Health The Basics Canadian 6th Edition Donatelle Test Bank

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Test Bank for Donatelle / Kolen-Thompson, Health: The Basics, Sixth Canadian Edition

Chapter	2
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1) Although Jane has experienced sadness and trauma in her life, she is still a positive person and she is able to live each day to the fullest. Jane's attitude displays which dimension of health?
a. socioemotional
b. psychosocial
c. psychoenvironmental
d. socio-holistic
Answer: b Diff: 2
Type: MC Topic: Define psychosocial health and its components: intellectual, emotional, social and spiritual health.
Skill: Conceptual
2) Sam is having difficulty in dealing with his divorce from his wife of ten years. He refuses to seek counselling and views assistance as a weakness. With which of the following types of health is Sam experiencing difficulty?
a. emotional health
b. socio-status health
c. mental health
d. socioemotional health
Answer: c Diff: 3
Type: MC Topic: Define psychosocial health and its components: intellectual, emotional, social and spiritual health.
Skill: Conceptual
3) Intensified feelings or complex patterns of feelings that we experience on a day-to-day basis are called
a. conscience
b. emotions

c. objectivities

d. actualizations
Answer: b Diff: 1
Type: MC Topic: Define psychosocial health and its components: intellectual, emotional, social and spiritual health.
Skill: Factual
4) The two factors of social health that have proven to be particularly important are the presence of strong social bonds and
a. an adequate number of social interactions
b. presence of key social supports
c. ability to express themselves
d. different levels of social ties
Answer: b Diff: 2
Type: MC Topic: Define psychosocial health and its components: intellectual, emotional, social and spiritual health.
Skill: Factual
5) Barbara encourages her friend to run for dorm president and she helps her to emotionally prepare for the election. Barbara is giving her friend
a. tangible support
b. expressive support
c. structural support
d. confirming support
Answer: b Diff: 3
Type: MC Topic: Define psychosocial health and its components: intellectual, emotional, social and spiritual health.
Skill: Applied

6) Marie's parents give her money for a down-payment on a new car. They are providing her with
a. tangible support
b. expressive support
c. structural support
d. confirming support
Answer: c Diff: 3
Type: MC Topic: Define psychosocial health and its components: intellectual, emotional, social and spiritual health.
Skill: Applied
7) Georgia grew up in an abusive home. She had no positive role models to follow. What type of influence on psychosocial health is this an example of?
a. family
b. internal
c. peer
d. environmental
Answer: a Diff: 2
Type: MC Topic: Define psychosocial health and its components: intellectual, emotional, social and spiritual health.
Skill: Applied
8) Which of the following is an example of an internal influence on psychosocial health?
a. growing up in a nurturing family
b. seeking help from a support group
c. having influential peers
d. good physical health status
Answer: d Diff: 3
Type: MC

Topic: Describe the external and internal factors influencing psychosocial health. Which of these factors can be changed?
Skill: Conceptual
9) Dale is not happy with his weight and he has a poor self image. He is doubtful about his goal to lose ten pounds. Dale is exhibiting low self
a. control
b. image
c. esteem
d. mastery
a. mastery
Answer: c Diff: 2
Type: MC Topic: Describe the external and internal factors influencing psychosocial health. Which of these factors can be changed?
Skill: Applied
10) Carl believes he can get an "A" in his philosophy class. His belief is called
a. self-control
b. self-image
c. self-esteem
d. self-efficacy
Answer: d Diff: 3
Type: MC Topic: Describe the external and internal factors influencing psychosocial health. Which of these factors can be changed?
Skill: Applied
11) Jody ridicules his Jewish friend, Simon, and draws a Swastika on Simon's door. These actions are manifestations of
a. bias
b. prejudice
c. immaturity

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Answer: b Diff: 2

Type: MC

Topic: Define psychosocial health and its components: intellectual, emotional, social and

spiritual health.

Skill: Applied

12) Kayla has tried to quit smoking on five separate occasions. She has failed to quit each time. Her failure to do so has resulted in a type of response called

.

- a. learned helplessness
- b. negative expressiveness
- c. depressive helplessness
- d. hopeless pattern behaviour

Answer: a Diff: 3

Type: MC

Topic: Describe the external and internal factors influencing psychosocial health. Which of these factors can be changed?

Skill: Applied

13) After a failed marriage, loss of a job, a chronic illness, and bankruptcy, John has acknowledged these failures in his life, but he makes every positive effort to turn his life around and he is much happier. John has now developed a response pattern known as

a. self-efficacy

- •
- b. negative expressiveness
- c. depressive helplessness
- d. hopeless pattern behaviour

Answer: a Diff: 3

Type: MC

Topic: Describe the external and internal factors influencing psychosocial health. Which of these factors can be changed?

Skill: Applied

- 14) Suzie is taking a course which allows her to consider her personal values system and how to avoid compromising these values. This major theme of spirituality is known as
- a. interconnectedness
- b. mindfulness
- c. living in harmony with one's community
- d. spirituality as a part of daily life

Answer: a Diff: 3

Type: MC

Topic: Define psychosocial health and its components: intellectual, emotional, social and

spiritual health.

Skill: Conceptual

- 15) The three convictions of spirituality include love, hope and
- a. interconnectedness
- b. belief
- c. joy
- d. faith

Answer: d Diff: 2

Type: MC

Topic: Define psychosocial health and its components: intellectual, emotional, social and

spiritual health.

Skill: Factual

- 16) Sasha likes to practice yoga and she enjoys writing poetry. Which of the four themes of spirituality are these activities a part of?
- a. living in harmony with our community
- b. spirituality as a part of daily life
- c. mindfulness
- d. interconnectedness

Answer: c Diff: 2
Type: MC Topic: Define psychosocial health and its components: intellectual, emotional, social and spiritual health.
Skill: Applied
17) Ben came first in his last three endurance races. He believes he can win his upcoming race as well. This type of belief can be described as
a. high esteem
b. learned optimism
c. resiliency
d. self-efficacy
Answer: d Diff: 3
Type: MC Topic: Describe the external and internal factors influencing psychosocial health. Which of these factors can be changed?
Skill: Applied
18) Keesha can be relied upon to be punctual and to complete all of her assigned tasks on time. Keesha is displaying
a. resiliency
b. conscientiousness
c. maturity
d. responsibility
Answer: b Diff: 2
Type: MC Topic: Describe the external and internal factors influencing psychosocial health. Which of these factors can be changed?
Skill: Applied
19) Subjective well-being is defined by three central components, that includes which of the following traits?

a. relative presence of health
b. satisfaction with present life
c. relative presence of spirituality
d. satisfaction with personality
Answer: b Diff: 2
Type: MC Topic: Describe the external and internal factors influencing psychosocial health. Which of these factors can be changed?
Skill: Conceptual
20) An example of one method recommended to avoid sleeplessness is to
a. drink a glass of wine before bed
b. go right to bed after all daily activities
c. nap only in the afternoon
d. catch up on sleep by sleeping late on weekends
Answer: c Diff: 4
Type: MC Topic: Describe the external and internal factors influencing psychosocial health. Which of these factors can be changed?
Skill: Conceptual
21) Sam expresses a feeling of contentment, because her expectations and physical, psychological and spiritual needs have been met in her life. This sense of contentment is known as
a. happiness
b. joy
c. satisfaction
d. bliss
Answer: a Diff: 2
Type: MC

Topic: Describe the external and internal factors influencing psychosocial health. Which of these factors can be changed?

Skill: Applied

- 22) Jani's psychiatrist tells her that she has done a great job of dealing with several setbacks in her life, and that she is able to cope with traumatic events successfully. Jani is demonstrating a characteristic known as _______.
- a. resourcefulness
- b. crisis management
- c. adaptability
- d. resiliency

Answer: d Diff: 3

Type: MC

Topic: Describe the external and internal factors influencing psychosocial health. Which

of these factors can be changed?

Skill: Applied

- 23) Which of the following is a possible cause for <u>exogenous</u> depression?
- a. neurotransmitter imbalance
- b. death of a loved one
- c. hormonal imbalance
- d. loss of brain function

Answer: b Diff: 3

Type: MC

Topic: Identify common psychosocial problems and explain their causes and available

treatments.

Skill: Conceptual

- 24) Which of the following is a possible cause for endogenous depression?
- a. death of a loved one
- b. neurotransmitter imbalance
- c. a difficult divorce
- d. academic failure

Answer: b
Diff: 3

Type: MC

Topic: Identify common psychosocial problems and explain their causes and available

treatments.

Skill: Conceptual

- 25) An external event such as a death of a spouse or partner can cause which type of depression?
- a. clinical
- b. neurosis
- c. endogenous
- d. exogenous

Answer: d Diff: 2

Type: MC

Topic: Identify common psychosocial problems and explain their causes and available

treatments.

Skill: Factual

- 26) Jamie's dad recently died and she now experiences bouts of depression. What type of depression does Jamie most likely have?
- a. clinical
- b. exogenous
- c. endogenous
- d. environmental

Answer: b Diff: 2

Type: MC

Topic: Identify common psychosocial problems and explain their causes and available

treatments.

- 27) Which of the following statements about depression is true?
- a. Frequent crying is the most common symptom of depression.

- b. Anti-depressant drugs are often necessary for recovery.
- c. Depression is a natural reaction to crisis or loss.
- d. Only in-depth psychotherapy can cure clinical depression.

Answer: b Diff: 3

Type: MC

Topic: Identify common psychosocial problems and explain their causes and available

treatments.

Skill: Factual

- 28) What are the two most common psychotherapeutic therapies for depression?
- a. cognitive and developmental
- b. aversion and electro-convulsive
- c. cognitive and interpersonal
- d. interpersonal and humanistic

Answer: c Diff: 2

Type: MC

Topic: Identify common psychosocial problems and explain their causes and available

treatments.

Skill: Factual

- 29) Hank's therapist is treating his depression by trying to change his pessimistic view of the world into a rational view. Hank's therapist is using what type of psychotherapy?
- a. cognitive
- b. developmental
- c. interpersonal
- d. rational emotive

Answer: a Diff: 3

Type: MC

Topic: Identify common psychosocial problems and explain their causes and available

treatments.

30) After a small kitchen fire two years ago, Alycia cannot sleep at night until she checks to ensure that the stove's burners are all turned off. Alycia is exhibiting symptoms of				
a. panic disorder				
b. depressive-compulsive syndrome				
c. obsessive-compulsive disorder				
d. anxiety disorder				
Answer: c Diff: 3				
Type: MC Topic: Identify common psychosocial problems and explain their causes and available treatments.				
Skill: Applied				
31) An example of an obsessive-compulsive behaviour is				
a. consistently avoiding speaking in public				
b. chewing every bite of food 20 times				
c. not being able to get up and face life each morning				
d. not driving on bridges				
Answer: b Diff: 4				
Type: MC Topic: Identify common psychosocial problems and explain their causes and available treatments.				
Skill: Conceptual				
32) Meredith experiences persistent, intense feelings of distress, which occur for no apparent reason. This disorder is known as				
a. anxiety disorder				
b. seasonal affective disorder				
c. obsessive-compulsive disorder				
d. phobia disorder				

Answer: a Diff: 3
Type: MC Topic: Identify common psychosocial problems and explain their causes and available treatments.
Skill: Applied
33) Which of the following statements regarding depression and gender is true?
a. Women tend to use drugs and/or alcohol to cope with/mask depression.
b. Womens' coping strategies are more effective than mens'.
c. Men tend to distract themselves from a depressed mood, whereas women tend to focus on it.
d. Men tend to work less when they are depressed.
Answer: c Diff: 3
Type: MC Topic: Identify common psychosocial problems and explain their causes and available treatments.
Skill: Conceptual
34) An example of a social phobia is a fear of
a. heights
b. public places
c. driving at night
d. snakes
Answer: b Diff: 2
Type: MC Topic: Identify common psychosocial problems and explain their causes and available treatments.
Skill: Applied
35) Victims of panic attacks often have symptoms that mimic a(n)
a. epileptic seizure

b. depression
c. migraine headaches
d. heart attack
Answer: d Diff: 2
Type: MC Topic: Identify common psychosocial problems and explain their causes and available treatments.
Skill: Factual
36) Janelle often experiences sudden bouts of disabling terror in which she becomes short of breath, perspires and her heart races. This type of disorder is known as
a. anxiety
b. a panic attack
c. a phobia
d. hysteria
Answer: b Diff: 3 Type: MC Topic: Identify common psychosocial problems and explain their causes and available
treatments.
Skill: Applied
37) Judy witnessed a horrible car crash and has been experiencing terrifying flashbacks. Judy is exhibiting symptoms of
a. panic disorder
b. situational affective disorder
c. post-traumatic stress disorder
d. obsessive thought disorder
Answer: c Diff: 3
Type: MC Topic: Identify common psychosocial problems and explain their causes and available treatments.

Skill: Applied

38)) Seasonal	affective	disorde	r is ass	sociated	with
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- a. malfunction of thyroid gland
- b. lack of social interaction
- c. too much external stimuli
- d. reduced exposure to sunlight

Answer: d Diff: 2

Type: MC

Topic: Identify common psychosocial problems and explain their causes and available

treatments.

Skill: Factual

39) Jessica uses light therapy, which is the most effective method of treatment for her depression. This type of depression is known as

- a. seasonal affective disorder
- b. anxiety
- c. vitamin D deficiency disorder
- d. winter month blues

Answer: a Diff: 3

Type: MC

Topic: Identify common psychosocial problems and explain their causes and available

treatments.

Skill: Applied

40) Vancouver is a city that experiences large amounts of rain and overcast skies. This gloomy, dull weather may bring about a type of depression called

a. obsessive-compulsive disorder

- b. seasonal affective disorder

c. phobia disorder

d. distress disorder

Answer: b Diff: 3

Type: MC

Topic: Identify common psychosocial problems and explain their causes and available

treatments.

Skill: Applied

- 41) Which of the following statements about schizophrenia is true?
- a. It affects approximately 20% of the population.
- b. It is a biological disease of the brain.
- c. It is caused by abnormal family interaction in childhood.
- d. It is curable with drugs and therapy.

Answer: b Diff: 3

Type: MC

Topic: Identify common psychosocial problems and explain their causes and available

treatments.

Skill: Conceptual

- 42) Rick experiences alterations of his senses and radical changes in emotions, movements and behaviours. These are characteristics of what mental disorder?
- a. schizophrenia
- b. anxiety attack
- c. clinical depression
- d. panic disorder

Answer: a Diff: 3

Type: MC

Topic: Identify common psychosocial problems and explain their causes and available

treatments.

Skill: Conceptual

43) Which of the following statements about premenstrual dysphoric disorder (PMDD) is true?

- a. PMDD affects a woman's life for seven to ten days.
- b. PMS and PMDD are the same disorder.
- c. PMDD does not interfere with a woman's job or home life.
- d. There is no need for antidepressant therapy with PMDD.

Answer: a Diff: 3

Type: MC

Topic: Identify common psychosocial problems and explain their causes and available

treatments.

Skill: Factual

44) Treatment for schizophrenia includes a combination of

----·

- a. hospitalization, medication, and psychotherapy
- b. psychoanalysis, medication, and light therapy
- c. hospitalization, light therapy, and electro-convulsive therapy
- d. psychotherapy, medication, and electro-convulsive therapy

Answer: a Diff: 3
Type: MC

Topic: Identify common psychosocial problems and explain their causes and available

treatments.

Skill: Factual

- 45) Michael experiences hallucinations and changes behaviours, movements, and emotions unpredictably and radically. He was told that he suffered brain damage very early in life. What mental disorder does Michael suffer from?
- a. clinical depression
- b. obsessive compulsive disorder
- c. schizophrenia
- d. panic disorder

Answer: c Diff: 3

Type: MC

Topic: Identify common psychosocial problems and explain their causes and available treatments.

Skill: Applied

- 46) Which of the following about suicide is true?
- a. It is the leading cause of death from ages 25 to 39.
- b. College students are less likely to commit suicide than older adults.
- c. Men attempt suicide more often than women.
- d. The elderly make up over 50% of those who commit suicide.

Answer: c Diff: 2

Type: MC

Topic: Describe the warning signs of suicide and the actions to take to help an individual contemplating suicide.

Skill: Factual

- 47) Josie has told her friends that she wants to commit suicide because she feels that "no one cares about her" since the death of her own mother. Josie's comments are
- a. just Josie feeling sorry for herself
- b. a threat that is not real
- c. a warning signal
- d. a plan for action

Answer: c Diff: 2

Type: MC

Topic: Describe the warning signs of suicide and the actions to take to help an individual contemplating suicide.

- a. depression
- b. affective disorder

- c. schizophrenia
- d. suicide

Answer: d Diff: 3

Type: MC

Topic: Describe the warning signs of suicide and the actions to take to help an individual contemplating suicide.

Skill: Applied

- 49) Maleena's therapist gave him a prescription for an anti-depressant. What type of mental health professional does he go to?
- a. psychologist
- b. psychiatrist
- c. psychiatric social worker
- d. social counselor

Answer: b Diff: 3

Type: MC

Topic: Name the different types of mental health professionals and the most common types of therapy.

Skill: Applied

50) Beth's therapist has helped her recall traumatic childhood memories in order to resolve the conflicts and live a more productive life. Beth's therapist is a

a. psychoanalyst

b. psychiatrist

c. psychiatric nurse specialist

d. psychiatric social worker

Answer: a Diff: 3

Type: MC

Topic: Name the different types of mental health professionals and the most common

types of therapy.

51) Andre has been told to seek out a type of therapist trained in helping patients by using talk therapy. This type of therapist is a
a. psychologist
b. developmentalist
c. psychiatric counselor
d. psychoanalyst
Answer: a Diff: 3
Type: MC Topic: Name the different types of mental health professionals and the most common types of therapy.
Skill: Applied
52) Your values, attitudes and beliefs about your health, relationships with others and life in general are usually a reflection of which part of psychosocial health?
a. mental health
b. spiritual health
c. emotional health
d. physical health
Answer: a Diff: 2
Type: MC Topic: Define psychosocial health and its components: intellectual, emotional, social and spiritual health
Skill: Conceptual
53) Sheila experiences irritability, depression and other symptoms of increased stress right before she menstruates. This condition is known as
a. PMS
b. SPM
c. PMDD
d. MPS

Answer: a Diff: 3
Type: MC Topic: Identify common psychosocial problems and explain their causes and available treatments.
Skill: Applied
54) Which of the following is an excellent strategy for maintaining psychosocial health's
a. spending time with friends, doing activities you enjoy b. spending large amounts of money and then feeling guilty for doing so
b. spending large amounts of money and then feeling guilty for doing so
c. avoiding social events, choosing to spend time aloned. taking a stress multivitamin
Answer: a Diff: 4
Type: MC Topic: Identify common psychosocial problems and explain their causes and available treatments.
Skill: Conceptual
55) It is estimated that one in Canadians will directly experience a mental illness at some point in his or her lifetime.
a. three
b. four
c. five
d. six
Answer: c Diff: 2
Type: MC Topic: Identify common psychosocial problems and explain their causes and available treatments.
Skill: Factual
56) Mindfulness can be developed through the practice of symbolic skills such as
a. sport and dance

- b. yoga and music
- c. poetry and mathematics
- d. philosophy and psychology

Answer: c Diff: 4

Type: MC

Topic: Describe the external and internal factors influencing psychosocial health. Which

of these factors can be changed?

Skill: Evaluate

57) Sarah has set a goal for herself to lose ten pounds (4.5 kg) within the next two months. She knows that her goal is realistic but her previous attempts at weight loss have failed. To attain her goal and improve her self-efficacy she should

a. reward herself with a food treat for every two pound weight loss

- b. weigh herself twice a day and record it in a journal
- c. join an exercise class or gym to meet other people with shared goals
- d. wear clothes that are slightly tight to remind herself that she still has more to lose

Answer: c Diff: 4

Type: MC

Topic: Describe the external and internal factors influencing psychosocial health. Which

of these factors can be changed?

Skill: Analyze

58) One potential reason for the higher rate of incidence of depression in women is the

a. damage that occurs in their brain during the second trimester of their development

- b. stable hormone levels they experience throughout life
- c. stressors related to the multiple roles they play in life
- d. multitasking abilities of women

Answer: c Diff: 4

Type: MC

Topic: Identify common psychosocial problems and explain their causes and available treatments.

Skill: Evaluate

- 59) Mental health is the "feeling" or subjective dimension of psychosocial health.
- a. True
- b. False

Answer: b Diff: 0

Type: TF

Topic: Define psychosocial health and its components: intellectual, emotional, social and spiritual health.

- 60) Social bonds refer to the relationships that bring positive benefits to the individual.
- a. True
- b. False

Answer: b Diff: 0

Type: TF

Topic: Define psychosocial health and its components: intellectual, emotional, social and spiritual health.

- 61) Endogenous depression is a type of depression with an external cause, such as the death of a loved one.
- a. True
- b. False

Answer: b Diff: 0

Type: TF

Topic: Identify common psychosocial problems, and explain their causes and available treatments.

- 62) Self-esteem is a person's belief about whether he or she can successfully engage in and execute a specific behaviour.
- a. True
- b. False

Diff: 0

Type: TF

Topic: Describe the external and internal factors influencing psychosocial health. Which of these factors can be changed?

- 63) Drinking moderate amounts of alcohol is recommended for helping insomnia.
- a. True
- b. False

Answer: b Diff: 0

Type: TF

Topic: Identify common psychosocial problems, and explain their causes and available treatments.

- 64) Eating well, spending time with friends and learning new things are effective tips for building one's self-esteem.
- a. True
- b. False

Answer: a Diff: 0

Type: TF

Topic: Describe the external and internal factors influencing psychosocial health. Which of these factors can be changed?

- 65) Six percent of Canadians age 18 and over suffered a major depressive episode.
- a. True
- b. False

Answer: a Diff: 0

Type: TF

Topic: Identify common psychosocial problems, and explain their causes and available treatments.

- 66) Depression is a natural reaction to crisis and loss in one's life.
- a. True
- b. False

Diff: 0 Type: TF Topic: Describe the external and internal factors influencing psychosocial health. Which of these factors can be changed? 67) Obsessive-compulsive disorder has a neurological and genetic basis. a. True b. False Answer: a Diff: 0 Type: TF Topic: Identify common psychosocial problems, and explain their causes and available treatments. 68) People living in northern Canada where there is less sunlight during the winter are more likely to suffer from seasonal affective disorder. a. True b. False Answer: a Diff: 0 Type: TF Topic: Identify common psychosocial problems, and explain their causes and available treatments.

- a. True
- b. False

Answer: b Diff: 0

Type: TF

Topic: Identify common psychosocial problems, and explain their causes and available treatments.

- 70) Schizophrenia usually develops in late adulthood.
- a. True
- b. False

Diff: 0

Type: TF

Topic: Identify common psychosocial problems, and explain their causes and available treatments.

- 71) The actual rates of suicide may be much higher due to difficulty in determining causes of suspicious deaths.
- a. True
- b. False

Answer: a Diff: 0

Type: TF

Topic: Describe the warning signs of suicide and the actions to take to help an individual contemplating suicide.

- 72) Students are less at risk to attempt suicide than the general population.
- a. True
- b. False

Answer: b Diff: 0

Type: TF

Topic: Describe the warning signs of suicide and the actions to take to help an individual contemplating suicide.

- 73) Suicide is often a consequence of poor coping skills.
- a. True
- b. False

Answer: a Diff: 0

Type: TF

Topic: Describe the warning signs of suicide and the actions to take to help an individual contemplating suicide.

- 74) Psychoanalysts are trained as medical doctors and can prescribe medications.
- a. True
- b. False

Diff: 0

Type: TF

Topic: Name the different types of mental health professionals and the most common types of therapy.

- 75) Emotional health more accurately refers to the feeling or "objective" side of psychosocial health.
- a. True
- b. False

Answer: b Diff: 0

Type: TF

Topic: Define psychosocial health and its components: intellectual, emotional, social, and spiritual health.

- 76) The more an individual ponders the meaning of his/her experiences, the greater his/her changes of achieving spiritual health.
- a. True
- b. False

Answer: a Diff: 0

Type: TF

Topic: Define psychosocial health and its components: intellectual, emotional, social, and spiritual health.

- 77) Interconnectedness involves exploring feelings and taking a mental note when things or people cause you to lose equilibrium.
- a. True
- b. False

Answer: a Diff: 0

Type: TF

Topic: Describe the external and internal factors influencing psychosocial health. Which of these factors can be changed?

- 78) Males have a greater probability of developing depression than females.
- a. True
- b. False

Answer: b Diff: 0

Type: TF

Topic: Identify common psychosocial problems, and explain their causes and available treatments.

- 79) Mental functioning and emotional responses are not intricately connected.
- a. True
- b. False

Answer: b Diff: 0

Type: TF

Topic: Define psychosocial health and its components: intellectual, emotional, social, and spiritual health.

- 80) Human beings cannot learn to be optimistic and this feeling is not a conscious choice.
- a. True
- b. False

Answer: b Diff: 0

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Topic: Describe the external and internal factors influencing psychosocial health. Which of these factors can be changed?

81) <u>Self-esteem</u> refers to one's sense of self-respect or self-confidence.

Type: FIB

Topic: Describe the external and internal factors influencing psychosocial health. Which of these factors can be changed?

82) Disorders that disrupt thinking, feeling, moods and behaviours that cause various degrees of impaired functioning in daily life are collectively known as <u>mental illnesses</u>.

Type: FIB

Topic: Identify common psychosocial problems, and explain their causes and available treatments.

83) A belief which helps a person realize a unique purpose in life is known as faith.

Type: FIB

Topic: Define psychosocial health and its components: intellectual, emotional, social, and spiritual health.

84) <u>Exogenous</u> depression is caused by an external event such as the loss of something or someone of great value.

Type: FIB

Topic: Describe the external and internal factors influencing psychosocial health. Which of these factors can be changed?

85) Antidepressant drugs relieve symptoms in nearly <u>80</u> percent of people with chronic depression.

Type: FIB

Topic: Identify common psychosocial problems, and explain their causes and available treatments.

86) An illness in which people have obsessive thoughts or perform habitual behaviours they cannot control is called <u>obsessive-compulsive</u> disorder.

Type: FIB

Topic: Identify common psychosocial problems, and explain their causes and available treatments.

87) The inability to sort out incoming stimuli and make appropriate responses is a characteristic of <u>schizophrenia</u>

Type: FIB

Topic: Identify common psychosocial problems, and explain their causes and available treatments.

88) <u>Prejudice</u> is a negative evaluation of an entire group of people that is typically based on unfavourable (and wrong) ideas about the group.

Type: FIB

Topic: Describe the external and internal factors influencing psychosocial health. Which of these factors can be changed?

89) People who continually experience failure may develop a pattern of responding known as <u>learned helplessness</u>, in which they give up and fail to take any action to help themselves.

Type: FIB

Topic: Describe the external and internal factors influencing psychosocial health. Which of these factors can be changed?

90) <u>Resiliency</u> is the term used to describe those traits or characteristics that protect an individual or community from threat or harm.

Type: FIB

Topic: Describe the external and internal factors influencing psychosocial health. Which of these factors can be changed?

91) <u>Personality</u> is the unique mixture of characteristics that distinguishes one individual from another.

Type: FIB

Topic: Describe the external and internal factors influencing psychosocial health. Which of these factors can be changed?

92) The term which describes cognitive impairment, disorientation and grogginess that one experiences first thing in the morning is known as sleep inertia.

Type: FIB

Topic: Describe the external and internal factors influencing psychosocial health. Which of these factors can be changed?

93) Match the following. (Answers may be used once, more than once, or not at all.)

1. the most common emotional disorder	a. depression
2. illness characterized by repetitive	b. OCD
uncontrollable behaviours	
3. two different types of this disorder are	c. phobia
simple and social	
4. disorder treated with light therapy	d. SAD
5. therapist trained in various types of talk	e. psychologist
therapy	
6. second leading cause of death for ages 15-24	f. suicide
7. affects people in the north more than the	g. SAD
south	
8. can prescribe antidepressants	h. psychiatrist
9. exogenous and endogenous are two types of	i. depression
the disorder	
10. symptoms often mimic cardiac arrest	j. panic attack
11. drugs can help 80% of people diagnosed	k. depression
with this	
12. perhaps the most frightening of all mental	l. schizophrenia
disorders	
13. washing your hands 10 times before eating	m. OCD
14. the traits or characteristics that protect an	n. resiliency
individual from threat or harm	
15. a condition which can be serious enough to	o. PMDD

interfere with a woman's ability to function at	
work or at home	

Type: Match

94) Define social bonds and social supports as they relate to social health.

Answer:

<u>Social bonds</u> reflect the degree and nature of our interpersonal contacts and interactions. The six main functions are to provide intimacy, provide feelings of belonging, provide opportunities for giving/receiving nurturance, reassurance of one's worth, assistance and guidance, and provide advice.

<u>Social supports</u> refer to the relationships that bring positive benefits to the individual. They can be expressive (emotional support, encouragement) or structural (housing, money).

Diff: 0

Type: ES

Topic: Define psychosocial health and its components: intellectual, emotional, social and

spiritual health.

Skill: Factual

95) Discuss methods to improve self-esteem as stated in the text.

Answer:

Find a support group Maintain physical health

Try to be a support for others Examine problems and seek help if necessary

Complete required tasks

Take and make time for you

Form realistic expectations

Diff: 0

Type: ES

Topic: Describe the external and internal factors influencing psychosocial health. Which

of these factors can be changed?

Skill: Applied

96) List and explain five ways to help you get adequate amounts of rest.

Answer:

Try to correct what is bothering you
Don't drink alcohol before bedtime
Avoid heavy meals at bedtime
Avoid reproaching yourself

Eliminate or reduce daytime caffeine Don't watch the clock

Get up and do something if you Go to bed and rise on a regular schedule

can't sleep.

Diff: 0

Type: ES

Topic: Describe the external and internal factors influencing psychosocial health. Which

of these factors can be changed?

Skill: Conceptual

97) What is psychosocial health? What are the basic elements of psychosocial health? Discuss each of these elements.

Answer:

Psychosocial health encompasses the mental, emotional, social and spiritual dimensions of health. Psychosocially healthy people have managed to develop these dimensions to optimal levels. Psychosocial health is the result of a complex interaction of a person's history and conscious and unconscious thoughts about and interpretations of the past. Elements:

- 1. They feel good about themselves: they are not overwhelmed by fear, love, anger, jealousy, guilt or worry.
- 2. They feel comfortable with other people: they have satisfying and lasting personal relationships and do not take advantage of others, nor do they allow others to take advantage of them.
- 3. The control tension and anxiety: they recognize the underlying causes and symptoms of stress in their lives and consciously avoid illogical or irrational thoughts, excuse making and blaming others for their problems.
- 4. They are able to meet the demands of life: they try to solve problems as they arise, to accept responsibility, and to plan ahead.
- 5. They curb hate and guilt: they acknowledge and combat their tendencies to respond with hate, anger, thoughtlessness, selfishness, vengeful acts, or feelings of inadequacy.
- 6. They maintain a positive outlook: they approach each day with a presumption that things will go well.
- 7. They enrich the lives of others: they recognize that there are others whose needs may be greater than their own.
- 8. They cherish the things that make them smile: they make a special place in their lives for memories of the past.
- 9. They value diversity: they don't fear difference.
- 10. They appreciate and respect nature: they enjoy and respect natural beauty and wonders.

Diff: 0

Type: ES

Topic: Define psychosocial health and its components: intellectual, emotional, social and spiritual health.

Skill: Conceptual

98) Discuss current methods that are used to treat depression.

Answer:

There are various types of treatment that are currently being used. No one method is perfect, and each method and person needs to be assessed before the method of treatment is prescribed. Current methods include:

- 1. Lifestyle modification: physical activity, eating well, managing stress, adequate sleep, developing a strong support system, etc.
- 2. Talking to a physician, counselor, psychologist or psychiatrist.
- 3. Attending a support group.
- 4. Taking medication.
- 5. Psychotherapeutic and pharmacologic modes of treatment are recommended for clinical depression. The two most common psychotherapeutic therapies are cognitive therapy and interpersonal therapy.

Diff: 0

Type: ES

Topic: Identify common psychosocial problems and explain their causes and available

treatments.

Skill: Applied

99) Describe subjective well-being. Provide examples of the three central components from your own life.

Answer:

Examples will vary for each person.

Subjective well-being refers to the uplifting feeling of inner peace or overall "feel-good state" which includes happiness. Subjective well-being is defined by three central components:

- 1. Satisfaction with present life. This means that you are happy in your present work and social relationships and are not looking to be in another work or social situation. An example of this would be when I am working hard in my studies I am not constantly looking forward to when I do not have to go to school. I am enjoying learning and doing the work required to achieve the grades I get.
- 2. Relative presence of positive emotions. Because you perceive the world around you in a more positive way, you are more inclined to feel positive emotions. An example from my life would be when I smile at people I pass in the street and they smile back at me. I feel happier when I see their smile.
- 3. Relative absence of negative emotions. When you experience more positive emotions there is less opportunity to feel severe negative emotions. It tends to temper how you perceive negative experiences. An example of this is when I don't do well on an exam. Because I have a more positive outlook I can look at my performance in the rest of the course and, while I feel disappointed about my grade, I know that it is not the end of the world and is just one element that is graded in my course.

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Diff: 0

Type: ES

Topic: Describe the external and internal factors influencing psychosocial health. Which

of these factors can be changed?