Assessing Students with Special Needs 5th Edition Venn Test Bank

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Instructor's Resource Manual and Test Bank for

Assessing Students with Special Needs Fifth Edition

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Instructors of classes using Venn's Assessing Students with Special Needs, may reproduce material from the instructor's resource manual and test bank for classroom use.

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Preface

This manual is intended to help instructors teach and evaluate student mastery of the material covered in *Assessing Students with Special Needs, Fifth Edition.* For each chapter there is an overview, a set of multiple-choice questions, a group of essay questions, and a series of learning activities for use during instruction. The manual is organized by chapter so that instructors may select and arrange items in any sequence. In most situations, instructors should avoid using all of the questions at once. Instead, they should select those items that reflect the teaching focus of their course. The author wishes to express appreciation to Janelle Venn for all

of the assistance she provided in developing this manual, to Peggy McBride for her assistance in reviewing the multiple choice questions, and to students in the author's assessment classes at the University of North Florida for their help in field testing the multiple choice questions.

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Chapter One

Defining and Describing the Assessment of Students with Special Needs

The first chapter introduces the key terms, concepts, and processes of assessment necessary for understanding the often complex testing and measuring topics associated with the appraisal of students with special needs. The chapter begins with a review and analysis of key terms. This is followed by a historical review that traces the development of testing students with disabilities. The review highlights the contributions of professionals from various disciplines in the evolution of assessment. Finally, the chapter describes legal mandates associated with testing students with disabilities and the professional standards that guide the assessment process.

Multiple Choice Questions

Directions: Read each question carefully and then select the response that is the best answer. Each question contains only one best answer.

____1. Which term refers to the process of making educational decisions?

A. assessment

B. measurement

C. testing

____2. Which assessment term is the broadest?

A. assessment

B. measurement

C. testing

____ 3. Which assessment term is the most specific?

A. assessment

B. measurement

C. testing

4. Which term refers to the type of assessment usually given once in a standard manner?

A. assessment

B. measurement

C. testing

5. The process of assessing students with special needs reflects the influence of

A. a number of disciplines and points of view

B. a single unifying point of view

C. legal considerations more than other factors

D. psychology more than other disciplines

6. Who developed the first intelligence test?

A. Binet

B. Kauffman

C. Sequin

D. Wechsler

7. Which assessment approach did B. F. Skinner originally develop?

- A. direct observation of behavior
- B. individual diagnosis and prescription
- C. testing large groups
- D. the developmental approach
- 8. What assessment approach did Gessell and Armatruda develop?
 - A. curriculum-based measurement
 - B. individual achievement testing
 - C. the behavioral approach
 - D. the developmental approach
- 9. What is the name of the first widely used group achievement test?
 - A. Army AlphaB. Iowa Test of Basic SkillsC. Stanford Achievement Test
 - 10. Which test, first published in 1949, has become the foremost intelligence test?
 - A. Army Alpha
 - B. Stanford-Binet Intelligence Scale
 - C. Wechsler Intelligence Scale for Children
- _____11. What is the age range of most developmental scales?
 - A. birth to four yearsB. birth to six yearsC. birth to eight yearsD. birth to ten years
 - 12. Who was the medical doctor who played a major role in developing the assessment concept of individual diagnosis and prescription?
 - A. B. F. SkinnerB. Edouard O. SeguinC. Jane MercerD. Lloyd Dunn

13. What longstanding critical issue did the System of Multipluralistic Assessment (SOMPA) address?

- A. assessment in inclusive settings
- B. bias in testing
- C. privacy of test results
- 14. What type of assessment is especially appealing to teachers because it directly links evaluation with instruction?
 - A. assessment in inclusive settings
 - B. curriculum-based assessment
 - C. individual achievement testing
 - D. nonbiased testing
- 15. Which ethical consideration requires test givers to follow procedures for giving instructions, setting time limits, and presenting items?
 - A. permission before testing
 - B. privacy of test results
 - C. standardized test administration

Essay Questions

Directions: Demonstrate your understanding of the material in this chapter by answering the following essay questions.

- 1. Compare and contrast the terms assessment, testing, and measurement. Why is assessment the broadest term? Why is testing the most specific term?
- 2. In your opinion, which two of the early historical landmarks (before 1950) have had most impact on procedures for assessing students with disabilities? Why are these two early landmarks so important?
- 3. In your opinion, which two of the more recent landmarks (after 1950) have had the most impact on procedures for assessing students with disabilities? Why are these two landmarks so important?
- 4. What are two of the most important legal or ethical considerations that impact assessment of students with disabilities? Why are these legal or ethical considerations so important?

Learning Activities

1. Have the students in the class interview each other about their positive and negative assessment experiences and give brief reports of the results of their interviews.

2. Have students interview a parent of a student with special needs or a teacher of students with disabilities. The interview should focus on testing and assessment experiences including the process of identifying and testing students who may qualify for and benefit from special education and related services. Have students share the results of their interviews in writing and in a class discussion.

3. Create flash cards using the key terms in Chapter 1 and have students practice learning the terms in small groups. The glossary terms for chapter 1 include assessment, measurement, and testing. Other important terms from chapter 1 include curriculum-based assessment and curriculum-based measurement.

4. Have students write responses to each of the reflections in Chapter 1 and then hold a general discussion in which students compare their answers.

Chapter Two

The Assessment Process

Chapter 2 describes the steps in the process of assessing students with special needs. The chapter begins with a discussion of screening followed by a description of the eligibility process for identifying students with disabilities. The relationship between IEPs and assessment is a special focus of the chapter. The IEP material includes information about IEP assessment requirements. The chapter also reviews assessment processes and procedures associated with instructional intervention and measuring progress. The chapter provides a foundation for the study of specific tests and appraisal procedures in later chapters.

Multiple Choice Questions

Directions: Read each question carefully and select the best answer. Each question contains only one best answer.

- 1. Which step in the assessment process answers the following question, "Does a problem exist that requires further assessment?"
 - A. determining eligibility
 - B. instructional intervention
 - C. measuring progress
 - D. screening
 - 2. Which step in the assessment process answers the following question, "What learning objectives are appropriate for the student?"
 - A. determining eligibility
 - B. instructional intervention
 - C. measuring progress
 - D. screening
- 3. Which step in the assessment process answers the following question, "Is the student achieving the IEP goals?"
 - A. determining eligibility
 - B. instructional intervention
 - C. measuring progress
 - D. screening
 - 4. Which step in the assessment process answers the following question, "Does the student have a disability?"
 - A. determining eligibility
 - B. instructional intervention
 - C. measuring progress
 - D. screening
 - 5. Which step in the assessment process is most closely associated with child study teams?
 - A. determining eligibility
 - B. instructional intervention
 - C. measuring progress
 - D. screening

- 6. Which of the following is the first step in the assessment process for students with special needs?
 - A. determining eligibility
 - B. instructional intervention
 - C. progress measuring
 - D. screening
- 7. Which of the following is the second step in the assessment process for students with special needs?
 - A. determining eligibility
 - B. instructional intervention
 - C. progress measuring
 - D. screening
- 8. Which of the following is the last step in the assessment process for students with special needs?
 - A. determining eligibility
 - B. instructional intervention
 - C. progress measuring
 - D. screening

9. What is another name for the test-teach-test-teach model?

- A. curriculum-based
- B. diagnostic-prescriptive
- C. instructional intervention
- 10. Which of the following guides instructional intervention and progress measuring for students with disabilities?
 - A. the child study teamB. the IEPC. the student's test scores
- _____11. What type tests are used in the process of conducing comprehensive assessment to determine if a student qualifies and can benefit from special education and related services?
 - A. group tests
 - B. individually-administered, diagnostic tests
 - C. individually and group-administered screening tests
 - D. individually-administered screening tests

- 12. Which step in the assessment process relies on brief tests, rating scales, checklists, and observation techniques?
 - A. determining eligibility
 - B. instructional intervention
 - C. measuring progress
 - D. screening
- 13. Which step in the assessment process relies heavily on informal, curriculumbased assessment and measurement?
 - A. determining eligibility
 - B. instructional intervention
 - C. measuring progress
 - D. screening

14. Which step involves initial development of an IEP for students?

- A. determining eligibility
- B. instructional intervention
- C. measuring progress
- D. screening

15. Which step involves identifying students who may have learning problems that require additional assessment?

- A. determining eligibility
- B. instructional intervention
- C. measuring progress
- D. screening

16. When Mrs. Bosque uses assessment information to develop objectives and establish learning priorities she is operating at which level of assessment?

- A. determining eligibility
- B. instructional intervention
- C. measuring progress
- D. screening

Essay Questions

Directions: Demonstrate your understanding of the material in this chapter by answering the following essay questions.

- 1. What is the diagnostic-prescriptive model of assessment, and how does it serve as the basis for developing IEPs. In your answer include a practical example to illustrate why the model may be described as the test-teach-test-teach method.
- 2. Compare and contrast the assessment instruments used in the screening stage of the assessment process with the assessment instruments used in the eligibility stage. What types of assessment instruments are used in each stage? How are they the same? How are they different? What are the limitations of the assessment instruments used in each stage?
- 3. Compare and contrast the assessment instruments used in the eligibility stage of the assessment process with the assessment instruments used in the instructional intervention stage. What types of assessment instruments are used in each stage? How are they the same? How are they different? What are the limitations of the assessment instruments used in each stage?
- 4. Measuring and evaluating student progress involves ongoing evaluation and periodic measurement of overall progress. Give examples of the types of assessment used to evaluate (a) student progress on daily lessons, (b) student progress over time, and (c) the general progress of individuals and groups of students.

Learning Activities

- 1. Obtain some sample IEPs and have students review them to identify the six IEP components listed in Table 2-3 and the assessment elements described in Table 2-4.
- 2. Invite a member of the local school district's assessment team to class to share information about one of the steps in the assessment process. For example, a school psychologist could answer questions about assessment in the determining eligibility process, a child find specialist could answer questions about preschool screening, or a leader of a child study team could respond to questions about universal screening.
- 3. Have students conduct an Internet search to obtain information about one of the elements in the Response to Intervention (RtI) Model: Universal Screening, Tier 1 Instruction, Tier 2 Intervention, and Tier 3 Intensive Intervention. Students may complete this activity individually or in small groups. If conducted as a group learning activity, have the groups present their findings to the class.

Answer Key

Chapter 1:

1. A

- 2. A
- 3. C
- 4. C
- 5. A
- 6. A 7. A
- 8. D
- 9. C
- 10. C
- 11. B
- 12. B
- 13. B
- 14. B
- 15. C

Chapter 2:

- 1. D
- 2. B
- 3. C
- 4. A
- 5. D
- 6. D
- 7. A

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- 8. C
- 9. B
- 10. B
- 11. B
- 12. D
- 13. B
- 14. A
- 15. D
- 16. B