Atmosphere An Introduction to Meteorology 13th Edition Lutgens Test Bank

Full Download: http://alibabadownload.com/product/atmosphere-an-introduction-to-meteorology-13th-edition-lutgens-test-bank/ Exam Name MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question. 1) Wind is an example of: 1) A) conduction. B) advection. C) radiation. Answer: B Explanation: A) B) C) 2) If an imbalance occurs between incoming and outgoing energy at the earth's surface: A) minimum temperatures occur. B) temperatures remain steady. C) maximum temperatures occur. D) temperatures either increase or decrease. Answer: D Explanation: A) B) C) D) 3) Which of the following correctly describes the equinoxes? 3) A) The length of daylight at the Arctic and Antarctic Circle is 24 hours. B) They occur in June and December. C) Days and nights are equal in length in all parts of the world. D) The Sun's vertical rays are striking either the Tropic of Cancer or the Tropic of Capricorn. Answer: C Explanation: A) B) C) D) 4) Clouds are most likely to _____ incoming solar radiation. A) transmit B) conduct C) absorb D) reflect Answer: D Explanation: A) B) C) D)

5) Clouds play an important role in the earth's energy budget because they:						5)	
A) absorb longwave radiation and re-radiate it towards the surface.B) cool the air around them.							
	•		em.				
	C) reflect sol		una al a manur				
	D) reflect the E) Both A ar		irea energy.				
	-	iu C					
	Answer: E	^					
	Explanation:	A) B)					
		C)					
		D)					
		E)					
		•					
				ult in heat transfer are know	vn as, while	6)	
			known as	5)			
	A) advection			B) convection, advect			
	C) conduction	n, advection		D) connection, radiat	ion		
	Answer: B	۸)					
	Explanation:	A)					
		B) C)					
		D)					
		-,					
7)	During natural	processes, h	eat transfer is always	from:		7)	
	A) gases to s			B) solids to liquids.			
	C) warmer to	o cooler subs	tances.	D) cooler to warmer s	substances.		
	Answer: C						
	Explanation:	A)					
		B)					
		C)					
		D)					
8)	The atmospher	e is larnely	to terrestrial	radiation that has a wavele	nath between 8 and 12	8)	
	micrometers.	o 10 141 goly _	to torrootriar	radiation that has a wavere	rigin bottvoon o ana 12	0,	
	A) conductiv	⁄e	B) reflective	C) transparent	D) absorptive		
	Answer: C						
	Explanation:	A)					
	•	B)					
		C)					
		D)					

9) The date that t	ine Sun "rises	" at the North Pole is	S:		9)
A) Decembe					
B) Septemb					
C) March 2					
D) January	3.				
E) June 21.					
Answer: C					
Explanation:	A)				
	B)				
	C)				
	D)				
	E)				
10) Flagstaff Δ7 i	s at 35 degree	es N latitude What i	s the angle of the Sun's noon ra	vs here on March 212	10)
A) 35 degre	_	B) 0 degrees	C) 47 degrees	D) 55 degrees	
Answer: D		-,g	-,g	_,g	
Explanation:	A)				
Explanation	B)				
	C)				
	D)				
	·				
•	•		did not have an inclined axis?		11)
•	ould not have				
-		_	ight throughout the year.		
	-		be tilted towards the sun.		
D) The pole	s would not	have ice caps.			
Answer: A					
Explanation:	A)				
	B)				
	C)				
	D)				
10) The true true of	of book 2000		minto ano.		10)
	at and kinetic	gnized by meteorolog	gists are: B) latent heat and sensi	hla haat	12)
·	eat and radia		D) sensible heat and cor		
•	eat and radia	itive ricat.	b) serisible fleat and cor	iductive rieat.	
Answer: B	۵)				
Explanation:	A)				
	B)				
	C) D)				
	D)				
13) When encoun	terina terresti	rial longwaye radiat	ion, clouds are most likely to _	it.	13)
A) scatter	3	B) reflect	C) absorb	D) transmit	
Answer: C		•	,	•	
Explanation:	A)				
Explanation	B)				
	C)				
	D)				

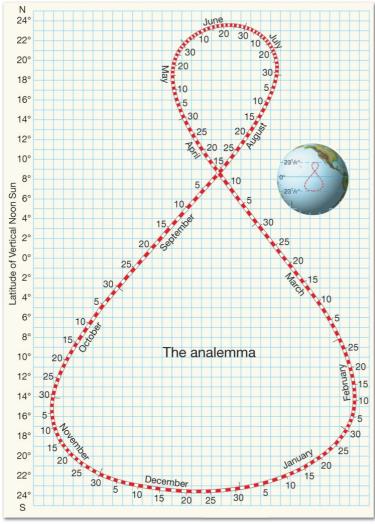
14) The first day of	the <i>climatoli</i>	<i>ogical</i> season of summer is	S:		14)
A) June 21.			B) July 4 (perih	elion).	
C) July 1.			D) June 1.		
Answer: D					
Explanation:	A)				
	B)				
	C)				
	D)				
15) On the average	. how much	of the Sun's energy that is	s intercepted by th	ne earth system is reflected to	15)
space?	,				
A) 30 percen	t				
B) 45 percen	t				
C) 19 percen					
D) 51 percen					
E) 25 percen	τ				
Answer: A	4)				
Explanation:	A)				
	B) C)				
	D)				
	E)				
	_	h matter by molecular col	lisions is called:	a	16)
A) convectio	n.	B) conduction.		C) radiation.	
Answer: B	۸)				
Explanation:	A) B)				
	C)				
	9)				
17) New York City	has its great	test length of daylight on:			17)
A) Septembe	er 22.	B) June 21.	C) December 21	I. D) March 21.	
Answer: B					
Explanation:	A)				
	B)				
	C) D)				
	D)				
18) An analemma is	best used to	determine:			18)
A) the tilt of	Earth's axis	on any day of the year.			
		the sun and the earth on a	any day of the yea	r.	
		on any day of the year.			
· ·	ude at any g	iven time of the day.			
Answer: C					
Explanation:	A)				
	B) C)				
	C)				

	ercepted in the atmosphere and its waveleng	th is measured at 0.7 micrometers. This	19)
A) a cloud. C) the Sun.		e atmosphere. e Earth.	
Answer: C Explanation:	A) B) C) D)		
A) varying o Sun. B) tilt of Ear C) regular cl D) changes i	use of Earth's seasons is: listance from the Sun, which changes how muth's rotation axis, which causes sun angles and hanges in radiation emitted by the Sun. In atmospheric thickness. rbital speed.		20)
Answer: B Explanation:	A) B) C) D) E)		
21) The longest wa A) infrared. B) visible lig C) ultraviole D) radio. E) gamma.		re:	21)
Answer: D Explanation:	A) B) C) D) E)		
B) occurs wl C) coincides	with the winter solstice. nen the earth is farthest from the Sun. with the summer solstice. t exist if the earth's orbit were circular.		22)
Answer: D Explanation:	A) B) C)		

23) While sitting outside at a picnic, you and your family start discussing how hot it is outside and plan to take a dip in the lake to cool off. What type of heat have you experienced in order to make this					23)		
statement? A) kinetic	heat	B) sensible heat	C) potential heat	D) latent heat			
Answer: B Explanation:	A) B) C) D)						
A) atmospC) the eart	olar energy ab heric gases. :h's surface.	sorbed by planet Eartl	n and its atmosphere is abs B) clouds. D) atmospheric dust.	orbed by:	24)		
Answer: C Explanation:	A) B) C) D)						
25) <i>Thermals</i> and A) radiation		ooth types of: B) convection.	C) conduction	D) transmission.	25)		
Answer: B Explanation:		,	7 ** *****	,			
26) The atmosphere is heated primarily by:A) convection from the ground.C) absorption of solar radiation.			B) conduction from to D) absorption of Eart	26)			
Answer: D Explanation:	A) B) C) D)						
A) the atm B) the sun C) red way	 27) Earth's sky is blue during the day because: A) the atmosphere absorbs blue wavelengths of light. B) the sun produces more blue wavelengths that it produces in any other color. C) red wavelengths are lost as solar radiation passes through the vacuum of space. D) the molecules in the atmosphere scatter blue wavelengths of light. 						
Answer: D Explanation:	A) B) C) D)						

A) Convecti transfer. B) Convecti C) Convecti transfer. D) Convecti	ion represents vertical heat transfer and ion represents surface heat transfer and ion represents horizontal heat transfer the above; the terms are used interchard. A) B) C)	transfer and advection represents surface heat d advection represents horizontal heat transfer. d advection represents upper atmosphere heat and advection represents vertical heat transfer.	28)	
00) \\	D) E)		00)	
A) kinesteti C) kinetic e		B) latent energy D) potential energy	29)	
Answer: D Explanation:	A) B) C) D)			
30) At 45 degrees on: A) December B) June 21. C) January D) September E) March 20 Answer: B	er 21. 23. er 22.	lowest and the length of daylight is shortest	30)	
Explanation:	A) B) C) D) E)			
 31) Which of the following associations is INCORRECT? A) autumnal equinox — shortest day of the year for the Arctic Circle B) vernal equinox — equal day/equal night C) summer solstice — solar declination at the Tropic of Cancer D) aphelion — Earth furthest from the sun 				
Answer: A Explanation:	A) B) C) D)			

32) What is the 'atmospheric window'?					32)	
 A) The solar radiation wavelengths that are most easily absorbed by nitrogen. B) The range wavelengths of solar radiation that most easily pass through the atmosphere. C) The range of infrared wavelengths that can most easily escape Earth's atmosphere. D) The visible light spectrum. 						
Answer: C						
Explanation:	A) B) C) D)					
	D)					
33) Which of the molecules in	_	measurement of the	average kinetic energy pos	sessed by the atoms or	33)	
A) latent e			B) heat			
C) tempera			D) potential energy			
Answer: C			, 1 03			
Explanation:	A)					
27,610.101.101.11	В)					
	C)					
	D)					
- :	oring equinox	in the northern hemi	sphere, the <i>circle of illumina</i>	ation passes directly	34)	
through the:						
A) Tropic of C) poles.	of Capricorn.		B) equator. D) Tropic of Cancer.			
Answer: C						
Explanation:	A)					
	B)					
	C)					
	D)					
35) What is the o	nly form of he	eat transfer that can o	perate in a vacuum?		35)	
A) convect	ion	B) conduction	C) radiation	D) advection		
Answer: C						
Explanation:	A)					
	B)					
	C)					
	D)					
36) Most of the ra	adiation emitte	ed by the earth and it	s atmosphere is in the categ	gory of:	36)	
A) infrared		B) x-rays.	C) ultraviolet.	D) gamma.	,	
Answer: A						
Explanation:	A)					
-	В)					
	C)					
	D)					



37) Based on the analemma above, what is the approximate location of the solar declination on August 26?

- A) 18° N
- B) 10° S
- C) 10° N
- D) 23.5° N

Answer: C

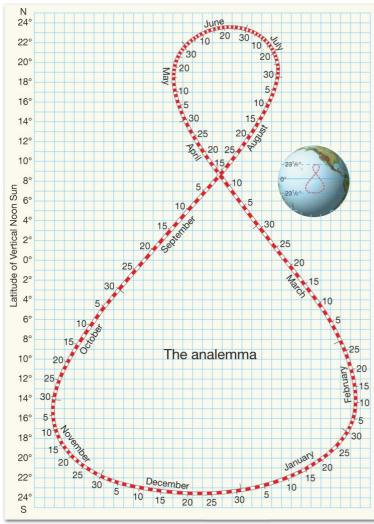
- Explanation: A)
 - B) C) D)

38) At what time	of year is the	e earth's axis not tilted eit	ther toward or away from	om the Sun?	38)
A) aphelior	า				
B) autumn	al equinox				
C) summer	•				
D) winter s					
•					
E) periheli	วท				
Answer: B					
Explanation:	A)				
'	B)				
	C)				
	D)				
	E)				
•	-	nat he has discovered a n	•		39)
		at it has a very dense atm			
times warmer	than that of	Earth. What hypothesis	can you reasonably ma	ake regarding the	
atmosphere o		3.	,		
•		lanet X must not contain	any oxygen, so people	couldn't live there	
	-	oes not operate on Planet			
· ·		•	A III the same way it t	ides dir Eartii.	
		ain water in any form.			
D) The atm	osphere of P	lanet X has a higher cond	centration of greenhous	se gases than Earth's does.	
Answer: D					
Explanation:	A)				
Explanation.	B)				
	C)				
	D)				
40) \40)					
	_	es NOT happen to solar		-	40)
A) absorpti	on	B) intensification	C) scattering	D) transmission	
Answer: B					
Explanation:	A)				
paa	B)				
	C)				
	D)				
41) Scattering:					41)
A) is respor	nsible for the	e redness of sunsets.			
B) prevents	s nearly half	of incoming solar radiati	on from reaching the s	urface of the earth.	
C) is the pr	imary mecha	anism of heat transfer in	the atmosphere.		
	the wavelen		•		
		J - J -			
Answer: A	۸)				
Explanation:	A)				
	B)				
	C)				
	D)				

42) The energy ass	sociated with	n motion is called:			42)
A) moleculaC) potential	ar motion end Lenergy.	ergy.	B) kinetic energy.D) vibrational ener	⁻ gy.	
Answer: B					
Explanation:	A) B) C) D)				
43) The length of a		progressively longer go B) December 21.	oing south from the equ C) September 22.	uator on: D) June 21.	43)
Answer: D		<i>D</i> , <i>D</i> 000111201 211	3) 30ptombor 22.	<i>D</i>) 34110 211	
Explanation:	A) B) C) D)				
A) Living on B) Intense s C) Winds an	rganisms wo torms would nd ocean cur	orth if the Sun were 'turn ould slowly adapt to life d develop and persist for rents would stop. ckly overheat.	without sunlight.	rovide heat for the Earth?	44)
Answer: C					
Explanation:	A) B) C) D)				
45) The date that t A) March 2		" at the North Pole is: B) September 22.	C) June 21.	D) December 21.	45)
A) March 2 Answer: B Explanation:	A) B) C) D)	b) September 22.	C) June 21.	D) December 21.	
	ollowing gas	ses is the best absorber o	f ultraviolet light?		46)
A) oxygen B) carbon d C) carbon n D) water va E) nitrogen Answer: A Explanation:	nonoxide por dioxide A) B) C) D)				
	E)				

47) The earth emits terrestrial radiation:A) only at night.					
B) only ove	r the contine ing the day.	nts.			
D) all the ti	me.				
E) only dur Answer: D	ing winter.				
Explanation:	A) B) C)				
	D) E)				
48) The earth rece	ives energy f	from the Sun by:			48)
A) radiation		B) scattering.	C) convection.	D) conduction.	
Answer: A	^				
Explanation:	A) B)				
	C)				
	D)				
		orthern Hemisphere	occurs on approximately:		49)
A) Decembe B) January					
C) March 2					
D) June 21.	22				
E) Septemb Answer: C	er 22.				
Explanation:	A)				
,	B)				
	C)				
	D) E)				
	•				
50) Objects with h		ratures: ergy in the form of lo	ngwaya anargy		50)
		gy than cooler objects			
C) emit mo	re shortwave	radiation than coole			
	y shortwave	radiation.			
Answer: C Explanation:	A)				
Ελριαπατισπ.	B)				
	C)				
	D)				

51) Which of the following is most likely to 'block' the atmospheric window and keep the the lower atmosphere warmer?					51) _		
	A) ozone		B) air pollution	C) nitrogen	D) clouds		
	Answer: D			, 0	·		
	Explanation:	A)					
	•	В)					
		C)					
		D)					
52)	During reflecti	on				52)	
32)	U		Linto several groups of	weaker rays that trave	el in different directions.	³²⁾ —	
		•	• .	_	face at a random angle.		
	•		•		angle with which it struck		
	the surfa		j		v		
	D) a portion	of radiation	is absorbed by the sur	face and the rest bound	ces off of the surface.		
	Answer: C						
	Explanation:	A)					
		B)					
		C)					
		D)					
53)	Suppose the al	bedo of a pla	anet is measured to be	40 percent. This means	that:	53)	
			s energy is absorbed.			_	
	B) 60 percer	nt of the Sun	s energy is reflected.				
	•	03	ed than absorbed.				
	D) 40 percer	nt of the Sun	s energy is reflected.				
	Answer: D						
	Explanation:	A)					
		B)					
		C)					
		D)					



54) Using the anal	lemma above	e, calculate the no	oon Sun angle for a latitud	e of 40° N on February 14.	54)
Choose the co	rrect answer	below.			
A) 15°		B) 63°	C) 0°	D) 37°	
Answer: D					
Explanation:	A)				
•	B)				
	C)				
	D)				

- 55) The type of energy that is responsible for sunburn is:
 - A) gamma ray energy.

 - C) infrared energy.
 - Answer: B
 - Explanation: A)
 - B) C)
 - D)

B) ultraviolet energy.

55)

D) microwave energy.

56) The primary fa	actor which determines what type and	I how much radiation an object emits is its:	56)
A) conducti	ivity.		
B) size.			
C) color.			
D) tempera	ture.		
E) density.			
Answer: D			
Explanation:	A)		
	B)		
	C)		
	D)		
	E)		
[7] aa.m amal			F7\
_	es result in reduced solar energy becau		57)
•	on is reduced.	B) Sun - Earth distance is greater.D) day lengths are shorter.	
	s spread over a larger area.	D) day lengths are shorter.	
Answer: C			
Explanation:	A)		
	B)		
	C)		
	D)		
58) Over the cour	se of this year, the tilt of Earth's polar a	axis will:	58)
	constant at 23.5 degrees.	B) remains constant at 90 degrees.	
	m 0 to 23.5 degrees.	D) vary from 0 to 47 degrees.	
Answer: A		_, ,	
Explanation:	A)		
Explanation.	B)		
	C)		
	D)		
	5)		
59) The atmosphe	re is highly with respect to s	olar radiation.	59)
A) reflective		C) conductive D) absorptive	
Answer: B			
Explanation:	A)		
·	В)		
	C)		
	D)		
	ng choices, the surface with the HIGH		60)
	un near zenith).	B) fresh snow.	
C) grass.		D) sand.	
Answer: B			
Explanation:	A)		
	B)		
	C)		
	D)		

61) The UV Index	•				61)
B) the relati C) the expe	cent of Earth's radiation ve change in UV producted rate of skin cancer oximate time it will tak	uction during a seve occurrence in a giv	ere solar wind event. en city.	n your skin type.	
Answer: D Explanation:	A) B) C) D)				
B) occur on C) are emitt	ys: nen water droplets scat ly when no clouds, haz ed by objects with ver lly tinted blue.	ze, or dust particles a		osphere.	62)
Answer: A Explanation:	A) B) C) D)				
63) The LONGEST A) Decembe B) June 21. C) Septemb D) March 3. E) Novemb	er 30.	the year in the Unite	ed States occurs on:		63)
Answer: B Explanation:	A) B) C) D) E)				
64) Earth's current A) 23.5°.	t angle of inclination is: B) 66.5°	. С) 90°.	D) 15°.	64)
Answer: A Explanation:	A) B) C) D)				

65) The 90 degrees	s angle rays s	trike the Tropic of Car	ncer on:		65)
A) March 2	1.				
B) July 4. C) June 21.					
D) December	er 21.				
E) Septemb					
Answer: C					
Explanation:	A)				
	B) C)				
	D)				
	E)				
•	_	e radiation by certain (gases in the lower atmosp		66)
A) adiabationC) atmosph	c effect. eric window	effect.	B) greenhouse effectD) photon effect.	t.	
Answer: B					
Explanation:	A)				
	B) C)				
	D)				
47) Mhigh of the f	ollowing gos	os doos NOT absorb ar	av significant partian of ir	nooming color radiation?	47\
A) ozone	onowing gas	B) water vapor	ny significant portion of in C) nitrogen	D) oxygen	67)
Answer: C					
Explanation:	A)				
	B) C)				
	D)				
60) Early in Janua	ry the earth is	s closor to the Sun than	at any other time of year	r. This position is termed:	68)
A) equinox.	•	s closer to the Sun that	ratally other time or year	. This position is termed.	
B) albedo.					
C) aphelion					
D) revolutio E) perihelio					
Answer: E	·11.				
Explanation:	A)				
	B)				
	C) D)				
	E)				
69) The atmosphe	re is strongly	with respect	to terrestrial radiation.		69)
A) reflective		B) transparent	C) conductive	D) absorptive	
Answer: D	• >				
Explanation:	A) R)				
	B) C)				
	D)				

70) Heat:			70)
	ymous with <i>temperature</i> .		
		temperatures to those with low temperatures.	
	s the total kinetic energy in a substa sure of the average kinetic energy p		
•	sure of the average killetic energy p	ossessed by Molecules.	
Answer: B Explanation:	A)		
Explanation.	B)		
	C)		
	D)		
	ollowing describes the role played b	by the water cycle in determining the earth's heat	71)
budget?			
	heat from atmosphere to space heat from surface to atmosphere	B) transfers heat from atmosphere to surfaceD) has no significant role	
Answer: C			
Explanation:	A)		
	B)		
	C) D)		
	5)		
72) Wavelengths	of the visible spectrum are between:		72)
·	.7 micrometers.	B) 0.25 and 2.5 micrometers.	
C) 4 and 7 r	nicrometers.	D) 0.4 and 0.7 meters.	
Answer: A			
Explanation:	A)		
	B) C)		
	D)		
	2)		
73) Earth is closes	t to the Sun during:		73)
	n hemisphere autumn.		
	hemisphere winter.		
	h hemisphere winter.		
	n hemisphere autumn. In hemisphere summer.		
Answer: C	Themisphere summer.		
Explanation:	A)		
	В)		
	C)		
	D)		
	E)		
74) The process of	involves the movement of	or circulation of a mass or substance.	74)
A) conducti			
Answer: B			
Explanation:	A)		
	B)		
	C)		

75) The wavelengths emitted by the earth are:		75)
A) about the same as those emitted by the Sun e	xcept when the Sun is experiencing sunspots.	
B) longer than those emitted by the Sun.		
C) ultraviolet.		
D) shorter than those emitted by the Sun.		
Answer: B		
Explanation: A)		
B) C)		
D)		
5)		
SHORT ANSWER. Write the word or phrase that best com	pletes each statement or answers the question.	
76) What energy transfer process is the most importan earth's surface into the atmosphere?	t in the transfer of energy from the 76)	
Answer: radiation		
Explanation:		
77) The brightness of the daytime sky is due to	of light. 77)	
Answer: scattering	_	
Explanation:		
78) is a measure of the average kinetic energ	y of the individual atoms or molecules 78) _	
in a substance.		
Answer: Temperature		
Explanation:		
79) The fraction of the total radiation encountered that	is reflected by a surface is called its 79)	
, 	· _	
Answer: albedo		
Explanation:		
80) The wavelengths of energy that can be detected by	the human eye are called 80)	
Answer: visible light	. 30,	
Explanation:		
I		
81) Part of the cause of the greenhouse effect is the near	ar of the atmosphere to solar 81)	
radiation.		
Answer: transparency		
Explanation:		
82) During a cold winter, snow can provide a useful sl	nelter material for animals and humans 82)	
because it is a poor		
Answer: conductor		
Explanation:		
83) The blue color of the sky is due to of the	blue wavelengths of light. 83) _	
Answer: scattering		
Explanation:		

84	3	tually reaches the earth's surface after having its direction	84)
	changed is called		
	Answer: diffused light Explanation:		
85	What contributes the greatest ar	mount of reflection to Earth's total albedo?	85)
	Answer: clouds Explanation:		
86	The intensity of the Sun's rays a	t a place is determined by the time of year and the	86)
	Answer: latitude Explanation:		
TRUE/FA	LSE. Write 'T' if the statement	is true and 'F' if the statement is false.	
87	Seasonal temperature variations the Sun.	s are due primarily to the changing distance between the earth	n and 87)
	Answer: True • False Explanation:		
88	All objects emit radiation.		88)
	Answer: True False Explanation:		
89	The earth's axis is not perpendic	cular to the plane of its orbit around the Sun.	89)
	Answer: True False Explanation:		
90	In Australia, the summer solstic	ce occurs a few days before Christmas (December 25).	90)
	Answer: True False Explanation:		
91	More solar energy is reflected b	ack to space than is absorbed directly by the atmosphere.	91)
	Answer: True False Explanation:		
92	A 300-meter-thick cloud cover	can reflect no more than 14 percent of incoming solar radiation	on. 92)
	Answer: True • False Explanation:		
93	Sun angle is the angular distand	e from the observer's horizon to the Sun at noon.	93)
	Answer: True False Explanation:		
94	The atmosphere is heated chiefl	y by radiation emitted from the earth's surface.	94)
	Answer: True False Explanation:		

95)			ry dry air, ex	sperience cool nighttime temperatures because of a weaker	95)	
	greenhouse		False			
	Answer: Explanation		False			
96)	As an objec	t cools, the	e wavelength	ns of its maximum radiation shorten.	96)	
	Answer: Explanation		False			
97)	The equator	r receives	vertical rays	from the Sun year-round.	97)	
	Answer: Explanation		False			
98)	When an ob	oject absor	bs radiant er	nergy, its temperature increases.	98)	
	Answer: © Explanation		False			
99)	A change ir energy.	n the temp	erature of an	object signifies that its molecules have a stable amount of kinetic	99) _	
	Answer: Explanation		False			
100)	_	_	netic radiatio r in behavior	on is described with a variety of names and wavelengths, it is all r.	100)	
	Answer: © Explanation		False			
101)	The North Forbit.	Pole remai	ns pointed to	owards the sun at all times, regardless of where the Earth is in its	101)	
	Answer: Explanation		False			
102)	The primary	-	vhy planet Ea	arth radiates much less energy than the Sun is because of its much	102)	
	Answer: Explanation		False			
103)	Meteorolog	ically, con	duction is th	ne most important mechanism of heat transfer.	103)	
	Answer: Explanation		False		·	
104)	Microwave	s have the	shortest way	velengths in the electromagnetic spectrum.	104)	
	Answer: Explanation		False			
105)	Distance va seasonal ter			arth and the Sun are extremely important in understanding	105)	
	Answer: Explanation		False			

106)	Visible light comprises n	nore than half of the total solar energy.	106)
	Answer: True © Explanation:	False	
107)	Objects that are good abs	sorbers of radiation are usually poor emitters of radiation.	107)
	Answer: True © Explanation:	False	
108)	The Sun 'rises' at the Sou	uth Pole on September 22.	108)
	Answer: True Explanation:	False	
109)	Heat transfer by convect	ion in the atmosphere is always downward, from air to ground.	109)
	Answer: True © Explanation:	False	
110)	Fairbanks, Alaska (65°N)), has more hours of daylight in June than Miami, Florida (26°N).	110)
	Answer: ○ True Explanation:	False	
111)	The higher the temperat	ure of a radiating body, the shorter the wavelength of maximum radiation.	111)
	Answer: True Explanation:	False	
112)	The troposphere warms	as a direct result of shortwave energy passing into it.	112)
	Answer: True © Explanation:	False	
113)	Pure white sunlight cont	tains all of the colors of the visible light spectrum.	113)
	Answer: ○ True Explanation:	False	
114)	Snow-covered surfaces I	have a low albedo.	114)
	Answer: True © Explanation:	False	
115)	Perihelion occurs during	g the Northern Hemisphere's winter.	115)
	Answer: True Explanation:	False	
116)	Advection refers to verti	cal convection motions.	116)
	Answer: True © Explanation:	False	
117)	Water vapor accounts fo	or the majority of atmospheric warming in the lower troposphere.	117)
	Answer: True Explanation:	False	

118) Low sun angles are	e associated with longer atmospheric path lengths.	118)
Answer: <a>True <a>Explanation:	False	
119) The starting dates o	of climatological seasons are best defined by the solstices and equinoxes.	119)

ESSAY. Write your answer in the space provided or on a separate sheet of paper.

120) You are building a new home in a climate where there is a persistent snow cover for the 6 coldest months of the year. In order to improve your energy efficiency, should you choose light colored shingles or dark colored shingles? Justify your answer using appropriate terminology.

Answer: While students might jump to the answer of dark shingles in order to help the roof absorb sunlight and thus be warmer in the winter, when energy bills are likely to be higher, the key is to remember the persistent snow cover. In an area with persistent winter snow cover, most roofs have an albedo above 90% all winter long because they are covered with snow. This is particularly true of new construction that is completed with good insulation in the attic, preventing heat loss to the roof. Therefore, the shingle color is most likely to play a role in the energy balance of a home during the summer when it is actually visible and interacting with incoming solar radiation. In that case, the lighter shingle is the better choice, as its higher albedo will ensure that the roof reflects a greater percentage of incoming solar radiation and stays cooler as a result.

Answer Key Testname: C2

1) B

2) D

3) C

4) D

5) E

6) B 7) C

8) C

9) C 10) D

11) A

12) B

13) C 14) D

15) A

16) B

17) B

18) C

19) C

20) B

21) D

22) D

23) B

24) C

25) B

26) D

27) D

28) B

29) D

30) B

31) A

32) C

33) C

34) C

35) C

36) A 37) C

38) B

39) D

40) B

41) A

42) B

43) D 44) C

45) B

46) A

47) D 48) A

49) C

50) C

24

Answer Key Testname: C2

- 51) D 52) C
- 53) D
- 54) D
- 55) B
- 56) D
- 57) C
- 58) A
- 59) B
- 60) B
- 61) D
- 62) A
- 63) B
- 64) A
- 65) C
- 66) B
- 67) C
- 68) E
- 69) D
- 70) B
- 71) C
- 72) A
- 73) C
- 74) B
- 75) B
- 76) radiation
- 77) scattering
- 78) Temperature
- 79) albedo
- 80) visible light
- 81) transparency
- 82) conductor
- 83) scattering
- 84) diffused light
- 85) clouds
- 86) latitude
- 87) FALSE
- 88) TRUE
- 89) TRUE
- 90) TRUE
- 91) TRUE
- 92) FALSE
- 93) TRUE
- 94) TRUE
- 95) TRUE
- 96) FALSE
- 97) FALSE 98) TRUE
- 99) FALSE
- 100) TRUE

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Answer Key Testname: C2

- 101) FALSE
- 102) FALSE
- 103) FALSE
- 104) FALSE
- 105) FALSE
- 103) I ALSL
- 106) FALSE
- 107) FALSE
- 108) TRUE 109) FALSE
- 110) TRUE
- 111) TRUE
- 112) FALSE
- 113) TRUE
- 114) [1]
- 114) FALSE
- 115) TRUE
- 116) FALSE 117) TRUE
- 117) TRUE
- 119) FALSE
- 120) While students might jump to the answer of dark shingles in order to help the roof absorb sunlight and thus be warmer in the winter, when energy bills are likely to be higher, the key is to remember the persistent snow cover. In an area with persistent winter snow cover, most roofs have an albedo above 90% all winter long because they are covered with snow. This is particularly true of new construction that is completed with good insulation in the attic, preventing heat loss to the roof. Therefore, the shingle color is most likely to play a role in the energy balance of a home during the summer when it is actually visible and interacting with incoming solar radiation. In that case, the lighter shingle is the better choice, as its higher albedo will ensure that the roof reflects a greater percentage of incoming solar radiation and stays cooler as a result.