in) it has a impetitors t core com business core tech strategic winning s	that it makes applications in o imitate. petency strategy nology business unit	a significant contribution a wide variety of ma	cs: (1) It is a source of competitive on to perceived customer benefits; arkets; and (3) it is difficult for AACSB: Analytic Skills
₩ MSIN	u.a	i age. 30	Difficulty. Mediuill	AACSD. Allalytic Skills

	-		<u> </u>	l technical and production expertise, broader business processes.
	process b		describe executence in	broader business processes.
	1	e capabilities		
		ness values		
	value stat			
	mission s			
			Difficulty: Medium	
cu a. b. c.	stomer link target ma market re fulfilling	ring, and chan rketing search customer need	nel bonding.	e distinctive capabilities:,
	market se	-		
		-service relation	-	AACCED D.C
Answ	er: a	Page: 37	Difficulty: Medium	AACSB: Reflective Thinking
IK a.	EA becaus product in	e they are una novations	o imitate companies so able to copy their	uch as Southwest Airlines, Dell, or
	distribution	•		
	pricing po			
	activity sy			
	logistics s	•	D'CC' 1. II 1	AAGGD D.G FILLI
Answ	er: d	Page: 37	Difficulty: Hard	AACSB: Reflective Thinking
a. b. c. d. e.	value crea value pro value mai value rese value cha	nd value delisitying relation position nagement earch	ivery activities with to aships and coprosperity	s "integrating the value exploration, he purpose of building long-term, among key stakeholders."
Answ	er: a	Page: 38	Difficulty: Hard	
	, an	nd capturing c	ve profitable growth ustomer lifetime value. ve competencies	by expanding customer share,
		customer loya	_	
	_	-	product desires	
	_	a customer ba	-	
	_	g all market sh		
Answ				AACSB: Analytic Skills
1 1112 AA		1 ugo. 50	Difficulty. Miculalli	rareob. randry de Dixillo

	The holistic marketing framework is designed to address three key management questions. Which of the following is one of those questions? a. Value claims—how does the company deal with value erosion? b. Value proposition—how can value propositions be made profitable? c. Value chain—are there weak links in the company's value chain? d. Value network—how can a company effectively network? e. Value exploration—how can a company identify new value opportunities? swer: e Page: 38 Difficulty: Hard AACSB: Analytic Skills
	Business realignment may be necessary to maximize core competencies. Which of the following would be one of the steps in this realignment process? a. reviewing all macro relationships b. reviewing global outreach projections c. redefining the business concept (the "big idea") d. reviewing successes from e-commerce (if any) e. revamping the ethics statement
Ans	swer: c Page: 38 Difficulty: Medium AACSB: Analytic Skills
	The customer's reflects existing and latent needs and includes dimensions such as the need for participation, stability, freedom, and change. a. competence space b. resource space c. emotional space d. relationship space e. cognitive space swer: e Page: 39 Difficulty: Medium
	·
28.	The company's can be described in terms of breadth—broad versus focused scope of business; and depth—physical versus knowledge-based capabilities. a. business mission b. core strategy c. cognitive space d. competency space e. resource space
Ans	swer: d Page: 39 Difficulty: Medium AACSB: Analytic Skills
29.	The collaborator's involves horizontal partnerships, where companies choose partners based on their ability to exploit related market opportunities, and vertical partnerships, where companies choose partners based on their ability to serve their value creation. a. resource space b. competency space c. cognitive space d. rational space e. service space

Answer: a

Difficulty: Medium

Page: 39

			•	s customers are, how they behave,
		•		company to respond appropriately,
	•		fferent customer oppor	tunities.
		management management		
	_	g management		
		relationship m	onegament	
		lity managemen		
			Difficulty: Medium	
in a. b. c. d.	human re internal a internal re strategic	or business proc source manager uditing manage esource manage management	cesses within a single fament ment	the company requires to amily of software modules.
		management		
Answ	er: c	Page: 39	Difficulty: Hard	AACSB: Analytic Skills
a. b. c. d. e.	elationships a value m a global d a business business j total qual	with its trading atrix listribution polics development spartnership mar ity managemen	partners to source, pro cy strategy nagement t	the company to handle complex cess, and deliver products. AACSB: Analytic Skills
de a. b.	customer customer customer customer customer	pturing, and su loyalty perks retention value	res having capabilities staining	such as understanding, creating,
Answ	er: d	Page: 39	Difficulty: Easy	AACSB: Reflective Thinking
lo a. b. c. d.	ong-term gan creating a producing developin expanding	•	ieving long-run objecti s opportunity t portfolio	deals specifically with devising a ves?
Answ		Page: 39	Difficulty: Medium	AACSB: Analytic Skills

division level, a. board of d b. major stak c. manageme d. corporate	the business usinested the treatment of treatment of the	nsist of four organiza unit level, and the prod	ational levels: the, the uct level.
e. strategic le Answer: d		Difficulty: Easy	AACSB: Analytic Skills
36. Theeffort. a. strategic p b. marketing c. tactical pla d. customer- e. corporate	lan plan an value statemer		ing and coordinating the marketing
-		Difficulty: Medium	AACSB: Analytic Skills
offered, based a. organization b. strategic n c. corporate d. corporate e. customer-	on an analysi onal plan narketing plan tactical plan mission value statemer	s of the best market op	the value proposition that will be portunities.
proposition, vinformation that a. the market b. the organic. the strateg	which of the nat might be use ting plan zational plan ic marketing pl	following types of seful to you in your que	rkets and the organization's value plans would most likely contain est?
Answer: c	Pages: 39	Difficulty: Medium	AACSB: Reflective Thinking
implementing promotion, months a. the tactica b. the target c. the deploy d. the productions	and addressing, planarketing planarketing planarketing planatt-launch planatt-developmen	ng daily challenges and pricing, sales channels, an	most likely find directions for d opportunities in product features, and service areas? AACSB: Analytic Skills

 40. Which of the following is of corporate headquarters? a. defining the corporate mistion b. establishing strategic busing c. assigning resources to each d. assessing growth opporture. e. all of the above 	ness units h SBU
Answer: e Page: 41	Difficulty: Medium
41. A clear, thoughtful mission purpose, direction, and a. profitability b. target market feasibility c. opportunity d. continuous improvement e. quality products	statement provides employees with a shared sense of
- · · ·	Difficulty: Medium AACSB: Reflective Thinking
42. Mission statements are at their a. marketb. strengthc. competencyd. visione. value	r best when they reflect a
Answer: d Page: 42	Difficulty: Medium AACSB: Reflective Thinking
statements?a. They focus on a large numb. They expand the range ofc. They define the major operate.d. They take a short-term vie	individual employee discretion. competitive spheres within which the company will
Answer: c Page: 42	Difficulty: Medium AACSB: Reflective Thinking
and distribution, in which a co a. industry sphere b. vertical sphere c. product/application sphere d. competence sphere e. market segment sphere	

45. Ha	rvard professor Ted Levi	tt argues that	of a business are superior to
b. c. d.	product definitions; service service definitions; market marketing definitions; market definitions; product none of the above	et definitions arket definitions	
	r: d Page: 43	Difficulty: Medium	
ma a. b. c. d.	rket. target market definition strategic market definition mass-market definition differentiated market defi integrated market definiti	n nition	product or service to an existing
	•		AACSB: Analytic Skills
col cor a. b. c. d.	_	ses that can be planned	hrase "it is a single business or ed separately from the rest of the
all a. b. c. d.	rket-penetration, product- be examples of concentric conglomerate horizontal intensive growth integrative growth	-	ket-development strategies would
Answe	r: d Page: 45	Difficulty: Hard	AACSB: Analytic Skills
hor stra a. b. c. d.	rizontal integration within ategy. diversification growth intensive growth target growth integrative growth conglomerate growth	n the industry is said	fits through backward, forward, or to be employing a(n)
- 1115 11 0	1 450. 10	_ 11110 arcj. 1110 aralli	1 1 1 2020 1 IIImi j die Dillille

relationship to its current tecl a. concentric strategy b. conglomerate strategy c. horizontal strategy d. intensive growth strategy	nnology, products, or n	k new businesses that have no narkets.
e. integrative strategy Answer: b Page: 47	Difficulty: Medium	
51. Which of the following ter stories, beliefs, and norms the a. organizational dynamics b. a business mission c. an ethical/value statemen d. customer relationships e. corporate culture	at characterize an organ	ches to "the shared experiences, nization"?
Answer: e Page: 47	Difficulty: Medium	AACSB: Analytic Skills
following? a. goal formulation b. business mission c. strategy formulation d. program formulation e. SWOT analysis		g process deals with which of the
Answer: b Page: 48	Difficulty: Medium	
	within the target segme	ntimately and pursues either cost ent, it is employing a
Answer: b Page: 54	Difficulty: Hard	AACSB: Analytic Skills
manufacturing, and physical a. differentiation b. overall cost leadership c. focus d. domestic customer relation	distribution.	good at engineering, purchasing,
e. market share Answer: b Page: 54	Difficulty: Medium	AACSB: Reflective Thinking

organizational and manage para. value man b. synergistic c. centralized d. partner rel	structures to sartnerships as caged partnership	support them and have ore skills. This is call ip	orations have begun to develop e come to view the ability to form ed
			AACSB: Analytic Skills
are called a. stakeholde b. partners c. regulators d. consumer	rs		ders. Today, the focus is on what
	-		AACSB: Analytic Skills
about the ma objectives. a. strategic p b. marketing c. sales plan d. target mark	rketplace and lan plan	indicates how the fi	tes what the marketer has learned rm plans to reach its marketing
			AACSB: Communication
grasp the plan a. the situation b. the market c. the execution	's major thrust' on analysis ing strategy ive summary ar	end table of contents	lan permits senior management to AACSB: Communication
59. Most marketing a. one year b. two years c. three years d. four years e. five years Answer: a		Difficulty: Easy	

- 60. The most frequently cited shortcomings of current marketing plans, according to marketing executives, are lack of realism, insufficient competitive analysis, and a focus.
 - a. long-term
 - b. profit
 - c. short-run
 - d. product
 - e. price

Answer: c Page: 57 Difficulty: Easy

True/False

- 61. The traditional view of marketing is that the firm makes something and then sells it. Answer: True Page: 34 Difficulty: Easy AACSB: Reflective Thinking
- 62. The traditional view of marketing begins with a first step called *strategic marketing*. Answer: False Page: 34 Difficulty: Hard
- 63. Segmentation, targeting, and positioning constitute the essence of strategic marketing. Answer: True Page: 34 Difficulty: Medium
- 64. The customer relationship management process is all the activities involved in receiving and approving orders, shipping the goods on time, and collecting payment.

 Answer: False Page: 35 Difficulty: Hard AACSB: Analytic Skills
- 65. The new-offering realization process involves all activities in defining target markets and prospecting for new customers.

Answer: False Page: 35 Difficulty: Hard AACSB: Analytic Skills

66. A principle of the value chain is that every firm is a synthesis of activities performed to design, produce, market, deliver, and support its product.

Answer: True Page: 35 Difficulty: Easy

- 67. Another name for a company's value delivery network is "the intermediary team." Answer: False Page: 36 Difficulty: Medium AACSB: Analytic Skills
- 68. A core competency is usually common among competitors in a given industry.

 Answer: False Page: 36 Difficulty: Medium AACSB: Reflective Thinking
- 69. Competitive advantage ultimately derives from how well the company has guarded its core competencies from theft by competitors.

Answer: False Page: 37 Difficulty: Hard AACSB: Reflective Thinking

70. Holistic marketing focuses on the integration of value exploration, value creation, and value delivery as a means to build long-term relationships with consumers.

Answer: True Page: 38 Difficulty: Medium

71. If a manager asks, "How can my company identify new value opportunities?" he or she is examining a management question identified as being value creation.

Answer: False Page: 38 Difficulty: Hard AACSB: Reflective Thinking

72. The marketing plan is the central instrument for directing and coordinating the marketing effort.

Answer: True Page: 39 Difficulty: Easy AACSB: Analytic Skills

73. A mission statement has as its primary focus the product and how to make it.

Answer: False Page: 42 Difficulty: Medium

74. One of the characteristics of a good mission statement is that it has an expansive number of goals for doing business.

Answer: False Page: 42 Difficulty: Medium AACSB: Reflective Thinking

75. A good illustration of a market definition of the business a company is in would be "We sell gasoline."

Answer: False Page: 43 Difficulty: Medium AACSB: Reflective Thinking

76. An intensive growth strategy involving marketing current products to new markets is a market-development strategy.

Answer: True Page: 45 Difficulty: Medium AACSB: Analytic Skills

77. If a company sought to expand the number of existing products sold to its current markets, it would use an integrative growth strategy labeled as "market-penetration strategy."

Answer: True Page: 45 Difficulty: Hard AACSB: Analytic Skills

78. If a company sought to grow via a strategy that required the company to seek new businesses that have no relationship to its current technology, products, or markets, the company would be using a diversification strategy called a conglomerate strategy.

Answer: True Page: 47 Difficulty: Medium AACSB: Analytic Skills

79. Scenario analysis can be used to assist companies in appraising how well their corporate culture might match (or not match) potential business partners or acquisitions.

Answer: True Page: 48 Difficulty: Medium

80. Marketing opportunities to supply something that is currently in short supply require significant marketing talent.

Answer: False Page: 49 Difficulty: Medium AACSB: Reflective Thinking

81. To evaluate opportunities, companies can use market opportunity analysis (MOA) to determine the attractiveness and probability of success.

Answer: True Page: 51 Difficulty: Easy

82. An environmental threat is a challenge posed by an unfavorable trend or development that would lead, in the absence of defensive marketing action, to lower sales or profit.

Answer: True Page: 51 Difficulty: Medium

83. Once a SWOT analysis has been completed, the strategic planner is ready to proceed to the goal formulation stage of the strategic-planning process model.

Answer: True Page: 52 Difficulty: Medium AACSB: Analytic Skills

84. In applying MBO (management by objectives) all objectives are treated as being equally important—objective discrimination is not allowed.

Answer: False Page: 52 Difficulty: Medium

85. For an MBO (management by objectives) system to work, one of the four criteria that the unit's objectives must meet is that objectives must be stated quantitatively whenever possible.

Answer: True Page: 52 Difficulty: Medium AACSB: Reflective Thinking

86. A good illustration of a marketing objective would to "decrease customer acquisition costs by 1.5 percent per quarter."

Answer: True Page: 52 Difficulty: Easy AACSB: Reflective Thinking

87. A strategy is a game plan for achieving what the business unit wants to achieve.

Answer: True Page: 53 Difficulty: Easy AACSB: Reflective Thinking

88. A firm employing a focus strategy must be good at engineering, purchasing, manufacturing, and physical distribution.

Answer: False Page: 54 Difficulty: Hard AACSB: Analytic Skills

89. One of the four major categories of strategic alliance involves sharing personnel (e.g., human resource alliance) to staff alliance member marketing departments.

Answer: False Pages: 54–55 Difficulty: Medium

90. Partner relationship management (PRM) can be thought of as a corporation's development of structures that support strategic alliances and treat the formation and management of partnerships as a core skill.

Answer: True Page: 55 Difficulty: Medium AACSB: Analytic Skills

91. Companies normally measure their profit performance using ROI; however, this approach suffers because profits are arbitrarily measured and subject to manipulation.

Answer: True Page: 56 Difficulty: Medium AACSB: Ethical Reasoning

92. A *marketing vision statement* is a written document that summarizes what the marketer has learned about the marketplace and indicates how the firm plans to reach its marketing objectives.

Answer: False Page: 56 Difficulty: Hard

93. Marketing plans are becoming more production oriented because of the high costs of doing business in today's economy.

Answer: False Page: 56 Difficulty: Medium AACSB: Reflective Thinking

94. The marketing plan should open with a situation analysis.

Answer: False Page: 57 Difficulty: Easy

95. The marketing strategy section of a marketing plan includes definitions of the mission and marketing and financial objectives.

Answer: True Page: 57 Difficulty: Medium AACSB: Analytic Skills

96. One of the key questions to ask in evaluating a marketing plan is whether the plan is simple or not.

Answer: True Page: 57 Difficulty: Medium AACSB: Reflective Thinking

97. Such areas as sales forecasts, expense forecasts, and break-even analysis are usually found in the financial projections section of the marketing plan.

Answer: True Page: 57 Difficulty: Easy

98. Return on investment (ROI) shows how many units must be sold monthly to offset the monthly fixed costs and average per-unit variable costs.

Answer: False Page: 57 Difficulty: Medium AACSB: Analytic Skills

99. Most marketing plans conclude with a section that indicates how the plan will be implemented.

Answer: True Page: 57 Difficulty: Easy

100. Within the marketing strategy section of the marketing plan, goals and budgets are spelled out for each month or quarter so management can review each period's results and take corrective action as needed.

Answer: False Page: 57 Difficulty: Medium

Essay

101. Briefly summarize the two views of the value delivery process that may be followed by organizations seeking to gain business from consumers.

Suggested Answer: The traditional view of marketing is that the firm makes something and then sells it. Companies that subscribe to this view have the best chance of succeeding in economies marked by goods shortages where consumers are not fussy about the quality, features, or style. If abundant choices are present, this view does not work well. Another view emphasizes the organization's role in the value delivery process. Strategic and tactical marketing are used to choose the value, provide the value, and communicate the value to consumers and channel partners. Marketing is moved to the first part of the delivery process.

Page: 34 Difficulty: Medium AACSB: Analytic Skills

102. The firm's success depends not only on how well each department performs its work, but also on how well the various departmental activities are coordinated to conduct core business processes. List and briefly describe the five core business processes outlined in the text.

Suggested Answer: The core business processes include (1) the market-sensing process—all the activities involved in gathering market intelligence, disseminating it within the organization, and acting on the information; (2) the new-offering realization process—all the activities involved in researching, developing, and launching new high-quality offerings quickly and within budget; (3) the customer acquisition process—all the activities involved in defining target markets and prospecting for new customers; (4) the customer relationship management process—all the activities involved in building deeper understanding, relationships, and offerings to individual customers; and (5) the fulfillment management process—all the activities involved in receiving and approving orders, shipping the goods on time, and collecting payment.

Page: 35 Difficulty: Hard AACSB: Analytic Skills

103. A successful company nurtures its resources and competencies. A core competency has three characteristics. Describe those characteristics.

Suggested Answer: Core competency characteristics are: (1) It is a source of competitive advantage; (2) it has applications in a wide variety of markets; and (3) it is difficult for competitors to imitate.

Page: 36 Difficulty: Medium AACSB: Analytic Skills

104. A holistic marketing orientation can provide insight into the process of capturing customer value and is designed to address three key management questions.

Describe and illustrate each of these key management questions.

Suggested Answer: The three management questions are: (1) value exploration—how can a company identify new customer-value opportunities? (2) value creation—how can a company efficiently create more promising new customer-value offerings? and (3) value delivery—how can a company use its capabilities and infrastructure to deliver the new customer-value offerings more efficiently?

Page: 38 Difficulty: Hard

105. Indicate the differences and similarities between the following terms: *marketing plan, strategic marketing plan,* and *tactical marketing plan.*

Suggested Answer: The marketing plan is the central instrument for directing and coordinating the marketing effort. The marketing plan operates at two levels: strategic and tactical. The strategic marketing plan lays out the target markets and the value proposition that will be offered, based on an analysis of the best market opportunities. The tactical marketing plan specifies the marketing tactics, including product features, promotion, merchandising, pricing, sales channels, and service.

Pages: 39–40 Difficulty: Medium AACSB: Analytic Skills

106. Good mission statements are essential to being a success in business. Describe the three major characteristics that good mission statements should have.

Suggested Answer: Major characteristics include: (1) They focus on a limited number of goals; (2) mission statements stress the company's major policies and values; (3) they define the major competitive spheres within which the company will operate (e.g., industry, products and applications, competence, market segment, vertical, and geographical); (4) mission statements should take a long-term view; and (5) they should b as short, memorable, and meaningful as possible. Page: 42–43 Difficulty: Easy AACSB: Reflective Thinking

107. During the planning process, if there is a gap between future desired sales and projected sales, corporate management will need to develop or acquire new businesses to fill it. Identify and describe the three strategies that can be used to fill the strategic gap.

Suggested Answer: The first option is to identify opportunities to achieve further growth with current businesses (intensive growth opportunities). The second is to identify opportunities to build or acquire businesses that are related to current businesses (integrative growth opportunities). The third is to identify opportunities to add attractive businesses that are unrelated to current businesses (diversification growth opportunities).

Pages: 44–46 Difficulty: Hard AACSB: Analytic Skills

108. Assume that you are directed to prepare a short brief explaining the steps of the Business Unit Strategic Planning Process. Your task is to construct such a brief by carefully outlining the steps of the aforementioned process.

Suggested Answer: Refer to Figure 2.5 in the chapter for assistance. Students should be able to describe (in order) the business mission, SWOT analysis, goal formulation, strategy formulation, program formulation and implementation, and feedback and control. The descriptions do not need to be long; however, they do need to be consistent with the text material. Answers will vary but consistency should be a learning goal.

Pages: 48–56 Difficulty: Hard AACSB: Analytic Skills

109. Identify and give examples of the four major categories of strategic alliances.

Suggested Answer: The four major categories of strategic alliances include (1) product or service alliances, where one company licenses its product, or two companies jointly market their complementary products or a new product; (2) promotional alliances, where one company agrees to carry a promotion for another company's product or service; (3) logistics alliances, where one company offers logistical services for another company's product; and (4) pricing collaboration, where one or more companies join in an agreement on coordinated pricing. Student examples may vary.

Pages: 54–55 Difficulty: Hard AACSB: Analytic Skills

110. Briefly summarize the contents of a marketing plan.

Suggested Answer: The contents of a marketing plan include (1) an executive summary and table of contents; (2) a situation analysis; (3) marketing strategy; (4) financial projections; and (5) implementation controls. Descriptions of the content steps may vary but should be in keeping with the general outline of this section of the chapter. See text material for further information.

Page: 57 Difficulty: Hard

APPLICATION QUESTIONS

Multiple Choice

per a. b. c. d.	formance. Many com	panies will probably u	industry in terms of costs and se Apex as a
Answer: b	_		AACSB: Reflective Thinking
dis inf a. b. c. d.	seminating it within later than the community of the comm	nis organization, and organiza	gathering marketing intelligence, eventually directing action on the as part of the
Answer: a	Page: 35	Difficulty: Hard	AACSB: Analytic Skills
cus shi a. b. c.	ps the order via FedEx market-sensing proce customer acquisition customer relationship fulfillment management new-offering realizati	ormation, sends the or c. This is best describe ss process management process ent process ion process	
Answer: d	Page: 35	Difficulty: Medium	AACSB: Analytic Skills
fas a. b. c. d. e.	t delivery and a deep core competency distinctive capabilitie market savvy business touch intuitive synergy	eatalogue of titles for co	e, has several, including ustomers to choose from.
Answer: b	Page: 36	Difficulty: Medium	AACSB: Analytic Skills

115.	it wants custom from its connec which of the fol a. redefining the b. reshaping the	ers to see it as a ction to print-on lowing value cre he big idea he business scope g the company's corporate logo	leader in digitally photograph ation steps?	ng over the photographic industry, all photography and is moving away y. This would be an example of
Answe	er: c Page	_	ulty: Hard	AACSB: Analytic Skills
116.	oven mitts made resulting in free department, and to develop a ne- in handling hot	e it very difficult quent spills and I her company lew hand-held hot cooking implement of the eration on ery	to hold cooking burns. Jill broweraged its enpad that allowents, while pro-	ustomers indicated that traditional ag utensils, pots, and baking dishes, ought her findings to the research gineering and design competencies is for significantly greater dexterity otecting the cook from burns. This holistic marketing framework.
Answe	er: b Page	e: 39 Diffic	ulty: Medium	AACSB: Reflective Thinking
117.	brand in an atter from those of charge PC manua. customer va b. corporate pl c. competitive	mpt to improve pother competing afacturers a premulue anning pricing there management	perceptions of _ manufacturer nium for its chi	campaign built awareness of the and differentiate its chips s. This strategy allowed Intel to ps.
Answe		•	ulty: Medium	AACSB: Reflective Thinking
118.	releases about h a. strategic b. selective c. tactical d. niche e. organization	is company's pro	oducts and serv	ause he plans the daily promotional rices. AACSB: Analytic Skills
7 7112 AA C	i. c i agc	, io Diffic	arcy. Iviculuill	THE COD. THIM YOU DRIED

119.	"personal por	table sound, vision was re atement alysis	" so his company createflected in the compan	ated everyone to have access to ated the Walkman and portable CD ay's
Answe		ge: 42	Difficulty: Easy	AACSB: Analytic Skills
120.		ning its conce gment	baby food. In choos npetitive sphere on the	ing to focus on the baby market, basis of
Answe	er: c Pa		Difficulty: Medium	AACSB: Reflective Thinking
121.	a. Missouri-lb. Xerox: Wc. Standard (d. Encyclope	Pacific Rail e make copy Oil: We sell edia Britann	road: We run a railroadying equipment.	
Answe				AACSB: Analytic Skills
122.	a perceived s growth first b new one. a. intensive b. integrative c. diversifica d. conglomer e. concentric	strategic-pla because it is e ation rate	unning gap, you wou s easier to improve an	oking to implement strategies to fill ld most likely explore a existing business than to build a
Answe	er: a Pa	ge: 44	Difficulty: Medium	AACSB: Reflective Thinking

123.	international existing curincluding control and product b. market-c. diversif	ally, the comp stomers with a ompilation CD s-development penetration cation development	pany sought to increa	presence in thousands of cities ase the number of purchases by at led to new in-store merchandise, less access.
Answe	er: a	Page: 45	Difficulty: Hard	AACSB: Analytic Skills
124.	strategy for	r revenue gene h of the follow chain apture		earch platform represented a new This is an example of innovation
Answe	er: c	Page: 50	Difficulty: Hard	AACSB: Analytic Skills
125.	highly efficient logistics co form of low a. focus b. integrat c. differer d. market e. overall	cient shipping sts extremely law prices. Wal- cive growth that a cost leadership cost leadership	practices, Wal-Mart low and to pass these c Mart's strategy is best	ory management technology and is able to keep its inventory and cost savings on to consumers in the described as
Answe	er: e	Page: 54	Difficulty: Medium	AACSB: Analytic Skills
126.	26. After analyzing their company's strengths and weaknesses, top managers at Loan Bright decided that they would serve individual loan officers who typically only wanted to purchase small sets of homebuyer data, rather than bigger institutional clients. To meet the needs of this segment, Loan Bright simplified its sales contract, restructured its advertising efforts to focus on Google ads, and created a separate customer-service department. Loan Bright's strategy is best described as a(n) strategy. a. overall cost leadership b. focus c. differentiation d. logistics e. promotional			
Answe	er: b	Page: 54	Difficulty: Hard	AACSB: Analytic Skills

127.		t comprehensive range eadership		oursuing a(n) ces to the traveler.	strategy by
Answe	r: c Page:	54 Difficulty:	Medium	AACSB: Analytic Sk	ills
128.	Disney films as palliance would a a. product alliantb. logistics alliantb. pricing colladd. network alliantb. promotional	part of its meals for of the control	children. T	to offer products relate The best description of	this form of
Answe	r: e Page:	55 Difficulty:	Medium	AACSB: Analytic Sk	ills
129.	to hospitals acrowould aa. product alliamed. pricing collad. network alliame. promotional	ss the United States. nce nce poration nce alliance	The best of	M's medical and surgion description of this form	n of alliance
Answe	r: b Page:	55 Difficulty:	Medium	AACSB: Reflective T	Thinking
130.	affinity credit ca university on the	ards that typically of e card itself and maturchases made using a I a Ince	lisplay an y include	ersity alumni associaticionic image associata an incremental donation. The best description	ed with the on program
Answe	r: e Page:	55 Difficulty:	Medium	AACSB: Analytic Sk	ills

Short Answer

131. As the marketing manager for a small regional toy manufacturer, what three strategic marketing processes would you use to choose the value of your offer?

Suggested Answer: The three processes would be (1) customer segmentation, (2) market selection/focus, and (3) value positioning.

Page: 34 Difficulty: Medium AACSB: Analytic Skills

132. Hot Topic, a chain that sells rock-band-inspired clothes for teens, recently launched Torrid to give plus-size teens the same fashion options. Identify the three parts of the value delivery process and their function for Hot Topic.

Suggested Answer: The first phase, choosing the value, represents the "homework" marketing must do before any product exists. The second phase, providing the value, is where product features, prices, and distribution are selected. The third phase, communicating the value, utilizes the sales force, sales promotion, advertising, and other communication tools to announce and promote the product.

Page: 34 Difficulty: Medium AACSB: Reflective Thinking

133. Critics of Nike often complain that its shoes cost almost nothing to make, yet cost the consumer so much. Identify the elements of providing and communicating value that add to Nike's cost structure and result in the high price of Nike's shoes.

Suggested Answer: Although the raw materials and manufacturing costs of a sneaker are relatively cheap, marketing the product to the consumer is quite expensive. Providing value includes R&D costs and the costs associated with shipping to retail locations and the retailers' overhead. Communicating value includes obtaining celebrity endorsement and extensive advertising. Nike must also pay for a sales force that communicates the product's value to retailers and helps ensure that products are available in retail locations convenient to end consumers.

Page: 34 Difficulty: Hard AACSB: Reflective Thinking

134. Over the past 10 years, Cisco Systems has drastically reduced its number of suppliers and aligned itself more closely with its remaining suppliers for each of its product-based teams. How might this have helped Cisco improve its new-offering realization process?

Suggested Answer: By reducing the number of suppliers it uses, Cisco is able to work more closely with its few remaining suppliers, involving them in new-product development and tapping their expertise in improving time to volume, cutting costs, and improving supplier quality.

Page: 35 Difficulty: Hard AACSB: Reflective Thinking

135. In the central role of strategic planning, only a handful of companies stand out as master marketers—Procter & Gamble, Southwest Airlines, Nike, Disney, Nordstrom, Wal-Mart, and McDonald's to name a few. From a consumer's perspective why do you think they stand out? Explain.

Suggested Answer: Students should explain that these companies focus on the customer and are organized to respond effectively to changing customer needs. They all have well-staffed marketing departments, and all their other departments—manufacturing, finance, research and development, personnel, purchasing—also accept the concept that the customer is king.

Page: 39 Difficulty: Medium AACSB: Reflective Thinking

136. Identify the elements of a tactical marketing plan for a new kind of cola.

Suggested Answer: The tactical marketing plan specifies the marketing tactics, including product features, promotion, merchandising, pricing, sales channels, and service. For a new kind of cola, the tactical marketing plan might include the packaging size and shape, the flavor, the kinds of advertising used (print, television, buzz marketing), how to price the new cola relative to other colas currently on the market, and where to sell the new cola (grocery stores, gas stations, vending machines, sandwich shops).

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137. Porsche makes only expensive cars and Gerber serves primarily the baby market. Which of the major competitive spheres within which a company can operate matches most closely to these two companies?

Suggested Answer: Several competitive spheres are mentioned (e.g., industry, products and applications, competence, market segment, vertical, and geographical). The sphere most appropriate in this case is market segment.

Page: 42 Difficulty: Hard AACSB: Analytic Skills

138. Gymboree is a 530-store chain that sells children's clothing to upscale parents. Because there are not enough parents making more than \$65,000 year to support more stores, Gymboree has created Janie and Jack, a chain selling upscale baby gifts. Which intensive growth strategy is Gymboree employing?

Suggested Answer: Gymboree is pursuing a product-development strategy, targeting upscale parents of young children, many of whose peers are having children, with a new product sold through a new retail location.

Page: 45 Difficulty: Hard AACSB: Analytic Skills

139. Goodwin's Grocery has decided to purchase a meat-processing plant to gain more control of its beef supply and improve profits. Which form of integrative growth strategy has Goodwin's employed?

Suggested Answer: Goodwin's has selected a backward integration strategy.

Page: 46 Difficulty: Medium

140. From its origins as an animated film producer, Walt Disney Company has moved into licensing characters for merchandised goods and developed theme parks and vacation and resort properties. What strategy best describes Disney's growth?

Suggested Answer: Disney has employed a diversification growth strategy, taking advantage of opportunities outside its original animated film business, leveraging the strength of its characters in new businesses.

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141. When Yahoo! began to flounder in the 2001, CEO Terry Semel imposed a more conservative, buttoned-down atmosphere on the freewheeling Internet start-up. At the new Yahoo!, spontaneity is out and order is in. What term is most closely applied to this organizational change phenomenon? Be sure to explain what the term means with respect to this example.

Suggested Answer: The correct term would be *corporate* or *organizational culture*. Corporate culture has been defined as "the shared experiences, stories, beliefs, and norms that characterize an organization."

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142. Describe what happens in scenario analysis and explain why firms such as Royal Dutch/Shell Group use the technique.

Suggested Answer: Scenario analysis consists of developing plausible representations of a firm's possible future that make different assumptions about forces driving the market and include different uncertainties. Answers may vary on why to use the concept but answers should be mindful of the definition given. Page: 48 Difficulty: Medium AACSB: Reflective Thinking

Page: 48 Difficulty: Medium AACSB: Reflective Thinking

143. Explain what happens in a SWOT analysis during the strategic planning process.

Suggested Answer: SWOT (strengths, weaknesses, opportunities, and threats) monitors the external and internal environment by examining key macroeconomic and microeconomic forces and actors that have an impact on the organization's business and industry. See chapter for additional details on the SWOT analysis format.

Pages: 49–52 Difficulty: Medium

144. Good marketing is the art of finding, developing, and profiting from marketing opportunities. What are the three primary methods for uncovering possible product or service improvements.

Suggested Answer: Methods for uncovering possible product or service improvements include (1) the problem detection method, which asks consumers for their suggestions; (2) the ideal method, which asks consumers to imagine an ideal version of the product or service; and (3) the consumption chain method, which asks consumers to chart their steps in acquiring, using, and disposing of a product.

Page: 50 Difficulty: Medium AACSB: Analytic Skills

145. What questions would typically be asked during a market opportunity analysis (MOA)?

Suggested Answer: Questions would typically be: (1) Can the benefits involved in the opportunity be articulated convincingly to a defined target market(s)? (2) Can the target market(s) be located and reached with cost-effective media and trade channels? (3) Does the company posses or have access to the critical capabilities and resources needed to deliver the customer benefits? (4) Can the company deliver the benefits better than any actual or potential competitors? and (5) Will the financial rate of return meet or exceed the company's required threshold for investment?

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146. For an MBO system to work, the business unit attempting to implement the process must meet four criteria. What are those criteria?

Suggested Answer: The criteria are: (1) They must be arranged hierarchically, from the most to the least important; (2) objectives should be stated quantitatively whenever possible; (3) goals must be realistic; and (4) objectives must be consistent.

Page: 52–53 Difficulty: Hard AACSB: Reflective Thinking

147. Which of Michael Porter's generic strategies would be most appropriate for an organization that concentrates on achieving superior performance in an important customer benefit area valued by a large part of the market?

Suggested Answer: The strategy that would be most appropriate would be that of differentiation.

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Chapter 2: Developing Marketing Strategies and Plans

148. Michael Porter draws a firm distinction between operational effectiveness and a strategy. Briefly describe this distinction and identify when a company can claim that it has a strategy.

Suggested Answer: Competitors can quickly copy the operationally effective company using benchmarking and other tools, thus diminishing the advantage of operational effectiveness. Porter defines strategy as "the creation of a unique and valuable position involving a different set of activities." A company can claim that it has a strategy when it "performs different activities from rivals or performs similar activities in different ways."

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149. When H&R Block and Hyatt Legal Services combined their efforts (two service businesses), they also joined marketing forces to create a strong alliance. Which of the alliance forms cited in the text most closely matches the H&R Block and Hyatt Legal Services alliance? Explain.

Suggested Answer: This alliance is called a *product* or *service alliance* where one company licenses another to produce its product, or two companies jointly market their complementary products or a new product.

Pages: 54–55 Difficulty: Medium AACSB: Analytic Skills

150. Characterize a marketing plan.

Suggested Answer: A marketing plan is a written document that summarizes what the marketer has learned about the marketplace and indicates how the firm plans to reach its marketing objectives. It contains tactical guidelines for the marketing programs and financial allocations over the planning period.

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