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Balzer Riley: Communication in Nursing, 7th Edition

Chapter 01: Responsible, Assertive, Caring Communication in Nursing

Test Bank

MULTIPLE CHOICE

- 1. A client has high blood pressure and needs to learn about a low sodium diet. Which questions if asked by the client would be an indirect request for information?
- A. "How should food be prepared without adding salt?"
- B. "What will I do to make food taste better?"
- C. "What diet changes are needed to control my blood pressure?"
- D. "What foods should I avoid that are high in sodium?"

ANS: B

Indirect requests for information are not obvious, and the meaning must be interpreted by the nurse. "What will I do to make food taste better?" is an indirect request for information; the nurse must interpret this question as a request for information about a low sodium diet. The other questions are direct requests for information on a low sodium diet.

DIF: Application

TOP: Integrated Process: Communication and Documentation

MSC: Physiological Integrity: Basic Care and Comfort

REF: p. 5

- 2. The nurse plans to delegate helping a client with personal hygiene to a nursing assistant. Which statement if made by the nurse to the nursing assistant is assertive?
- A. "Would you mind helping the client with a bath when you have time? If not, I will skip my lunch and do it myself."
- B. "You never get your work done and are always on the phone. You need to help the client right now with a bath, or I will write you up."
- C. "The client needs help with bathing. I want you to assist the client now, and you can go to lunch when you are finished."
- D. "I have important work to complete this morning. You will assist the client with a bath. Do not take a break until you have finished."

ANS: C

An assertive statement is clear, direct, and respectful; the nurse should use assertive rights, avoid irrational beliefs, and use the Describe Express Specify Consequence script to formulate an assertive response.

Describe: "The client needs help with bathing."

Express and Specify: "I want you to assist the client now,"

Consequence: "You can go to lunch when you are finished."

The other statements are nonassertive or aggressive:

Test Bank 1-2

"Would you mind helping the client with a bath when you have time? If not, I will skip my lunch and do it myself." is nonassertive, hesitant, and apologetic.

"You never get your work done and are always on the phone. You need to help the client right now with a bath, or I will write you up." is aggressive, blaming, and negative.

"I have important work to complete this morning. You will assist the client with a bath. Do not take a break until you have finished." is aggressive, sarcastic, uncaring, and superior.

DIF: Analysis

TOP: Integrated Process: Communication and Documentation MSC: Safe and Effective Care Environment: Management of Care

REF: pp. 6, 7

- 3. The nurse manager asks the staff nurse to work an extra shift. Which response by the staff nurse is assertive and based on rational beliefs?
- A. "I don't want you upset, so I will work extra."
- B. "Why do I always have to cover extra shifts?"
- C. "I am not able to work an extra shift."
- D. "If you can't find anyone else, I will do it."

ANS: C

The nurse may turn down even a reasonable request; an assertive response avoids irrational beliefs. Irrational beliefs occur as a result of being anxious about assertiveness or focusing on possible negative outcomes.

DIF: Analysis

TOP: Integrated Process: Communication and Documentation MSC: Safe and Effective Care Environment: Management of Care

REF: p. 7

- 4. The charge nurse informs a staff nurse that it is her turn to float to another unit. Which response by the staff nurse is aggressive?
- A. "I had such a bad experience last time. Please send another nurse instead of me."
- B. "I will miss working with you today, but I understand that it is my turn to float."
- C. "I will not survive on the other unit. The staff are always too busy to help me."
- D. "I will float, but you'll be sorry. You cannot handle emergencies without me."

ANS: D

An aggressive response is forceful and confrontational; the person using an aggressive approach will place his or her needs first and respect for others is lacking. A nonassertive response is apologetic, the person frequently puts himself or herself down. An assertive response is clear, direct, confident, and honest.

DIF: Analysis

TOP: Integrated Process: Communication and Documentation MSC: Safe and Effective Care Environment: Management of Care

REF: p. 9

Test Bank 1-3

5. A nurse manager offers a staff nurse a choice between working 8- or 12-hour shifts. Which statement, if made by the staff nurse, is nonassertive and may result in a frustrated response from the nurse manager?

- A. "I want to decide the shifts for all of the other staff nurses."
- B. "Do whatever you want. It doesn't really matter to me."
- C. "Thank you for offering me a choice. I prefer 12-hour shifts."
- D. "You will never be able to give me what I really want to work."

ANS: B

A statement that allows others to make decisions for a person is an example of a nonassertive style of communication; the response of others to a nonassertive statement may include disrespect, guilt, anger, or frustration. Statements that make choices for others or that are accusations are examples of aggressive styles of communication; the response of others to an aggressive statement may include hurt, defensiveness, or humiliation. A statement that allows making one's own decisions is an example of assertive style of communication; the response of others to an assertive statement may include mutual respect.

DIF: Analysis

TOP: Integrated Process: Communication and Documentation MSC: Safe and Effective Care Environment: Management of Care

REF: 9

- 6. The nurse is providing care to a patient who was admitted with heart failure. The patient has not been following the prescribed diet or taking the prescribed medications. Which type of communication approach is most important for the nurse to use with this patient to facilitate a change in self care behavior?
- A. Authoritative, honest, and outright communication
- B. Assertive, responsible, and caring communication
- C. Aggressive, sympathetic, and realistic communication
- D. Positive, expert, and focused communication

ANS: B

Communication must be technically responsible, assertive, and caring to facilitate a change in behavior.

DIF: Knowledge/Comprehension

TOP: Integrated Process: Communication and Documentation

MSC: Psychosocial Integrity

REF: p. 11

- 7. A hospital nurse is concerned about the demands of providing safe care to clients who are seriously ill. The nurse manager should suggest which intervention to effectively help the nurse balance the demanding work in the hospital setting?
- A. Delegate more tasks to the unlicensed nursing personnel on the unit.
- B. Request a transfer to another nursing care unit with patients who are stable.

Test Bank 1-4

C. Write down stories in a journal about how caring makes a difference for patients.

D. Use an assertive communication style for every patient-nurse interaction.

ANS: C

DIF: Application

TOP: Integrated Process: Caring

MSC: Safe and Effective Care Environment: Management of Care

REF: p. 11

- 8. Which statement describes the affective aspect of learning effective communication strategies?
- A. "The nurse should use clear, direct statements using objective words."
- B. "The nurse uses body language that is congruent with the verbal message."
- C. "The nurse believes that positive communication strategies build confidence."
- D. "The nurse practices assertive and responsible communication strategies."

ANS: C

Learning involves three domains which are the cognitive aspects (understanding and meaning), affective aspects (feelings, values, and attitudes), and psychomotor aspects (physical capability). Learning basic communication skills involves the cognitive domain; building confidence through a belief in the value and impact of positive communication is the affective domain; and putting skills into action is the psychomotor domain.

DIF: Comprehension

TOP: Integrated Process: Communication and Documentation

MSC: Psychosocial Integrity

REF: p. 12

MULTIPLE RESPONSE

- 9. Which nonverbal action(s) would be consistent with an assertive style of communication? Select all that apply.
- A. Relaxed posture
- B. Established eye contact
- C. Hands placed on hips
- D. Distant, soft voice
- E. Mask-like facial expression

ANS: A. B

Assertive styles of communication that are nonverbal include a relaxed stance and eyes that are warm, in contact, and frank. Aggressive styles of communication that are nonverbal include expressionless, cold, narrowed, or staring eyes and hands placed on hips. A weak, distant, soft voice is a nonassertive style of nonverbal communication.

DIF: Comprehension

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Test Bank 1-5

TOP: Integrated Process: Communication and Documentation

MSC: Psychosocial Integrity

REF: p. 6

- 10. Which are examples of a nurse who is communicating responsibly? Select all that apply.
- A. The nurse uses profanity to respond to a client who is intoxicated and verbally abusive.
- B. The nurse helps a client talk to family members about discontinuing chemotherapy.
- C. The nurse uses interpersonal strategies to help a client develop methods of coping.
- D. The nurse provides a client's health information to a close relative who is visiting.
- E. The nurse listens carefully to the client's concern about inadequate pain relief.

ANS: B, C, E

A nurse who communicates responsibly will perform the role of a client advocate, will consider the world of the client and the client's family, and will naturally focus on the nursing process and problem-solving process. The nurse is responsible for maintaining the professional conduct of the relationship. Examples of unprofessional conduct would include breaching client confidentiality or verbally abusing a client.

DIF: Application

TOP: Integrated Process: Communication and Documentation

MSC: Psychosocial Integrity

REF: p. 11