Managers and the Legal Environment 9th Edition Bagley Test Bank Full Download: https://alibabadownload.com/product/managers-and-the-legal-environment-9th-edition-bagley-test-bank/ Class: Name: Date: Ch 01 - Law, Value Creation, and Risk Management 1. Contracts allow managers to make their own "public" law. a. True b. False 2. Private law provides the legal rules within which firms compete. a. True b. False 3. To manage risk, firms may use insurance policies. a. True b. False 4. The cost to firms for acting responsibly is often significantly less than the greater restrictions and costs imposed on them as a response to misdeeds or acting irresponsibly. a. True b. False 5. Lobbying legislators is one method by which managers can help shape the environment in which they do business. a. True b. False 6. Legal astuteness is a valuable managerial capability through which managers work effectively with counsel to solve complex problems and leverage resources to sustain competitive advantage. a. True b. False 7. Promoting economic growth is one of the primary public policy objectives of laws and regulations applicable to business. a. True b. False 8. Worker protection has not been a major public policy concern underlying U.S. business law. a. True b. False 9. A firm's illegal conduct has no bearing on the firm's competitive advantage because it does not necessarily divert funds from strategic investments or affect its image and reputation with its customers. a. True b. False 10. Researchers found a statistically significant inverse relationship between a country's economic prosperity, as measured by the per capita gross domestic product, and the country's judicial independence. a. True

b. False

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11. As used in the text, the term "legal astuteness" refers consultation with legal counsel necessary.a. Trueb. False	to the ability of a manager to	avoid situations that make
12. Entering into nondisclosure agreements is an unethic manager.a. Trueb. False	al practice that should not be	tolerated by a legally astute
13. A legally astute manager would take a proactive appraisa. Trueb. False	oach to legal issues and relev	ant regulations.
14. The potential for legal analysis to be ambiguous mean lawyers sometimes get it wrong.a. Trueb. False	ns that even the most skilled a	and experienced advisers and
15. Each activity in the value chain has legal aspects.a. Trueb. False		
16. The center of operations for the European Union is loa. Trueb. False	cated in Brussels, Belgium.	
17. According to the text, adequate protection of minoritya. Trueb. False	shareholder rights increases	investment in new ventures.
18. Under the resource-based view of a business firm, a f advantage if they are valuable, rare, and perfectly imitable a. True b. False		ce of sustained competitive
19. Self-regulation within the advertising industry has be advertising unnecessary.a. Trueb. False	en largely successful in makin	ng any bans on deceptive
20. The Systems Approach recognizes that law is dynamia. Trueb. False	c, as opposed to static.	
21. J.P. Morgan Chase's "Sons and Daughters" hiring pro	gram, involving hiring childr	ren of China's ruling elite, was

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approved by the U.S. Department of Justi	ce and the Securities Exchange Commis	ssion.
a. True	_	
b. False		
22. Private property rights provide one ar	ea in which laws and regulations can pro	omote economic growth.
a. True		
b. False		
23. Which of the following is NOT one o applicable to U.S. business?	f the four primary public policy objective	res furthered by laws and regulations
a. Promoting economic growth		
b. Protecting workers		
c. Promoting consumer welfare		
d. Promoting governmental regulatio	n	
24. In what way do managers make their	•	
a. By advocating for judicial indepen		
b. By submitting to burdensome licer		
c. By retaining counsel ahead of any	•	
d. By entering into contracts and craf	ting certain governance structures	
25. The approach recognizes components."	that "business decisions consist of cont	inuous, interrelated economic and moral
a. procedural		
b. systems		
c. conciliatory		
d. mandated		
26. The theory recognizes the are affected by the actions of the firm.	at firms have relationships with many co	onstituent groups which both affect and
a. stakeholder		
b. stockholder		
c. relational		
d. cohesive		
27. The was enacted after w		
	on and Consumer Protection Act of 2009	9
b. Mortgage Lending and Financial F		
c. Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform a		
d. Financial Institution Regulatory Pi	ronouncement and Consumer Revision A	Act of 2010
28. Legally astute management teams pra		
	overnment regulation as an investment, i	-
b. view the cost of complying with go	overnment regulation as an expense that	should be avoided until legal action

is threatened.

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c. do only the minimum necessary to co		should be avaided until legal action
d. view the cost of complying with gov is threatened, while only engaging in	the minimum efforts necessary to con	
29. Which of the following does NOT provious coevolutionary?	ide an example of how organizations ar	nd the law are endogenously
a. Managers lobbying legislators		
b. Managers forming coalitions		
c. Managers lobbying members of the	executive branch	
d. Government relying on managers' se	elf-regulation	
30 law is a type of law referer legislatures. a. Public	ncing formal rules embodied in constitu	ntions and statutes enacted by
b. Private		
c. Substantive		
d. Remedial		
31. In which of the following ways does U.S.	-	
a. Facilitate innovative products and se		
b. Regulate certain terms and condition	s of employment	
c. Collect taxes and spend money		
d. Protect the environment		
32. In which of the following ways does U.	•	
a. Facilitate innovative products and se	rvices	
b. Prevent deceptive practices		
c. Collect taxes and spend money		
d. Require employers to provide certain	n benefits	
33. In 2016, which of the following spent th	ne most in efforts toward lobbying lawr	nakers?
a. Blue Cross/Blue Shield		
b. U.S. Chamber of Commerce		
c. National Association of Realtors		
d. JPMorgan Chase		

- 34. Which of the following statements regarding a comparison of the law of the United States and the law of the European Union is true?
 - a. Laws of the United States and the European Union differ in regard to consumer privacy and emissions standards but are similar in regard to chemical usage and accounting standards.
 - b. Laws of the United States and the European Union differ in regard to consumer privacy, emissions standards, and chemical usage but are similar in regard to accounting standards.
 - c. Laws of the United States and the European Union differ in regard to consumer privacy, emissions standards, chemical usage, and accounting standards.
 - d. Laws of the United States and the European Union are similar in all significant areas involving business

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regulation and vary in only r	ninor respects.	
35. Which of the following stateme of employee benefits?	nts is true regarding typical requirements place	ed on employers mandating the provision
2 •	ired to provide workers' compensation, to pay care taxes.	unemployment insurance, and to
	ired to pay unemployment insurance, to pay so insurance as well as paid time off.	ocial security and Medicare taxes,
c. Employers are typically requ taxes, and to provide sick tin	ired to pay workers' compensation insurance, the and vacation time.	to pay social security and Medicare
	ired to provide workers' compensation and to popay social security and Medicare taxes.	pay unemployment insurance, but
36. At its core, legal astuteness is the		
a. effectively communicate and		
b. prevent deceptive trade prac	_ · · · ·	
c. develop the firm's brand and d. encourage the sale of safe pr		
	ness and society builds on which of the following	
 a. Firms have relationships wit firm. 	h many constituent groups, which both affect a	and are affected by the actions of the
b. Firms have relationships wit promote value to stockholde	h many constituent groups, and that these groups.	ps must be managed to best
c. Although firms have relation ongoing management of bus	ships with many constituent groups, these groundiness firms.	ups have little impact on the
d. Firms have relationships wit operations.	h only a few groups, such as employees, that ar	re directly connected with business
with competitive threats at the same	ty to learn and adjust to circumstances in order time.	to seize opportunities while dealing
a. dynamic capability		
b. strategic compliance		
c. expansive public policy		
d. judicial independence		
39. Which of the following has the makes the most business sense?	responsibility for deciding which allocation of	resources and rewards in a business
a. The general manager		
b. The in-house lawyer		
c. An independently retained la	wyer	
d. An independently retained la	w firm, not just one lawyer	

40. Which of the following is NOT a component of legal astuteness as referenced in the text?

a. A set of value-laden attitudes about the importance of law to the firm's success

b. A practice of leaving the resolution of legal issues to outside counsel

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c. The ability to exercise inform	ned judgment when managing the legal aspects	of business
d. Context-specific knowledge	of the law and the appropriate use of legal tools	
41. Which of the following is a com a. Analyzing any covenants not	ponent of managing risk when assembling a tea	m in business development?
	ess issues such as sexual harassment	
	nail communications are not discoverable	
d. Ignoring whistleblower prote		
societal considerations with mainstre	and society introduced in the text is a descriptive eam theories of competitive advantage and society	0 0
a. Integrative		
b. Systemsc. Proactive		
d. Economic		
d. Economic		
	the interface between a firm's business and the have been associated with financial per	Ç ,
a. Proactive; sub-par		
b. Legislative; improved		
c. Proactive; improved		
d. Defensive; peak		
14. Which of the following entities i	s at the center of a systems approach to law, but	siness, and society?
b. Value proposition		
c. Competitive environment		
d. Top management team		
45. Under the view of t a. resource-based; rare	he firm, resources can be a source of competitive	ve advantage if they are
b. systems-based; hard to copy		
c. resource-based; available to c	competitors	
d. systems-based; available to c	-	
•	•	
16 is a type of relation a. Xantu	ship building lobbying that is prevalent in Chin	a.
b. Olaying		
c. Guanxi		
d. Quinta		
47. U.S. laws promote public welfar a. Protecting fundamental rights	e in a variety of ways. Which of the following v	would be one of those ways?
b. Preventing deceptive practice		
	to the second se	

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c. Regulating terms and conditions of emplo	pyment	
48. Lobbying activities look different in the Euro following represents the advice of lobbyists for U a. Refrain from presenting your position to a full commission to be considered.	J.S. interests in the European Unio	on?
b. The most effective lobbying follows the r	elevant EU commission's prelimin	nary draft opinion.
c. Refrain from any lobbying activity until a	full presentation can be made to	regulators.
d. Present your position to regulators ahead	of any political debate on the issue	e.
49. Management teams that practice	<u>-</u>	
a. value-based compliance management view	w the cost of compliance as an exp	pense rather than an investment
b. strategic compliance management identify constraints into innovation opportunities	y and embrace operational change	s in order to convert regulatory
c. resource-based management see regulatio	n compliance as a competitive adv	vantage
d. strategic-based risk management are the r	nost legally astute of managers	
50. Which of the following is NOT one of "Porte a. Threat of entry	er's Five Forces" that affect the con	mpetitive environment?
b. Direct competition		
c. Logistics and component supply		
d. Buyer power		

- 51. Which of the following falls within the legal limits of lobbyist activity?
 - a. Giving gifts to governmental officials
 - b. Contributing to entities that hold the lawmaker's interest
 - c. Hosting campaign events for lawmakers running for reelection
 - d. Paying lawmakers' staff for personal access to lawmakers on behalf of client

Fact Pattern 1-1

Deven, the CEO of Chemoceuticals, which was involved in the production and sale of pharmaceuticals, decided to hire new employees to research and develop new drugs for a planned expansion into treatments for diseases of immune deficiency. Deven was concerned, however, that the employees specializing in these drugs might leave at some point, taking company secrets with them for use in competition with Chemoceuticals. Deven, therefore, required that the employees sign contracts containing covenants not to compete. After consulting with in-house counsel regarding the effect of some new regulations involving the use of certain pharmaceutical agents, Deven wonders whether to ignore the regulations until some type of investigation of the company is started. Counsel believes that more than likely no one will ever check to see whether Chemoceuticals is in compliance. Deven disagrees with this assessment and decides to seek other counsel.

- 52. Refer to Fact Pattern 1-1. The covenants not to compete involved which of the following types of law?
 - a. Public
 - b. Private

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 - c. Circumscribed
 - d. Tangential
- 53. Refer to Fact Pattern 1-1. The use of covenants not to compete involves which of the following forces identified by Michael Porter and referenced in the text?
 - a. Supplier power
 - b. Threat of entry
 - c. Substitution
 - d. Buyer power
- 54. Refer to Fact Pattern 1-1. The government regulations pertaining to the use of certain pharmaceutical agents involved which of the following types of law?
 - a. Public
 - b. Private
 - c. Circumscribed
 - d. Tangent
- 55. Refer to Fact Pattern 1-1. Assuming that Deven seeks to be a legally astute manager, which of the following is true regarding the advice given by initial counsel to ignore the regulations pending an investigation?
 - a. Counsel is correct that it is unlikely that any investigation will ever occur and that the regulations may be safely ignored.
 - b. Counsel is correct only if Chemoceuticals has not had past investigations because if past investigations have occurred, it is more likely that the company will be the target of future investigations.
 - c. Counsel is incorrect but only because safety regulations are concerned.
 - d. Counsel is incorrect because a legally astute manager will take a proactive approach to regulations.
- 56. Merle, the CEO of a corporation owning a number of pet stores, calls you for advice. Merle shares inside information that the stock of the company is going to go down because of reports that a number of dogs sold by the store had become ill and that Merle, therefore, immediately sold all personal stock in the company before the information became public. Then Merle tells you that counsel has warned of pending charges of securities violation involving Merle's insider trading. Which of the following is true regarding Merle's situation?
 - a. Corporate executives may be fined but may not be sent to jail.
 - b. Corporate executives may be sent to jail, but only for offenses endangering others.
 - c. Corporate executives may be sent to jail, but only for fraud involving banks.
 - d. Corporate executives may be sent to jail for violation of criminal laws.
- 57. In CASE 1.1 *Sorrell v. IMS Health Inc.*, drug manufacturers challenged as unconstitutional a Vermont statute prohibiting pharmacies from selling prescriber-identifying information for marketing prescription drugs without the consent of prescribers. What was the U.S. Supreme Court ruling in this matter?
 - a. Although speech promoting marketing was not protected by the First Amendment, the law was unconstitutional based on the due process clause.
 - b. The statute regulated commercial speech, which was evaluated under an "intermediate" standard and the law was, therefore, constitutional.
 - c. The statute did not involve constitutional issues and was, therefore, a permissible type of regulation.
 - d. The conduct prohibited by the law was protected by the First Amendment and the law was unconstitutional.

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58. Under the resource-based view of a firm,	when can a firm's resources be a sor	urce of sustained competitive advantage?
59. In what three specific ways does U.S. law	v protect workers?	
60. Assume that after paying a large fine, a conduct put a company at a competitive disaction.	1 ,	activity. In what ways does illegal
61. Discuss ways in which laws and regulation	ons promote economic growth.	
62. How does U.S. business law promote cor	nsumer welfare?	
63. Law is not just a static, external force act	ing upon managers and their firms; r	rather law and organizations are

- "endogenously coevolutionary." a. True
 - b. False
- 64. Legally astute management teams typically wait until later in the strategic development to bring counsel in and evaluate legal considerations.
 - a. True
 - b. False

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Answer Key		
1. False		
2. False		
3. True		
4. True		
5. True		
6. True		
7. True		
8. False		
9. False		
10. False		
11. False		
12. False		
13. True		
14. True		
15. True		
16. True		
17. True		
18. False		
19. False		
20. True		
21. False		
22. True		
23. d		
24. d		
25. b		

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26. a		
27. с		
28. a		
29. d		
30. a		
31. a		
32. d		
33. b		
34. c		
35. a		
36. a		
37. a		
38. a		
39. a		
40. b		
41. a		
42. b		
43. c		
44. d		
45. a		
46. c		
47. a		
48. d		
49. b		
50. c		

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