

Chapter 01 - Putting Drugs in Perspective

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**Multiple Choice Questions**

1. (p. 5) Alcohol is:

- A. A central nervous system stimulant.
- B. Is not a drug.
- C. Is not a problem.
- D.** Not included in the war on drugs.
- E. None of the above

2. (p. 6) The Harvard School of Public Health found that:

- A. Over 75% of college students binge drink.
- B. 55-65% of college students binge drink.
- C.** 40-45% of college students binge drink.
- D. 80% of men and 35% of women college students binge drink.
- E. None of the above

3. (p. 4) One of the reasons the "war of drugs" has been a failure would include:

- A. Not one administration fully supported the premise.
- B. Nancy Reagan's "Just Say No" was successful by itself.
- C. There was little emphasis on the demand side of drugs.
- D.** There is no simple, magical solution; that is a myth.
- E. Medical marijuana legislation.

4. (p. 10) Drinking and driving among young drivers:

- A. Has nothing to do with their experience level.
- B. Does not affect the insurance rates overall.
- C.** Raises the risk for a fatal single-vehicle crash to 52%.
- D. Makes them think first before speeding.
- E. All of the above

5. (p. 8) Potential negative consequences of college student drinking includes:

- A. Property damage.
- B. Suicide.
- C. Improved social interactions.
- D. Hate-related violence.
- E.** All but "c"

6. (p. 3) According to this chapter, which United States President began the "War on Drugs"?

- A. Ronald Reagan
- B. Gerald Ford
- C.** Richard Nixon
- D. Bill Clinton
- E. Henry Anslinger

7. (p. 10) According to this chapter, the "supply side" approach:

- A. Has resulted in a decrease in overall drug use.
- B.** Is not effective without a "demand" side emphasis.
- C. Has increased drug prices, and reduced purity.
- D. Will work if given military resources.
- E. All of the above

8. (p. 11-12) According to this chapter, the drug problems of people of color:

- A. Are often ignored.
- B. Are at risk because of the socioeconomic injustices and inequities.
- C. Are due to the breakdown of the neighborhood and lack of community organization.
- D. Are often the result of racial scapegoating.
- E.** All of the above

9. (p. 20) The perspective that attempts to adapt the environment to meet the individual's needs is the:

- A. Moral-legal perspective.
- B. Medical-health perspective.
- C. Social-cultural perspective.**
- D. Psycho-social perspective.
- E. Spiritual perspective.

10. (p. 20) The perspective that focuses on prevention, early intervention, and treatment of drug problems, is best describes as the:

- A. Moral-legal perspective.
- B. Medical-psychological perspective.
- C. Psycho-social perspective.**
- D. Bio-social perspective.
- E. Medical-health perspective.

11. (p. 13) According to this chapter, schools are:

- A. Addressing the needs of students as best they can.
- B. Failing young people by not motivating and educating them.**
- C. The only answer to the drug problem.
- D. Providing effective prevention efforts for young people.
- E. None of the above

12. (p. 18) The following state(s) have considered or enacted Medical Marijuana laws:

- A. Colorado**
- B. Pennsylvania
- C. Mississippi
- D. Arkansas
- E. Texas

13. (p. 16) According to this chapter, marijuana use among high school students is:

- A. Declining.
- B.** Not perceived as a risk.
- C. Less popular than heroin and cocaine.
- D. Not statistically significant.
- E. None of the above

14. (p. 7) According to this chapter, at what time during the school year is the most dangerous with respect to drinking behavior among college students?

- A. Spring break
- B. Winter Break
- C.** The first six weeks of school
- D. Graduation party week
- E. None of the above

15. (p. 11-12) According to this chapter, examples of racial profiling of drug use in this country include which of the following examples?

- A. Targeting the Chinese community for their opium use during the 19<sup>th</sup> century.
- B. Cocaine use among African Americans.
- C. Anti-Semitic attitudes related to peddlers in the south during the late 19<sup>th</sup> century.
- D. Marijuana and PCP use among Latinos.
- E.** All of the above

16. (p. 10) Alcohol use by men is involved in 25-50% of:

- A. Suicide.
- B.** Intimate partner violence.
- C. Co-occurring disorders.
- D. Drunk driving accidents.
- E. Bar fights.

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17. (p. 19) The four primary perspectives of substance abuse are:

- A. The public, private, personal and professional.
- B.** The moral-legal, medical-health, psycho-social, socio-cultural.
- C. The legal, illegal, psychoactive, non-psychoactive.
- D. Inpatient, outpatient, residential, social.
- E. Individual, group, family, school.

18. (p. 19) The most widely held perspective used in by most social services and institutions include:

- A. Moral-legal perspective.
- B. Medical-psychological perspective.
- C.** Psycho-social perspective.
- D. Social-cultural perspective.
- E. Medical-health perspective.